



MatchPort® User Guide

- ◆ ***MatchPort b/g***
- ◆ ***MatchPort NR***

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Disclaimer

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- ◆ Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- ◆ Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- ◆ Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- ◆ Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This device is intended only for OEM Integrators. The OEM integrator should be aware of the following important issues.

Labeling of the End Product

The label of the end product integrating this module must clearly indicate that the end product contains an FCC approved RF module. The format of such statement could be "Contains Transmitter with FCC ID: R68MTCHDRCT" or something similar.

RSS-GEN Sections 7.1.4 and 7.1.5 Statement for Devices with Detachable Antennas

This device has been designed to operate with the antennas listed in the Certificate, and having a maximum gain of 5 dBi. Antennas not included in this list or having a gain greater than 5 dBi are strictly prohibited for use with this device. The required antenna impedance is 50 ohms.

To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) is not more than that required for successful communication.

Integration Note

- a) This module is authorized under limited module approval specified to mobile host equipment. So, the antenna must be installed such that 20cm is maintained between the antenna and users.
- b) The transmitter module may not be co-located with any other transmitter or antenna.

As long as the two conditions above are met, further transmitter testing will not be required. However, the OEM integrator is still responsible for testing their end product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed (for example, digital device emission, PC peripheral requirements, etc.)

Note: In the event that these conditions cannot be met (for example certain laptop configurations, general purpose PCMCIA or similar cards, or co-location with another transmitter), then the FCC authorization is no longer considered valid and the FCC ID cannot be used on the final product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate FCC authorization.

Note: Changes or modifications to this device not explicitly approved by Lantronix will void the user's authority to operate this device.

Revision History

Date	Rev	Comments
March 2007	A	Initial draft; firmware version 6.5.0.1
June 2007	B	Updated for firmware version 6.5.0.6 and minor corrections
June 2008	C	Updated for firmware version 6.6.0.0 and minor corrections
January 2010	D	Updated for firmware version 6.7.0.0 and minor corrections. Added new fields: Minimum TX Data Rate, Max TX Failures, and Automatic Host MAC Detection. Added Wireless Status (WS) command.
June 2010	E	Updated to include NR version and minor corrections.
January 2013	F	Updated for firmware version 6.8.0.2 and minor corrections.

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1: Using This Guide

Purpose and Audience

This guide provides the information needed to configure, use and update the MatchPort b/g and MatchPort NR. It is intended for software developers and system integrators who are embedding the unit(s) in their designs.

Chapter Summary

The remaining chapters in this guide include:

Chapter	Description
2: Introduction	Describes the main features of the MatchPort and the protocols it supports.
3: Using DeviceInstaller	Provides information for viewing the MatchPort's configuration using DeviceInstaller.
4: Configuration Using Web-Manager	Details configuration using the Web-Manager to set parameters such as port and server properties.
5: Configuration via Serial Mode or Telnet Port	Provides instructions for accessing Setup Mode (command line interface) using a Telnet connection through the network or a terminal or terminal emulation program through the serial port serial port 1). Details the parameters that you must configure.
6: Configurable Pins	Provides instructions for configuring the eight General Purpose I/O pins.
7: Monitor Mode	Provides instructions for accessing and using the command line interface for monitoring the network and diagnosing problems.
8: Updating Firmware	Provides instructions for obtaining the latest firmware and updating the MatchPort.
9: Wireless Bridging	Provides information on the MatchPort wireless-to-Ethernet bridging feature.
10: Troubleshooting	Describes common problems and error messages and provides information about the diagnostic LEDs. Also provides Lantronix Technical Support contact information.

Additional Documentation

Visit the Lantronix Web site at www.lantronix.com/support/documentation for the latest documentation and the following additional documentation.

- ◆ **MatchPort Demonstration Kit Quick Start Guide** - Briefly explains the basics of getting the MatchPort up and running.
- ◆ **MatchPort b/g Integration Guide or MatchPort NR Integration Guide** - Provides information about the MatchPort hardware and integrating the MatchPort into another product.

2: Introduction

MatchPort is an embedded device server that provides a network-enabling solution. This User Guide covers two MatchPort devices: MatchPort b/g, which is a wireless version based on the IEEE 802.11b/g wireless standard, and MatchPort NR, which is a wired (Ethernet) version. MatchPort allows Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs) to add network connectivity (wireless or wired) to their products by incorporating it onto a circuit board.

The MatchPort functions independently of a PC, providing a fully integrated solution that combines a processor, memory, Ethernet connection, and 921 Kbps (maximum) baud rate serial ports into a single compact module. It includes an operating system, an embedded Web server, and a full TCP/IP protocol stack. In addition, the MatchPort sends email alerts and supports numerous other network communication protocols, including ARP, UDP, TCP, ICMP, Telnet, AutoIP, DHCP, HTTP, SNMP, and SMTP. The MatchPort b/g unit provides an 802.11b/g transceiver as well.

For OEMs who wish to customize the user interface by employing common and familiar tools, the MatchPort serves applets to a Web browser, resulting in interactive Web pages. This customization of HTML Web pages and configuration screens tailors the MatchPort to fit unique requirements.

MatchPort b/g Specific

With the MatchPort b/g, Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP), Wireless Protected Access (WPA), and 802.11i/WPA2-Personal are available to guarantee the security of the wireless communication. WEP uses an RC4 encryption algorithm with a configured 64-bit or 104-bit key to scramble the data. WPA uses TKIP, which expands upon WEP by changing the key automatically every session, detecting intrusion and using improved authentication.

Lantronix's exclusive SmartRoam technology takes a proactive approach to transferring connectivity from one Access Point (AP) to another AP belonging to the same ESS (having the same SSID or Network Name). SmartRoam continuously tracks the signal strength of APs within range to smoothly and automatically transition to an AP with a stronger signal.

Two models of the MatchPort b/g are available: one with AES encryption and one without.

Capabilities

The MatchPort device server has the following capabilities:

- ◆ Communication between TCP and UDP to serial
- ◆ Two serial channels; up to 921 Kbps data rate
- ◆ Email notification of configurable alarms and events
- ◆ Upgradeable firmware
- ◆ SNMP monitoring
- ◆ Connection to devices through a TCP or UDP data channel to computers or to another device server
- ◆ Web server allowing presentation of custom content and easy configuration through the browser
- ◆ Contains eight programmable I/O pins used to monitor or control attached devices.

The MatchPort b/g has these additional wireless capabilities:

- ◆ Wireless interface (802.11b/g) with WEP, WPA, or 802.11i/WPA2-Personal protection
- ◆ Wired Ethernet-to-wireless bridging, allowing a host connected to the MatchPort b/g over a wired Ethernet interface to be accessible over a wireless network

Applications

The MatchPort device server connects serial devices such as those listed below to wireless and/or Ethernet networks using the IP protocol family.

- ◆ Remote sensing
- ◆ CNC controllers
- ◆ Data collection devices
- ◆ Telecommunications equipment
- ◆ Data display devices
- ◆ Security alarms and access control devices
- ◆ Time clocks and terminals

Protocol Support

The MatchPort device server uses the TCP/IP protocol stack for network communications. Other supported protocols include:

- ◆ ARP, UDP, TCP, ICMP, Telnet, TFTP, AutoIP, DHCP, HTTP, and SNMP for network communications and management.
- ◆ TCP, UDP, and Telnet for connections to the serial ports.
- ◆ TFTP for firmware and Web page updates.
- ◆ IP for addressing, routing, and data block handling over the network.
- ◆ User Datagram Protocol (UDP) for typical datagram applications in which devices interact with other devices without maintaining a point-to-point connection.
- ◆ SMTP for email transmission.

Configuration Methods

For the unit to operate correctly on a network, it must have a unique IP address on the network. There are three basic methods for logging into the device server:

DeviceInstaller: View the current MatchPort configuration using a Graphical User Interface (GUI) on a PC attached to a network. (See [3: Using DeviceInstaller](#).)

Web-Manager: Through a Web interface, configure the MatchPort and its settings. (See [4: Configuration Using Web-Manager](#).)

Serial & Telnet Ports: There are two approaches to accessing Serial Mode. Make a Telnet connection to the network port (9999) or connect a terminal (or a PC running a terminal emulation program) to serial port 1. (See [5: Configuration via Serial Mode or Telnet Port](#).)

Addresses and Port Numbers

Hardware Address

The hardware address is also referred to as the Ethernet address or the MAC address. The first three bytes of the Ethernet address are fixed and read 00-20-4A, identifying the unit as a Lantronix product. The fourth, fifth, and sixth bytes are unique numbers assigned to each unit.

Example: 00-20-4A-14-01-18

Note: Make note of the MAC address. It is needed to locate the MatchPort using DeviceInstaller.

IP Address

Every device connected to an IP network must have a unique IP address used to reference the specific unit. The MatchPort is automatically assigned an IP address on DHCP-enabled networks, as it is DHCP-enabled by default.

Port Numbers

Every TCP connection and every UDP datagram is defined by a destination IP address and a port number. For example, a Telnet application commonly uses port number 23. A port number is similar to an extension on a phone system.

The unit's serial channel (port) can be associated with a specific TCP/UDP port number. Port number 9999 is reserved for access to the unit's Setup (configuration) Mode window. Ports 0-1024 are reserved as well. For more information on reserved port numbers, refer to [Table 5-6. Reserved Port Numbers](#).

3: Using DeviceInstaller

This chapter covers the steps for viewing the MatchPort device server's properties and device details.

Note: *DeviceInstaller is a free utility program provided by Lantronix that discovers, configures, upgrades, and manages Lantronix Device Servers. It can be downloaded from the Lantronix website at www.lantronix.com/support/downloads.*

For instructions on using DeviceInstaller to configure the IP address and related settings or for more advanced features, see the DeviceInstaller Online Help.

The MatchPort's default configuration is BOOTP, DHCP, and AutoIP enabled. For the MatchPort b/g, additional default configurations are:

- ◆ Network name: LTRX_IBSS
- ◆ Ad hoc mode
- ◆ No security

The computer on which DeviceInstaller will be installed must be on the same local subnet or, for the MatchPort b/g, it needs to have access to a wireless card with the same settings. Set the IP address to 0.0.0.0.

Note: *AutoIP generates a random IP address in the range 169.254.0.1 to 169.254.255.254 if no BOOTP or DHCP server is found.*

Accessing the MatchPort Using DeviceInstaller

Note: *Make note of the MAC address. You will need it to locate the MatchPort using DeviceInstaller. For more information on the hardware address, see [Hardware Address](#).*

Follow the instructions in the MatchPort Demonstration Kit Quick Start to install and run DeviceInstaller. For the latest revision of the Quick Start, please check our online documentation at www.lantronix.com/support/downloads.

1. Click **Start**→**All Programs**→**Lantronix**→**DeviceInstaller 4.3**→**DeviceInstaller**.
2. Click the **MatchPort** folder. The list of Lantronix MatchPort devices available displays.
3. Expand the list of MatchPort units by clicking the + symbol next to the MatchPort icon. Select the MatchPort unit by clicking its IP address to view its configuration.

Viewing the MatchPort's Current Configuration

In the right window, click the **Device Details** tab. The current MatchPort configuration displays:

Name	Configurable field. Enter a name to identify the MatchPort. Double-click the field, type the value, and press Enter to complete. This name is not visible on other PCs or laptops using DeviceInstaller.
DHCP Device Name	Non-configurable field. Displays the name associated with MatchPort's current IP address, if the IP address was obtained dynamically. To change the DHCP device name, see 4: Configuration Using Web-Manager or 5: Configuration via Serial Mode or Telnet Port .
Group	Configurable field. Enter a group to categorize the MatchPort. Double-click the field, type in the value, and press Enter to complete. This group name is not visible on other PCs or laptops using DeviceInstaller.
Comments	Configurable field. Enter comments for the MatchPort. Double-click the field, type the comment, and press Enter to complete. This description or comment is not visible on other PCs or laptops using DeviceInstaller.
Device Family	Non-configurable field. Displays the MatchPort's device family type as MatchPort .
Type	Non-configurable field. Displays the device type as either MatchPort b/g or MatchPort NR .
ID	Non-configurable field. Displays the MatchPort's ID embedded within the box.
Hardware Address	Non-configurable field. Displays the MatchPort's hardware (MAC) address.
Firmware Version	Non-configurable field. Displays the firmware currently installed on the MatchPort.
Extended Firmware Version	Non-configurable field. Displays the full version nomenclature of the firmware.
Online Status	Non-configurable field. Displays the MatchPort's status as online, offline, unreachable (the MatchPort is on a different subnet), or busy (the MatchPort is currently performing a task).
IP Address	Non-configurable field. Displays the MatchPort's current IP address. To change the IP address, see 4: Configuration Using Web-Manager or 5: Configuration via Serial Mode or Telnet Port .
IP Address was Obtained	Non-configurable field. Indicates whether the current IP address on the MatchPort was set using static or DHCP.
Subnet Mask	Non-configurable field. Displays the MatchPort's current subnet mask. To change the subnet mask, see 4: Configuration Using Web-Manager or 5: Configuration via Serial Mode or Telnet Port .

Gateway	Non-configurable field. Displays the MatchPort's current gateway. To change the gateway, see 4: Configuration Using Web-Manager or 5: Configuration via Serial Mode or Telnet Port .
Number of COB partitions supported	Non-configurable field. Displays the number of COB partitions supported (19).
Number of Ports	Non-configurable field. Displays the number of ports on the MatchPort.
TCP Keepalive	Non-configurable field. Displays 1-65s , the MatchPort's TCP keepalive range. The default setting is 45 .
Telnet Supported	Non-configurable field. Displays True , indicating that the user can access the MatchPort by means of a Telnet session.
Telnet Port	Non-configurable field. Displays the MatchPort's port for Telnet sessions.
Web Port	Non-configurable field. Displays the MatchPort's port for Web-Manager configuration.
Maximum Baud Rate Supported	Non-configurable field. Displays the MatchPort's maximum baud rate. Note: The MatchPort may not currently be running at this rate.
Firmware Upgradeable	Non-configurable field. Displays True , indicating the MatchPort's firmware is upgradeable as newer versions become available.
Supports Configurable Pins	Non-configurable field. Displays True , indicating configurable pins are available on the MatchPort.
Supports Email Triggers	Non-configurable field. Displays True , indicating email triggers are available on the MatchPort.
Supports AES Data Stream	Non-configurable field. Displays True if the MatchPort unit supports AES encryption.
Supports 485	Non-configurable field. Displays True , indicating the MatchPort supports the RS-485 protocol.
Supports 921K Baud Rate	Non-configurable field. Displays True .
Supports Wired Ethernet*	Non-configurable field. Displays True . *MatchPort b/g only
Supports HTTP Server	Non-configurable field. Displays True .
Supports HTTP Setup	Non-configurable field. Displays True .
Supports 230K Baud Rate	Non-configurable field. Displays True .
Supports GPIO	Non-configurable field. Displays True , indicating MatchPort supports communication via General Purpose Input Output (GPIO).

4: Configuration Using Web-Manager

This chapter describes how to configure the MatchPort using Web-Manager, Lantronix's browser-based configuration tool. The unit's configuration is stored in nonvolatile memory and is retained without power. The unit performs a reset after the configuration is changed and stored.

Note: MatchPort devices are based on a standard release of Lantronix's CoBos operating system. Some CoBos products support both wired and wireless interfaces.

The MatchPort b/g supports both wired and wireless interfaces, so all the references and settings apply.

The MatchPort NR supports only wired Ethernet interfaces; so please ignore references and settings specific to a WLAN.

Accessing Web-Manager using DeviceInstaller

Note: For more information on DeviceInstaller, see [3: Using DeviceInstaller](#).

1. Run DeviceInstaller and search for the list of available Lantronix device servers.
2. Select the MatchPort unit by clicking its IP address.
3. In the right window, click the **Web Configuration** tab.
4. To view the MatchPort's Web-Manager in the current DeviceInstaller window, click **Go**. To open the Web-Manager in a Web browser, click **Use External Browser**. The Web-Manager opens.

Note: Alternatively, if the MatchPort is connected to the network, access Web-Manager by entering its IP address in a Web browser.

A user and password dialog box displays. By default, no username and password are configured.

Figure 4-1. Web-Manager Login Window



5. Do one of the following:

- ◆ If no Telnet password has been defined (default), leave both fields blank and click **OK**.
- ◆ If a Telnet password has been defined, leave the username blank, type in the password, and then click **OK**.

The Web-Manager displays. The main menu is in the left pane of the Web-Manager page.

Note: The main menu for the MatchPort NR does not display a WLAN option.

Figure 4-2. Web-Manager



Network Configuration

The unit's network values display when you select **Network** from the main menu. The following sections describe the configurable parameters within the Network configuration menu.

Note: The IP address is assigned via DHCP (on DHCP-enabled networks). Assign a static IP address if preferred.

The following figure is for example purposes only. The actual Network Settings page will vary by MatchPort type (b/g or NR).

Figure 4-3. Network Settings – IP Configuration

Firmware Version: V6.8.0.2
MAC Address: 00-20-4A-9E-1D-6B

Network Settings

Network Mode: Wireless Only

IP Configuration

Obtain IP address automatically
 Auto Configuration Methods

BOOTP: Enable Disable
DHCP: Enable Disable
AutolP: Enable Disable

DHCP Host Name: []

Use the following IP configuration:

IP Address: 172.19.205.55
Subnet Mask: 0.0.0.0
Default Gateway: 0.0.0.0
DNS Server: 0.0.0.0

Ethernet Configuration

Auto Negotiate

Speed: 100 Mbps 10 Mbps
Duplex: Full Half

OK

Network Mode Configuration

Note: The network mode for the MatchPort NR has a default setting of **Wired Only** and cannot be modified.

To determine the MatchPort's network mode:

1. Click **Network** from the main menu.

2. Modify the following:

Network Mode	<p>MatchPort b/g</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Select Wireless Only to enable only the wireless network connectivity for the MatchPort. • Select Wired Only to enable only the Ethernet network connectivity. • Select Bridging (Single Host) to enable Ethernet –to–wireless bridging on the MatchPort. (For more information on bridging, see 9: Wireless Bridging.) <p>MatchPort NR</p> <p>The only option available is Wired Only. This option cannot be modified.</p>
---------------------	--

3. When you are finished, click the **OK** button.
4. On the main menu, click **Apply Settings**.

Automatic IP Address Configuration

To assign an IP address and its network configuration automatically:

1. Click **Network** from the main menu.
2. Select **Obtain IP address automatically**.
3. Enter the following (as necessary):

BOOTP	Select Enable to permit the Bootstrap Protocol (BOOTP). The BOOTP server automatically assigns the IP address from a pool of addresses.
DHCP	Select Enable to permit Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP). DHCP automatically assigns a leased IP address to the MatchPort unit.
AutoIP	The MatchPort generates an IP in the 169.254.x.x address range with a Class B subnet. Select the Enable checkbox to enable this feature.
DHCP Host Name	Enter the name of the host on the network providing the IP address.

Note: We do not advise disabling BOOTP, DHCP, and Auto-IP (all three checkboxes) as the only available IP assignment method will then be ARP or serial port.

4. When you are finished, click the **OK** button.
5. On the main menu, click **Apply Settings**.

Static IP Address Configuration

To assign an IP address and its network configuration manually:

1. Click **Network** from the main menu.
2. Select **Use the following IP configuration**.
3. Enter the following (as necessary):

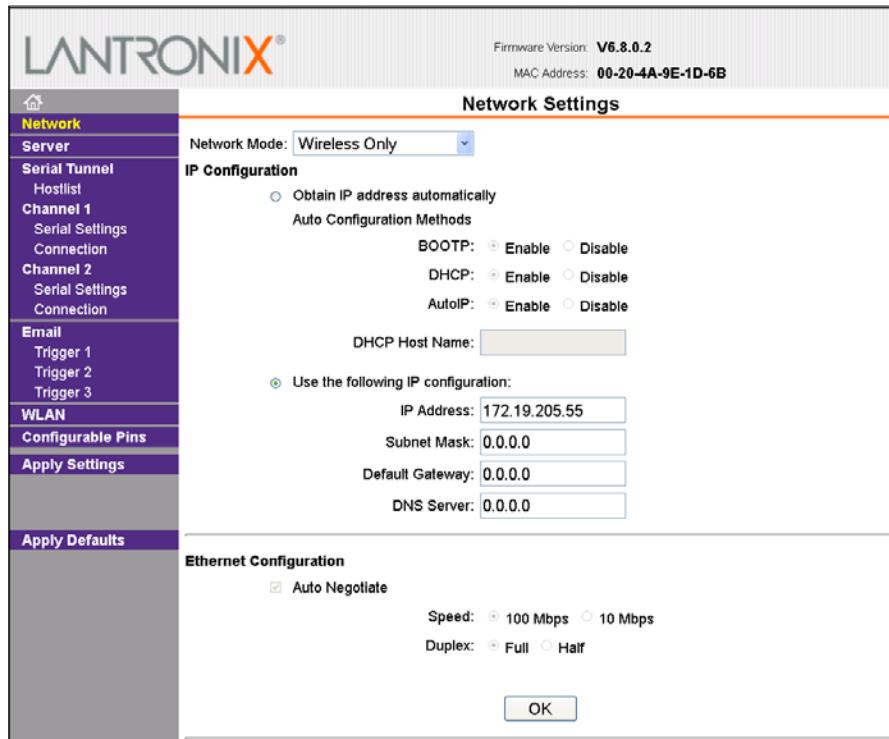
IP Address	If DHCP is not used to assign IP addresses, enter it manually in standard decimal-dot notation. The IP address must be set to a unique value in the network.
Subnet Mask	A subnet mask defines the number of bits taken from the IP address that are assigned for the host part.
Default Gateway	The gateway address, or router, allows communication to other LAN segments. The gateway address should be the IP address of the router connected to the same LAN segment as the unit. The gateway address must be within the local network.
DNS Server	The DNS server allows the name of a remote machine to be resolved automatically. Enter the IP address of the DNS server. If the device is DHCP enabled, the DHCP server provides the DNS server IP address, which will override this configured value. Note: This setting is applicable only in Manual Connection mode.

4. When you are finished, click the **OK** button.
5. On the main menu, click **Apply Settings**.

Ethernet Configuration

If the **Network Mode** is **Wired Only**, in addition to the IP configuration, you must specify the speed and direction of data transmission.

Figure 4-4. Ethernet Settings (Wired Only)



To specify how data will be transmitted:

1. Enter the following (as necessary):

Auto Negotiate	With this option, the Ethernet port auto-negotiates the speed and duplex with the hardware endpoint to which it is connected. This is the default setting. If this option is not selected, complete the fields that become available: Speed: The speed of data transmission. The default setting is 100 Mbps . Duplex: The direction of data transmission. The default setting is Full .
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2. When you are finished, click the **OK** button.
3. On the main menu, click **Apply Settings**.

Server Configuration

The unit's server values display when you select **Server** from the main menu. The following sections describe the configurable parameters within the Server configuration menu.

Figure 4-5. Server Settings

The screenshot shows the 'Server Settings' page of the LANTRONIX Web-Manager. At the top, it displays 'Firmware Version: V6.8.0.2' and 'MAC Address: 00-20-4A-9E-1D-6B'. The left sidebar has a 'Server' section selected, showing options like Serial Tunnel, Hostlist, Channel 1, Channel 2, Email, WLAN, Configurable Pins, Apply Settings, and Apply Defaults. The main right panel is titled 'Server Configuration' and contains the following fields:

- Enhanced Password:** Radio buttons for 'Enable' (selected) and 'Disable'.
- Telnet/Web Manager Password:** Input field for the password.
- Relype Password:** Input field for the password.
- Advanced:**
 - ARP Cache Timeout (secs):** Input field set to 600.
 - TCP Keepalive (secs):** Input field set to 45.
 - Monitor Mode @ Bootup:** Radio buttons for 'Enable' (selected) and 'Disable'.
 - CPU Performance Mode:** Radio buttons for 'Low' (selected), 'Regular', and 'High'.
 - HTTP Server Port:** Input field set to 80.
 - Config Server Port:** Input field set to 30718.
 - MTU Size:** Input field set to 1400.
 - TCP Re-transmission timeout (ms):** Input field set to 500.

At the bottom right is an 'OK' button.

To configure the MatchPort's device server settings:

1. On the main menu, click **Server** to open the Server Settings page.
2. Configure or modify the following fields:

Server Configuration

Enhanced Password	Select whether to enable enhanced password: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enable: selecting this option enables advanced password creation, allowing you to create passwords up to 16 bytes in length. • Disable: selecting this option disables advanced password creation, allowing you to create basic passwords up to 4 bytes in length.
Telnet/Web Manager Password	Enter the password required for Telnet configuration and Web Manager access.
Retype Password	Re-enter the password required for Telnet configuration and Web Manager access.

Advanced

ARP Cache Timeout (secs)	When the unit communicates with another device on the network, it adds an entry into its ARP table. ARP Cache timeout defines the number of seconds (1-600) before it
---------------------------------	---

	refreshes this table.
TCP Keepalive (secs)	TCP keepalive time defines how many seconds the unit waits during an inactive connection before checking the connection status. If the unit does not receive a response, it drops that connection. Enter a value between 0 and 65 seconds. 0 disables keepalive.
Monitor Mode @ Bootup	Select Disable to disable the entry into the monitor mode via the yyy or xx1 key sequence at startup. This command prevents the unit from entering monitor mode by interpreting the stream of characters that are received during the device server's initialization at startup.
CPU Performance Mode	Select the MatchPort's performance mode. Higher performance settings require more energy. Low is 26 Mhz; Regular is 48 Mhz; High is 88 Mhz. The default is Regular .
HTTP Server Port	This option allows the configuration of the Web server port number. The valid range is 1-65535 . The default HTTP server port number is 80 .
Config Server Port	Allows for the configuration of the 0x77FE server port number. Enter a number between 1 and 65535. The 0x77FE port is used in bridging mode to discover Lantronix device servers behind a bridge. The default 0x77FE server port number is 30718 .
MTU Size	The Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) is the largest physical packet size a network can transmit for TCP and UDP. Enter between 512 and 1400 bytes. The default is 1400 bytes.
TCP Re-transmission timeout (ms)	The desired TCP re-transmission timeout value. If the ACK is not received for a packet sent from the UDS device, then the unit will retransmit the data. The valid range is 500-4000 msec.

4. When you are finished, click the **OK** button.
5. On the main menu, click **Apply Settings**.

Host List Configuration

The MatchPort scrolls through the host list until it connects to a device listed in the host list table. After a successful connection, the unit stops trying to connect to any others. If this connection fails, the unit continues to scroll through the table until the next successful connection.

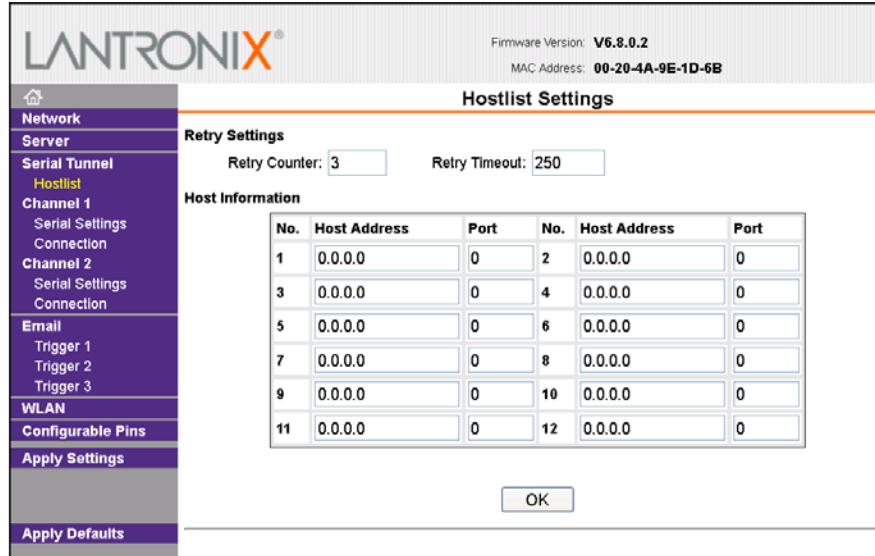
The host list supports a minimum of 1 and a maximum of 12 entries. Each entry contains an IP address and a port number.

Note: The host list is disabled for Manual and Modem Mode. The unit does not accept a data connection from a remote device when the hostlist option is enabled.

To configure the MatchPort's host list:

1. On the main menu, click the **Hostlist** tab to open the Hostlist Settings page.

Figure 4-6. Hostlist Settings



- Enter or modify the following fields from the Hostlist Settings page:

Retry Settings

Retry Counter	Enter the value for the number of times the MatchPort should attempt to retry connecting to the host list.
Retry Timeout	Enter the duration (in seconds) the MatchPort should abandon attempting a connection to the host list.

Host Information

Host Address	Enter or modify the host's IP address.
Port	Enter the target port number.

- When you are finished, click the **OK** button.
- On the main menu, click **Apply Settings**.

Channel 1 and Channel 2 Configuration

Channel 1 and Channel 2 configurations define how the serial ports respond to network and serial communication.

Serial Settings

To configure a channel's serial settings:

- From the main menu, click **Serial Settings** for either Channel 1 or Channel 2 to display the Serial Settings page for the selected channel.

Figure 4-7. Channel Serial Settings

The screenshot shows the 'Serial Settings' page for 'Channel 1'. The left sidebar has a purple background with white text, showing navigation links like Network, Server, Serial Tunnel, Channel 1 (selected), Serial Settings, Connection, Channel 2, Serial Settings, Connection, Email, WLAN, Configurable Pins, Apply Settings, and Apply Defaults. The main content area has a white background with black text. At the top right, it says 'Firmware Version: V6.8.0.2' and 'MAC Address: 00-20-4A-9E-1D-6B'. Below that, the title 'Serial Settings' is underlined. The 'Channel 1' section contains several configuration groups: 'Port Settings' (Protocol: RS232, Baud Rate: 9600, Data Bits: 8, Parity: None, Stop Bits: 1), 'Pack Control' (Enable Packing, Idle Gap Time: 12 msec, Match 2 Byte Sequence: Yes/No, Send Frame Immediate: Yes/No, Match Bytes: 0x00 0x00 (Hex), Send Trailing Bytes: None/One/Two), and 'Flush Mode' (Flush Input Buffer, With Active Connect: Yes/No, With Passive Connect: Yes/No, At Time of Disconnect: Yes/No, and similar settings for the output buffer). An 'OK' button is at the bottom right.

- In the available fields, enter the following information:

Channel 1

Disable Serial Port	Available on Channel 2 settings only. When selected, disables communication through the serial port.
----------------------------	--

Port Settings

Protocol	From the drop-down menu, select the protocol type for the selected channel. The default setting is RS232.
Flow Control	Flow control manages data flow between devices in a network to ensure it is processed efficiently. Too much data arriving before a device is prepared to manage it causes lost or

	retransmitted data. See Table 5-5. Flow Control Options for available flow control options.
Baud Rate	The unit and attached serial device, such as a modem, must agree on a speed or baud rate to use for the serial connection. Valid baud rates are 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 (default), 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400, 460800, and 921000.
Data Bits	Indicates the number of bits in a transmitted data package. The default is 8.
Parity	Checks for the parity bit. The default is None .
Stop Bits	The stop bit follows the data and parity bits in serial communication. It indicates the end of transmission. The default is 1

Pack Control

Enable Packing	Select the checkbox to enable packing on the MatchPort. Two firmware-selectable packing algorithms define how and when packets are sent to the network. The standard algorithm is optimized for applications in which the unit is used in a local environment, allowing for very small delays for single characters, while keeping the packet count low. The alternate packing algorithm minimizes the packet count on the network and is especially useful in applications in a routed Wide Area Network (WAN). Adjusting parameters in this mode can economize the network data stream.
Idle Gap Time	Select the maximum time for inactivity. The default time is 12 milliseconds.
Match 2 Byte Sequence	Use to indicate the end of a series of data to be sent as one group. Two bytes must occur sequentially to indicate to the MatchPort the end of the data collection.
Send Frame Immediately	After the detection of the byte sequence, indicates whether to send the data frame or the entire buffer. Select Yes to send only the data frame. The default setting is No .
Match Bytes	Use to indicate the end of a series of data to be sent as one group. Set this value to 00 if specific functions are not needed.
Send Trailing Bytes	Select the number of bytes to send after the end-of-sequence characters.

Flush Input Buffer (Serial to Network)

With Active Connect	Select Yes to clear the input buffer with a connection that is initiated from the device to the network.
With Passive Connect	Select Yes to clear the input buffer with a connection initiated from the network to the device.
At Time of Disconnect	Select Yes to clear the input buffer when the network connection to or from the device is disconnected.

Flush Output Buffer (Network to Serial)

With Active Connect	Select Yes to clear the output buffer with a connection that is initiated from the device to the network.
With Passive Connect	Select Yes to clear the output buffer with a connection initiated from the network to the device.
At Time of Disconnect	Select Yes to clear the output buffer when the network connection to or from the device is disconnected.

Connection Settings - TCP

To configure a channel's TCP settings:

1. On the main menu, click **Connection** to open the Connection Settings page for the channel.
2. In the available fields, enter the following information:

Connect Protocol

Protocol	Select TCP from the drop-down list.
-----------------	--

Figure 4-8. TCP Connection Settings

The screenshot shows the 'Connection Settings' page for 'Channel 1'. The left sidebar lists navigation options like Network, Server, Serial Tunnel, Email, WLAN, and Apply Settings. The main area has a header 'Firmware Version: V6.8.0.2' and 'MAC Address: 00-20-4A-9E-1D-6B'. The 'Connect Protocol' section shows 'Protocol: TCP'. The 'Connect Mode' section includes 'Passive Connection' (Accept Incoming: Yes) and 'Active Connection' (Active Connect: None). The 'Endpoint Configuration' section shows Local Port: 10001 and Remote Port: 0. The 'Common Options' section includes Telnet Com Port Cntrl: Disable, Connect Response: None, Terminal Name: (empty), Use Hostlist: No, and LED: Blink. The 'Disconnect Mode' section includes On Modem Ctrl In Drop: No, Hard Disconnect: Yes, Check EOT(Ctrl-D): No, Inactivity Timeout: 0 : 0 (mins:secs), and an OK button.

Connect Mode: Passive Connection

Accept Incoming	Select Yes to accept incoming connections.
Password Required	Determines whether a password is required for an incoming passive connection. Not available when a password is set for Telnet mode.
Password	If Password Required was set to Yes , enter the password for passive connections.

Connect Mode: Active Connection

Active Connect	Select None to disable Active Connect . Otherwise, indicate the connection type from the drop-down list: With Any Character: Attempts to connect when any character is received from the serial port. With Active Mdm Ctrl In: Accepts external connection requests only when the Modem Control In input is asserted. With Start Character: Attempts to connect when it receives a specific start character from the serial port. The default start character is carriage return. Manual Connection: Attempts to connect when directed by a command string received from the serial port. Auto Start: Automatically connects to the remote IP address and port after booting up.
Start Character	If Active Connect is set to With Start Character , enter the start character in this field.
Modem Mode	Indicates the on-screen response type when in Modem Mode (if Modem Mode is enabled).
Modem Escape Sequence Pass Through	Disable or enable the MatchPort's ability to send the escape sequence. The default is Y (Yes) (send the escape sequence).
Show IP Address After Ring	Indicates whether to display the remote IP address upon connection. The default setting is Yes .

Endpoint Configuration

Local Port	Enter the local port number.
Auto increment for active connect	Select to auto-increment the local port number for new outgoing connections. The range of auto-incremented port numbers is 50,000 to 59,999 and loops back to the beginning when it reaches the maximum range.
Remote Port	Enter the remote port number.
Remote Host	Enter the IP address of the remote device.

3. When you are finished, click the **OK** button.
4. On the main menu, click **Apply Settings**.

Common Options

Telnet Com Port Cntrl	Available for configuration only when Active Connect is set to None . Select Enable to permit Telnet communication to the MatchPort unit. The Telnet Com Port Cntrl feature is used in conjunction with the Com Port Redirector (CPR) utility. (See the CPR online Help for details.)
Connect Response	A single character is transmitted to the serial port when there is a change in connection state. Default setting is None .
Terminal Name	Available for configuration only when Telnet Com Port Cntrl is set to Enable . Use the terminal name for the Telnet terminal type. Enter only one name. When this option is enabled, the unit also reacts to the end of record (EOR) and binary options, which can be used for applications such as terminal emulation to IBM hosts.
Use Hostlist	If this option is set to True , the device server scrolls through the host list until it connects to a device listed in the host list table. Once it connects, the unit stops trying to connect to any others. If this connection fails, the unit continues to scroll through the table until it is able to connect to another IP in the host list. The host list is disabled for Manual and Modem Modes. The unit will not accept a data connection from a remote device when the host list option is enabled. For information on configuring the host list, see Host List Configuration .
LED	Select Blink for the status LEDs to blink upon connection, or select None for no LED output.

Disconnect Mode

On Mdm_Ctrl_In Drop	Set to Yes for the network connection to or from the serial port to disconnect (drop) when Modem Control In transitions from an asserted state to not asserted state. The default setting is No .
Hard Disconnect	When set to Yes , the TCP connection closes even if the remote site does not acknowledge the disconnect request.
Check EOT (Ctrl+D)	Choose Yes to drop the connection when Ctrl+D or Hex 04 is detected. Both Telnet Com Port Cntrl and Disconnect with EOT must be enabled for Disconnect with EOT to function properly. Ctrl+D is only detected going from the serial port to the network.
Inactivity Timeout	Use this parameter to set an inactivity timeout. The unit drops the connection if there is no activity on the serial line before the set time expires. Enter time in the format mm:ss, where m is the number of minutes, and s is the number of seconds. To disable the inactivity timeout, enter 00:00 .

Connection Settings - UDP

To configure a channel's UDP settings:

1. On the main menu, click **Connection** for either Channel 1 or Channel 2 to open the Connection Settings page for the selected channel.
2. In the available fields, enter the following information:

Connect Protocol

Protocol	Select UDP from the drop-down list.
-----------------	--

Figure 4-9. UDP Connection Settings

Firmware Version: V6.8.0.2
MAC Address: 00-20-4A-9E-1D-6B

Connection Settings

Channel 1

Connect Protocol

Protocol: **UDP**

Datagram Mode:

Datagram Type: **00** Accept Incoming: **Yes**

Endpoint Configuration:

Local Port: **10001** Remote Port: **0**
Remote Host: **0.0.0.0** Use Broadcast

Device Address Table:

No.	Dev Addr						
0	0	1	0	2	0	3	0
4	0	5	0	6	0	7	0
8	0	9	0	10	0	11	0
12	0	13	0	14	0	15	0

OK

Datagram Mode

Datagram Type	Configures the remote IP or network broadcast address and the remote port. Enter 01 for directed or broadcast UDP.
Accept Incoming	Select Yes to accept incoming UDP datagrams. Other options are No and With Active Mdm Ctrl In .

Endpoint Configuration

Local Port	Enter the local port number.
Remote Port	Enter the port number of the remote device.
Remote Host	Enter the IP address of the remote device.
Use Broadcast	Select to broadcast the UDP datagram. Datagrams of type 01 can be sent as a broadcast by enabling this option. The default is not to broadcast. Note: Datagrams are sent as subnet-directed broadcasts.
Device Address Table	This table is enabled when Datagram Type is set to FD . Enter values in the range 1-255 to identify units on the local network of device servers. Note: Lantronix Tech Support supports Datagram type 01 . Datagram type FD is for OEM use.

3. When you are finished, click the **OK** button.
4. On the main menu, click **Apply Settings**.

Email Configuration

The unit sends an email to multiple recipients when a specific trigger event occurs. There are three separate triggers, based on any combination of the configurable pins when selected as user I/O functions. Optionally, use a two-byte serial string to initiate a trigger. Each trigger is independent of the others. Each condition within an individual trigger must be met before the unit will send the email.

To configure the MatchPort's email settings:

1. On the main menu, click **Email** to open the Email Settings page.

Figure 4-10. Email Settings

Firmware Version: V6.8.0.2
MAC Address: 00-20-4A-9E-1D-6B

Email Settings

Server IP Address: <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	Server Port: <input type="text" value="25"/>
Domain Name: <input type="text"/>	Unit Name: <input type="text"/>
Recipients	
Recipient 1: Email Address: <input type="text"/>	Recipient 2: Email Address: <input type="text"/>

Email

- Trigger 1
- Trigger 2
- Trigger 3

WLAN

Configurable Pins

Apply Settings

Apply Defaults

2. Configure the following fields:

Server IP Address	Enter the IP address of the mail server.
Server Port	Enter the port number on the email server.
Domain Name	Enter the email server's domain name.
Unit Name	Enter the username used by the MatchPort to send email messages. Note: Do not use spaces in the name.

Recipients

Recipient 1: Email Address	Enter the email address designated to receive email notifications.
Recipient 2: Email Address	Enter an additional email address designated to receive email notifications.

3. When you are finished, click the **OK** button.
4. On the main menu, click **Apply Settings**.

Trigger Configuration

A trigger event occurs when the unit receives either one or two bytes of a specified sequence on the serial port, or because of a specified combination of conditions on the configurable pins.

Set the configurable pins to **Active**, **Inactive**, or **None**. The configurable pins are disabled if they are all set to none. If both the serial sequence and the configurable pins are disabled, the trigger is disabled.

To configure the MatchPort's email trigger settings:

1. On the main menu, click **Trigger 1**, **Trigger 2**, or **Trigger 3** to configure the desired Trigger settings. The Email Trigger Settings page opens.

Figure 4-11. Email Trigger Settings

The screenshot shows the 'Email Trigger Settings' page for 'Trigger 1'. The left sidebar has a purple navigation bar with options like Home, Network, Server, Serial Tunnel, Channel 1, Channel 2, Email, WLAN, Configurable Pins, Apply Settings, and Apply Defaults. The 'Email' section is currently selected. The main content area has a header 'Email Trigger Settings' and a sub-header 'Trigger 1'. Under 'Conditions', there is a section for 'Configurable Pins' with dropdown menus for 'Trigger Input 1', 'Trigger Input 2', and 'Trigger Input 3', all set to 'None'. To the right, under 'Serial Trigger', there is a checkbox 'Enable Serial Trigger Input' which is checked, followed by a dropdown 'Channel' set to 'Channel 1', a dropdown 'Data Size' set to 'Two Bytes', and a text input 'Match Data' containing '0x00 0x00' with '(in Hex)' next to it. Below these, there is a section for 'Message Properties' with fields for 'Message' (text input), 'Priority' (dropdown set to 'Low'), 'Min. Notification Interval' (text input '1' with '(secs)'), 'Re-notification Interval' (text input '0' with '(secs)'), and an 'OK' button at the bottom.

-
2. Configure the following fields:

Conditions

Configurable Pins	Select the condition from the drop-down list for the configurable pins. Repeat for each Trigger Input field.
--------------------------	---

Serial Trigger

Enable Serial Trigger Input	When selected, specified serial communications count as a trigger input.
Channel	Select the channel prompting the trigger.
Data Size	Select the data size prompting the trigger.
Match Data	Enter the data that, when it appears in the communication stream, prompts a trigger.

Note: All of the conditions must match to send an email notification.

Message Properties

Message	The subject line of the trigger event email to the specified recipient(s).
Priority	The priority level for the email.
Min. Notification Interval	The notification interval is the minimum time allowed between individual triggers. If a trigger event occurs within the minimum interval since the last trigger, it is ignored.
Re-notification Interval	Indicates the time interval in which a new email message is sent to the recipient(s) when a single trigger event remains active.

3. When you are finished, click the **OK** button.
 4. On the main menu, click **Apply Settings**.

WLAN Configuration (MatchPort b/g Only)

Without adequate protection, a wireless LAN is susceptible to access by unauthorized users.

Note: Due to regulations, the country-specific setting has been removed from the setup menu and Web-Manager. However, we provide a separate utility for changing the **Country/Zone** setting. The utility is called SetZone and is included in the MatchPort package. It is also available for download from the Lantronix Web site.

The syntax is **SetZone <IP address> [<zone abbreviation>]**

Leaving the zone blank causes the utility to report the current setting only. Following are valid zone abbreviations. These settings are consistent with IEEE802.11b/g zones:

US=United States

CA=Canada

FR=France

SP=Spain

JP=Japan

OT=Others, such as Europe (excluding France), Asia, Africa, and Australia

To configure the MatchPort's WLAN settings:

1. On the main menu, click **WLAN** to open the WLAN Settings page.

Figure 4-12. WLAN Settings

Firmware Version: V6.8.0.2
MAC Address: 00-20-4A-9E-1D-6B

WLAN Settings

Wireless Network Configuration

Network Name (SSID): **wpa2_ruckus**

Network Type: Infrastructure Ad Hoc

Channel: **Channel 11**

Wireless Network Security

Security: **802.11i/WPA2**

Authentication: **Pre-Shared Key (PSK)**

Encryption: **TKIP**

Key Type: Hex Passphrase

Key: **[REDACTED]**

Retype Key: **[REDACTED]**

Advanced Settings

TX Data rate: **54 Mbps** Auto fallback

Min TX Data rate: **1 Mbps**

Max TX Failures: **6**

Radio Power Management: Enable Disable

AP Roaming: Enable Disable

OK

2. Enter or modify the following fields:

Wireless Network Configuration

Network Name (SSID)	Enter the name of the wireless network (SSID). The MatchPort connects to this wireless network.
Network Type	Select Infrastructure or Ad-Hoc . Infrastructure mode communicates with Access Points. Adhoc mode communicates only with other clients.
Channel	Configurable only when Network Type is set to Ad-Hoc . Select from the drop-down list the radio channel for the Ad Hoc network. The default value is 11 .

Wireless Network Security

Security	As a security measure, enable WEP , WPA , or 802.11i/WPA2-Personal on the MatchPort. By default, wireless security is disabled on MatchPort.
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WEP Options

Authentication	Select an authentication scheme (Open/None or Shared) from the drop-down list.
Encryption	Select the encryption type (64 bits or 128 bits for WEP) from the drop-down list. 64 bits is the default encryption for WEP.
Key Type	Select the key type (Hex or Passphrase).
Key and Retype Key	Enter the Encryption Key in hexadecimal value if Hex is selected as the key type. Enter key as a string if Passphrase is selected as the key type. Passphrase input is not the same as ASCII input. A passphrase of more than 20 characters is recommended for adequate security. Spaces and punctuation are permitted.
TX Key	Select the key to use for transmission.

WPA Options

Authentication	Select Pre-Shared Keys from the drop-down list.
Encryption	Select the encryption type from the drop-down list. TKIP is the default encryption for WPA.
Key Type	Select the key type (Hex or Passphrase).
Key and Retype Key	Enter the Encryption Key in hexadecimal value if the key type is Hex . Enter key as a string if the key type is Passphrase . Passphrase input is not the same as ASCII input. A passphrase of more than 20 characters is recommended. Spaces and punctuation characters are permitted.

802.11i/WPA2-Personal Options

Authentication	Select Pre-Shared Keys from the drop-down list.
Encryption	Select the encryption type from the drop-down list. CCMP is the default encryption for WPA2.
Key Type	Select the key type (Hex or Passphrase).
Key and Retype Key	Enter the Encryption Key in hexadecimal value if the key type is Hex . Enter the key as a string if the key type is Passphrase . Passphrase input is not the same as ASCII input. A passphrase of more than 20 characters is recommended. Spaces and punctuation characters are permitted.

Advanced Settings

TX Data Rate	MatchPort permits the control of the transmission data rate. Click the Auto fallback check box to allow the MatchPort to set the data rate automatically (or leave unchecked to set the transmission rate manually). The default rate is 54 Mbps . If the Auto fallback check box is selected, choose the maximum data rate from the drop-down list. If the Auto fallback check box was not selected, select the fixed data rate (in Mbps) from the drop-down list.
Min TX Data Rate	Selects the minimum data rate the device will use when auto-fallback is enabled. The default is 1 Mbps . Note: If Auto Rate Fallback is enabled and a minimum TX data rate other than 1Mbps is configured, the radio will operate in Single Rate Drop mode. This means that if a rate drop becomes necessary, the radio will drop from the maximum rate to the lowest rate, ignoring all rates in between. This reduces the potential number of packet retransmission attempts, because the radio attempts to transmit a packet three times before transitioning to the next lowest TX rate.
Max TX Failures	Determines the maximum number of consecutive transmit packet failures before the device will drop its association with the AP and attempt to establish a new one. The range of attempts is 6 to 64 with 255 equaling disabled. The default is 6 failed attempts.
Radio Power Management	Power management reduces the overall power consumption of the MatchPort unit. Selecting Enable increases the response time. Power management is not permitted in Ad-Hoc mode.

AP Roaming	<p>SmartRoam technology takes a proactive approach in transferring connectivity from one AP to another AP belonging to the same ESS (having the same SSID or Network Name).</p> <p>If enabled, SmartRoam manages the dynamic list of APs belonging to the same network as the AP to which the MatchPort b/g is currently associated and stores relevant selection criteria for this list. The MatchPort b/g uses these criteria to identify a candidate AP. If the candidate AP is not the current one, the MatchPort b/g dissociates from the current one and associates to the candidate.</p> <p>The roaming technology also triggers candidate selection if the MatchPort b/g reaches the boundaries of good signal coverage for the current AP instead of waiting until signal quality degrades substantially.</p>
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3. When you are finished, click the **OK** button.
4. On the main menu, click **Apply Settings**.

Configurable Pin Settings

There are eight configurable hardware pins on the MatchPort unit. For each pin, configure the pin function, communication direction, and its activity level. For more information, see [Configurable Pins](#).

To configure the MatchPort's OEM Configurable Pins:

1. On the main menu, click **Configurable Pins** to open the Configurable Pins page.

Figure 4-13. Configurable Pins Settings

Configurable Pin Settings				
CP	Function	Direction	Trigger Input	Active Level
1	General Purpose I/O	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Input <input type="radio"/> Output	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Low <input type="radio"/> High
2	General Purpose I/O	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Input <input type="radio"/> Output	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Low <input type="radio"/> High
3	General Purpose I/O	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Input <input type="radio"/> Output	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Low <input type="radio"/> High
4	General Purpose I/O	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Input <input type="radio"/> Output	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Low <input type="radio"/> High
5	General Purpose I/O	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Input <input type="radio"/> Output	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Low <input type="radio"/> High
6	General Purpose I/O	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Input <input type="radio"/> Output	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Low <input type="radio"/> High
7	General Purpose I/O	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Input <input type="radio"/> Output	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Low <input type="radio"/> High
8	General Purpose I/O	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Input <input type="radio"/> Output	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Low <input type="radio"/> High

OK

2. Configure or modify the following fields for each pin:

Function	From the drop-down list, select the purpose of the specified
-----------------	--

	pin. See Configurable Pin Functions for a description of each available function.
Direction	Select whether the pin inputs or outputs.
Trigger Input	Select whether the GPIO input signal is to be used as a trigger condition for email.
Active Level	Select the signal active level (Low or High).

Configurable Pin Functions

General Purpose I/O	Monitors input or controls output by means of the 77F0 port.
Modem Ctrl Channel 1 In	Allows for control of the connection (and disconnection) of channel 1.
Modem Ctrl Channel 1 Out	Indicates a connection is established on channel 1.
Modem Ctrl Channel 2 In	Allows for control of the connection (and disconnection) of channel 2.
Modem Ctrl Channel 2 Out	Indicates a connection is established on channel 2.
Serial Channel 1 Status LED	Indicates channel 1 status and extended diagnostics when the Diagnostics LED is lit.
Serial Channel 2 Status LED	Indicates channel 2 status and extended diagnostics when the Diagnostics LED is lit.
Diagnostics LED	Indicates errors and configurations.
Reset to Defaults (Wireless)*	Asserting during bootup for at least 7 seconds resets the configuration back to factory defaults. Used when network access is impossible because of improper configuration.
RS-485 Select	Selects between RS-232 and RS-485 line drivers.
RS-485 2-Wire	Selects 2-wire line drivers. Usable as a half/full duplex selector.
RS-422/485 4-Wire	Selects 4-wire line drivers
Reset to Defaults (Ethernet)	Asserting during bootup for at least 7 seconds resets the configuration back to factory defaults. In addition, the wired network becomes the default interface. Used when network access is impossible because of improper configuration.

*MatchPort b/g/ only

3. When you are finished, click the **OK** button.
4. On the main menu, click **Apply Settings**.

Apply Settings

1. To save and apply the configuration changes to the device server, click the **Apply Settings** button.

Note: Clicking **OK** on each page does not change the configuration on the device. Clicking the **OK** button tells the MatchPort what changes to use; the **Apply Settings** button makes the changes permanent and reboots the MatchPort.

Apply Defaults

1. Click the **Apply Defaults** button to set the device server back to the default settings. For details, see [Default Settings](#).
2. Click **Yes** to set factory settings, or click **No** to cancel.

5: Configuration via Serial Mode or Telnet Port

As an alternative to Web-Manager, you can configure the MatchPort unit using a terminal program to access serial port 1 locally. Using this terminal program to respond to prompts is referred to as being in *Setup Mode*. Another way to access Setup Mode is over the network through a Telnet connection.

The unit's configuration is stored in nonvolatile memory and is retained without power. You can change the configuration at any time. The unit performs a reset after the configuration has been changed and stored.

Note: *The menus in this section show a typical device. Not all devices display information in the same manner. For example, the MatchPort NR does not display the WLAN setup menu option as the device does not support wireless connectivity.*

Accessing Setup Mode

Telnet Access

To configure the unit over the network, establish a Telnet connection to port 9999.

Note: *Alternatively, use DeviceInstaller to access Telnet. Select the device from the main page list, and click the **Telnet Configuration** tab in the right page. If using Telnet from the DeviceInstaller toolbar, skip steps 1 through 3.*

1. From the Windows **Start** menu, click **Run**.
2. From the Run dialogue box, type the following command (where x.x.x.x is the IP address and 9999 is the unit's fixed network configuration port number):

Windows: telnet x.x.x.x 9999
UNIX: telnet x.x.x.x:9999

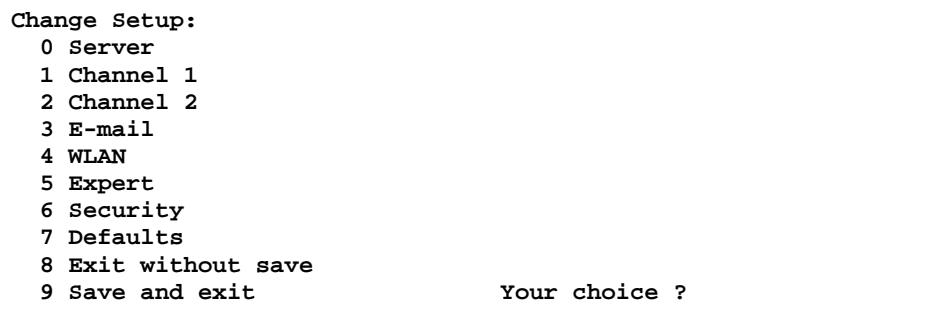
3. Click **OK**. The following information displays:

Figure 5-1. MAC Address

```
MAC address 00204A89E06A
Software version V6.8.0.2 (120903)
AES library version 1.8.2.1

Press Enter for Setup Mode
```

4. To enter the Setup Mode, press **Enter** within 5 seconds.
Note: *The connection fails if you do not press **Enter** within 5 seconds.*
5. The configuration settings display, followed by the setup menu options:

Figure 5-2. Change Setup Menu Options

6. To select a menu option, enter the number of the option in the **Your choice ?** field and press **Enter**.
View the current configuration by pressing **Enter** from the Change Setup menu.
To enter a value for a parameter, type the value and press **Enter**. To confirm a current value, press **Enter** (without entering parameters).
7. When finished, save the new configurations (**9 Save and exit**). The unit reboots.

Serial Port Access

To configure the unit through a serial connection:

1. Connect a console terminal or PC running a terminal emulation program to serial port 1. The default serial port settings are 9600 baud, 8 bits, no parity, 1 stop bit, no flow control.
2. Reset the MatchPort unit by cycling the unit's power (turning the power off and back on). Immediately upon resetting the device, enter three lowercase **x** characters (**xxx**).

Note: *The easiest way to enter Setup Mode is to hold down the **x** key at the terminal (or emulation) while resetting the unit. You must do this within three seconds of resetting the MatchPort.*

Upon connection, the following information displays:

Figure 5-3. MAC Address

```

MAC address 00204A89E06A
Software version V6.8.0.2 (120903)
AES library version 1.8.2.1

Press Enter for Setup Mode

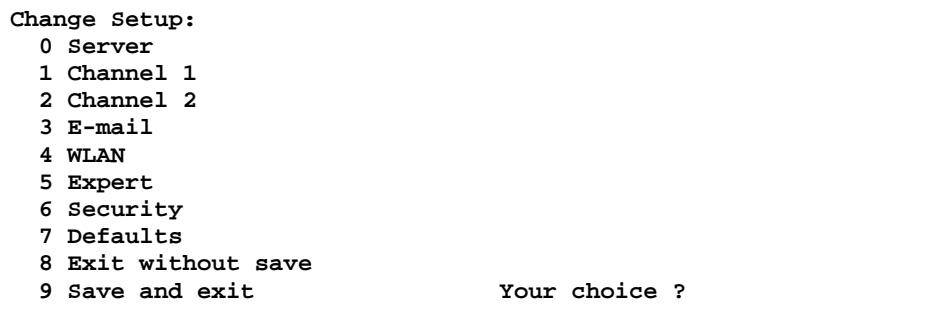
```

3. To enter the Setup Mode, press **Enter** within 5 seconds.

Note: *The connection fails if you do not press **Enter** within 5 seconds.*

The configuration settings display, followed by the setup menu options:

Figure 5-4. Change Setup Menu Options



4. Select an option on the menu by entering the number of the option in the **Your choice ?** field and pressing **Enter**.

View the current configuration by pressing **Enter** from the Change Setup menu.

To enter a value for a parameter, type the value and press **Enter**. To confirm a current value, press **Enter** (without entering parameters).

5. When finished, save the new configurations (**9 Save and exit**). The unit reboots.

Server Configuration

The unit's basic server (network) values display when you select **Server** (option **0** from the Change Setup menu). The following sections describe the configurable parameters within the Server configuration menu.

Network Mode (MatchPort b/g Only)

Note: This option is not present for the MatchPort NR as the network mode has a default setting of **Wired Only** and cannot be modified.

Select the network mode for the MatchPort b/g. Options available are **Wired Only**, **Wireless Only**, and **Bridging**. (For more information on Ethernet-to-wireless bridging, see [9: Wireless Bridging](#).)

Network mode: 0=Wired Only, 1=Wireless Only, 2=Bridging(One Host) (1) ?

Set the IP Address

If DHCP is not used to assign IP addresses, enter it manually. The IP address must be set to a unique value in the network. Enter each octet and press **Enter** between sections. The current value displays in parentheses.

IP Address : (0) (0) (0) (0) _
--

Set the Gateway IP Address

The gateway address, or router, allows communication to other LAN segments. The gateway address should be the IP address of the router connected to the same LAN segment as the unit. The gateway address must be within the local network.

The default is **N** (No), indicating the gateway address has not been set. To set the gateway address, type **Y**. At the prompt, enter the gateway address.

```
Set Gateway IP Address (N) ?
Netmask: Number of Bits for Host Part (0=default) (0)
```

Set the Netmask

A netmask defines the number of bits taken from the IP address that are assigned for the host part.

```
Netmask: Number of Bits for Host Part (0=default) (0) _
```

The unit prompts for the number of host bits to be entered, then calculates the netmask, which displays in standard decimal-dot notation when the saved parameters display (for example, 255.255.255.0).

Table 5-1. Standard IP Network Netmasks Representing Host Bits

Network Class	Host Bits	Netmask
A	24	255.0.0.0
B	16	255.255.0.0
C	8	255.255.255.0

Set DNS Server IP Address

The DNS server allows the name of a remote machine to be resolved automatically. The default is **N** (No), indicating the DNS server address has not been set. To set the DNS server address, type **Y**. At the prompt, enter the DNS server address. If the device is DHCP enabled, the DHCP server provides the DNS server IP address, which will override this configured value.

Note: This setting is applicable only in Manual Connection mode.

```
Set DNS Server IP addr <N> ?
```

Change Telnet Configuration Password

Setting the Telnet configuration password prevents unauthorized access to the setup menu through a Telnet connection to port 9999 or by Web pages. The password must have 4 characters.

```
Change Telnet/Web Manager password (N) ? _
```

An enhanced password setting (for Telnet access only) of 16 characters is available under option **6 Security** from the Change Setup menu.

Note: A password is not required to access the Setup Mode window through a serial connection.

DHCP Name

If a DHCP server has automatically assigned the IP address and network settings, discover the unit by using the DeviceInstaller network search feature.

There are three methods for assigning DHCP names to the unit.

- ◆ **Default DHCP Name:** If the DHCP name is not changed and the IP is 0.0.0.0, then the DHCP name defaults to CXXXXXX (XXXXXX is the last 6 digits of the MAC address shown on the label on the bottom/side of the unit). For example, if the MAC address is 00-20-4A-12-34-56, then the default DHCP name is C123456.
- ◆ **Custom DHCP Name:** Create your own DHCP name. If using an IP address of 0.0.0.0, the last option in Server configuration is **Change DHCP device name**. This option allows you to change the DHCP name to an alphanumeric name (LTX in the example).


```
Change DHCP device name (not set) ? (N) Y
Enter new DHCP device name : LTX
```
- ◆ **Numeric DHCP Name:** You can change the DHCP name by specifying the last octet of the IP address. When you use this method, the DHCP name is LTXYY where YY is what you chose for the last octet of the IP address. If the IP address you specify is 0.0.0.12, the DHCP name is LTX12. This method only works with 2-digit numbers (0-99).
- ◆ The third octet of the IP address sets the BootP/DHCP/AutoIP options. To disable an option, set the appropriate bit:

Table 5-2. BootP/DHCP/AutoIP Options

Options	Bit
AutoIP	0
DHCP	1
BootP	2

- ◆ For example, if the third octet is 0.0.5.0, the AutoIP and BootP options are disabled; only DHCP is enabled. (The value 5 results from adding the binary equivalents of 0 and 2.) This is the most common setting when using DHCP.
- ◆ **Enable DHCP FQDN:** You can choose to enable or disable DHCP FQDN by specifying Y or N.

Channel 1 and Channel 2 Configuration

Select option **1 Channel 1** or **2 Channel 2** from the Change Setup menu to define how the serial port responds to network and serial communications. The following

sections describe the configurable parameters within the Channel configuration menu.

Figure 5-5. Serial and Telnet Port Parameters

Baudrate (9600) ?
I/F Mode (4C) ?
Flow (00) ?
Port No (10001) ?
ConnectMode (C0) ?
Send '++++' in Modem Mode (Y) ?
Show IP addr after 'RING' (Y) ?
Auto increment source port (N) ?
Remote IP Address : (000) .(000) .(000) .(000)
Remote Port (0) ?
DisConnMode (00) ?
FlushMode (00) ?
DisConnTime (00:00) ?:
SendChar 1 (00) ?
SendChar 2 (00) ?

Baudrate

The unit and attached serial device, such as a modem, must agree on a speed or baud rate to use for the serial connection. Valid baud rates are 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 (default), 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400, 460800, and 921000. The current value displays in parentheses. The baud rates of 460800 and 921000 require a “High” CPU setting.

Baudrate (9600) ? _

I/F (Interface) Mode

The Interface (I/F) Mode is a bit-coded byte entered in hexadecimal notation. The current value displays in parentheses.

I/F Mode (4C) ? _

The following table displays available I/F Mode options:

Note: All bit positions in the table that are blank represent “don’t care” bits for that particular option, which can be set to either a 0 or 1 value.

Table 5-3. Interface Mode Options

I/F Mode Option	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
RS-232 ⁽¹⁾							0	0
RS-422/485 4-wire							0	1
RS-485 2-wire							1	1
7 Bit					1	0		
8 Bit					1	1		

I/F Mode Option	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
No Parity			0	0				
Even Parity			1	1				
Odd Parity			0	1				
1 stop bit	0	1						
2 stop bits ⁽¹⁾	1	1						

(1) 2 stop bits are implemented by the software. This might influence performance.

The following table demonstrates some common I/F Mode settings:

Table 5-4. Common Interface Mode Settings

Common I/F Mode Setting	Binary	Hex
RS-232C, 8-bit, No Parity, 1 stop bit	0100 1100	4C
RS-232C, 7-bit, Even Parity, 1 stop bit	0111 1000	78
RS-485 2-wire, 8-bit, No Parity, 1 stop bit	0100 1111	4F
RS-422, 8-bit, Odd Parity, 1 stop bit	0101 1101	5D

Flow

Flow control sets the local handshaking method for stopping serial input/output. The current value displays in parentheses.

Flow (00) ? _

Use the following table to select flow control options:

Table 5-5. Flow Control Options

Flow Control Option	Hex
No flow control	00
XON/XOFF flow control	01
Hardware handshake with RTS/CTS lines	02
XON/XOFF pass characters to host	05

Port Number

The **Port No** setting represents the source port number in TCP connections. It is the number that identifies the channel for remote initiating connections. The port number functions as the TCP/UDP source port number for outgoing packets. Packets sent to

the unit with this port number are received to this channel. The port number selected is the Incoming TCP/UDP port and Outgoing TCP/UDP source port.

Port No (10001) ? _

The current value displays in parentheses. The default settings are 10001 for Port 1 and 10002 for Port 2. The range is 1-65535, except for the following reserved port numbers:

Table 5-6. Reserved Port Numbers

Port Numbers	Reserved for
1 – 1024	Reserved
9999	Telnet setup
14000-14009	Reserved for Redirector
30704	Reserved (77F0h)
30718	Reserved (77FEh)

Note: We recommend that you not use the reserved port numbers for this setting as incorrect operation may result.

Use Port 0 for the outgoing local port to change with each connection. The port range is 50,000 to 59,999. Each subsequent connection increments the number by 1 (it wraps back around to 50,000).

Only use this automatic port increment feature to initiate a connection using TCP. Set the port to a non-zero value when the unit is in a passive mode or when using UDP instead of TCP.

Connect Mode

Connect Mode defines the unit's connection method and its reaction to incoming connections over the network. The current value displays in parentheses.

ConnectMode (C0) ? _

Enter Connect Mode options in hexadecimal notation:

Note: All bit positions in the table that are blank represent "don't care" bits for that particular option, which can be set to either a 0 or 1 value.

Table 5-7. Connect Mode Options

Connect Mode Option	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
a) Incoming Connection								
Never accept incoming	0	0	0					
Accept with active Modem Control In	0	1	0					
Always Accept	1	1	0					

Connect Mode Option	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
b) Response								
Nothing (quiet)				0				
Character response (C=connect, D=disconnect, N=unreachable)				1				
c) Active Startup								
No active startup					0	0	0	0
With any character					0	0	0	1
With active Modem Control In					0	0	1	0
With a specific start character					0	0	1	1
Manual connection					0	1	0	0
Autostart					0	1	0	1
Hostlist	0	0	1	0				
d) Datagram Type								
Directed UDP					1	1	0	0
e) Modem Mode								
No Echo			0	0		1	1	
Echo & Modem Response (Numeric)			0	1		1	1	1
Echo & Modem Response (Verbose)			0	1		1	1	0
Modem Response Only (Numeric)			0	0	1	1	1	1
Modem Response Only (Verbose)			0	0	1	1	1	0

Incoming Connection

Never Accept Incoming	Rejects all external connection attempts.
Accept with active Modem Control In	Accepts external connection requests only when the Modem Control In input is asserted. Cannot be used with Modem Mode.
Always Accept	Accepts any incoming connection when a connection is not already established. Default setting.

Response

Character Response	A single character is transmitted to the serial port when there is a change in connection state: C = connected, D = disconnected, N = host unreachable. This option is overridden when the Active Start Modem Mode or Active Start Host List is in effect. Default setting is Nothing (quiet).
--------------------	---

c) **Active Startup**

No Active Startup	Does <i>not</i> attempt to initiate a connection. Default setting.
With Any Character	Attempts to connect when any character is received from the serial port.
With active Modem Control In	Attempts to connect when the Modem Control In input changes from not asserted to asserted.
With a Specific Start Character	Attempts to connect when it receives a specific start character from the serial port. The default start character is carriage return.
Manual Connection	<p>Attempts to connect when directed by a command string received from the serial port. The first character of the command string must be a C (ASCII 0x43), and the last character must be either a carriage return (ASCII 0x0D) or a line feed (0x0A). No blanks or space characters may be in the command string. Between the first and last command string characters must be a full or partial destination IP address and can include a destination port number.</p> <p>The IP address must be in standard dot-decimal notation and may be a partial address, representing the least significant 1, 2, or 3 bytes of the remote IP address. The period is required between each pair of IP address numbers.</p> <p>If present, the port number must follow the IP address, must be presented as a decimal number in the range 1-65535, and must be preceded by a forward slash (ASCII 0x2F). The slash separates the IP address and the port number. If you omit the port number from a command string, the internally stored remote port number starts a connection.</p> <p>If a partial IP address is presented in a command string, it is interpreted to be the least significant bytes of the IP address and uses the internally stored remote IP address to provide the most significant bytes of the IP address. If the IP address entered is 0.0.0.0/0, the device server enters Monitor Mode.</p> <p>For example, if the remote IP address already configured in the unit is 129.1.2.3, then an example command string would be C3/7. (This would connect to 129.1.2.3 and port 7.) You may also use a different ending for the connection string. For example, C50.1/23 would connect you to 129.1.50.1 and port 23.</p> <p>If an IP address does not follow the first command string character (which is "C"), the subsequent character string is interpreted as the host name and domain to be used in DNS lookup. This character string can include a destination port number as well. The port number can be preceded by either a forward slash (/) or a colon (:).</p>

Table 5-8. Manual Connection Address Example

Command String	Result if remote IP is 129.1.2.3 and remote port is 1234
C121.2.4.5/1	Complete override; connection is started with host 121.2.4.5, port 1

Command String	Result if remote IP is 129.1.2.3 and remote port is 1234
C5	Connects to 129.1.2.5, port 1234
C28.10/12	Connects to 129.1.28.10, port 12
C0.0.0.0/0	Enters Monitor Mode
8Cwww.lantronix.com /80	Tries to connect to the Lantronix Web server if the <hostname:domain> (www.lantronix.com) is configured in the DNS server database.

Autostart (Automatic Connection)	The unit automatically attempts a connection to the remote IP address and port after booting up.
Hostlist	If this option is set to True, the device server scrolls through the host list until it connects to the first available device listed in the host list table. Once it connects, the unit stops further attempts. If this connection fails, the unit continues to scroll through the table until it is able to connect to the next available IP address in the host list. The host list supports a minimum of 1 and a maximum of 12 entries. Each entry contains the IP address and the port number. The hostlist is disabled for Manual and Modem Modes. The unit will not accept a data connection from a remote device when the hostlist option is enabled.

Figure 5-6. Hostlist Example

```

Baudrate (9600) ?
I/F Mode (4C) ?
Flow (00) ?
Port No (10001) ?
ConnectMode (C0) ?25
Hostlist :
No Entry !
Change Hostlist ? (N) Y
01. IP address : (000) 172.(000) 19.(000) 0.(000) 1      Port :
(0) ?23
02. IP address : (000) 172.(000) 19.(000) 0.(000) 2      Port :
(0) ?3001
03. IP address: (000) 172. (000) 19. (000) 0. (000) 3      Port:
(0)?10001
04. IP address : (000) .(000) .(000) .(000)

Hostlist :
01. IP : 172.019.000.001 Port : 00023
02. IP : 172.019.000.002 Port : 03001
03. IP : 172.019.000.003 Port : 10001

Change Hostlist ? (N) N

Hostlist Retrycounter (3) ?
Hostlist Retrytimeout (250) ?
DisConnMode (00) ?
FlushMode (00) ?
DisConnTime (00:00) ?:
SendChar 1 (00) ?
SendChar 2 (00) ?

```

To enable the hostlist:

1. Enter a **Connect Mode** of **0x20**. The menu shows a list of current entries already defined in the product.
2. To delete, modify, or add an entry, select **Yes**. If you enter an IP address of **0.0.0.0**, that entry and all others after it are deleted.
3. After completing the hostlist, repeat the previous step if necessary to edit the hostlist again.
4. For **Retrycounter**, enter the number of times the Lantronix unit should try to make a good network connection to a hostlist entry that it has successfully ARPed. The range is 1-15, with the default set to **3**.
5. For **Retrytimeout**, enter the number of seconds the unit should wait before failing an attempted connection. The time is stored as units of milliseconds in the range of 10-65535. The default is **250**.

d) Datagram Type

Directed UDP	<p>When selecting this option, you are prompted for the Datagram type. Enter 01 for directed or broadcast UDP. Datagrams of type 01 can be sent as a broadcast by enabling this option. The default is not to broadcast.</p> <p>Note: <i>Datagrams are sent as subnet-directed broadcasts.</i></p> <p>When the UDP option is in effect, the unit never attempts to initiate a TCP connection because it uses UDP datagrams to send and receive data.</p>
---------------------	--

e) Modem Mode

In Modem (Emulation) Mode, the unit presents a modem interface to the attached serial device. It accepts AT-style modem commands and handles the modem signals correctly.

Normally, there is a modem connected to a local PC and a modem connected to a remote machine. A user must dial from the local PC to the remote machine, accumulating phone charges for each connection. Modem Mode allows you to replace modems with MatchPorts, and to use an Ethernet connection instead of a phone call. By not having to change communications applications, you avoid potentially expensive phone calls.

To select Modem Mode, set the Connect Mode to **C6** (no echo), **D6** (echo with full verbose), **D7** (echo with numeric response), **CF** (modem responses only, numeric response), or **CE** (modem responses only, full verbose).

Note: If the unit is in Modem Mode, and the serial port is idle, the unit can still accept network TCP connections to the serial port if Connect Mode is set to **C6** (no echo), **D6** (echo with full verbose), **D7** (echo with numeric response), **CF** (modem responses only, numeric response), or **CE** (modem responses only, full verbose).

Without Echo	In Modem Mode, echo refers to the echo of all of the characters entered in command mode; it does not mean to echo data that is transferred. Quiet Mode (without echo) refers to the modem not sending an answer to the commands received (or displaying what was typed).
Echo & Modem Response	<p>Full Verbose: The unit echoes modem commands and responds to a command with a message string shown in the table below.</p> <p>Numeric Response: The unit echoes modem commands and responds to a command with a numeric response.</p>
Modem Responses Only	<p>Full Verbose: The unit responds to a command with a message string shown in the table below.</p> <p>Numeric Response: The unit responds to a command with a numeric response.</p>

Table 5-9. Modem Mode Messages

Message	Meaning
Full Verbose	
OK	Command was executed without error.
CONNECT	A network connection has been established.
NO CARRIER	A network connection has been closed.
RING n.n.n.n.	A remote device, having IP address n.n.n.n, is connecting to this device.

Message	Meaning
Numeric Response	
0	OK
1	Connected
2	Ring
3	No Carrier
4	Error

Received commands must begin with the two-character sequence **AT** and be terminated with a carriage return character.

The unit ignores any character sequence received *not* starting with **AT**, and only recognizes and processes single **AT**-style commands. The unit treats compound **AT** commands as unrecognized commands.

If the **Full Verbose** option is in effect, the unit responds to an unrecognized command string that is otherwise formatted correctly (begins with **AT** and ends with carriage return) with the "OK" message and takes no further action.

If the **Numeric Response** option is in effect, the unit responds to an unrecognized command string that is otherwise formatted correctly with the "OK" message and takes no further action.

When an active connection is in effect, the unit transfers data and does not process commands received from the serial interface.

When a connection is terminated or lost, the unit reverts to command mode.

When an active connection is in effect, the unit terminates the connection if it receives the following sequence from the attached serial device:

- ◆ No serial data is received for one second.
- ◆ The character sequence +++ is received, with no more than one second between each two characters.
- ◆ No serial data is received for one second after the last + character. At this time, the unit responds affirmatively according to the selected echo/response mode.
- ◆ The character string **ATH** is received, terminated with a carriage return. The unit responds affirmatively according to the selected echo/response mode and drops the network connection. The serial interface reverts to accepting command strings.

If this sequence is not followed, the unit remains in data transfer mode.

Table 5-10. Modem Mode Commands

Modem Mode Command	Function
ATDTx.x.x.x,pppp or ATDTx.x.x.x/pppp or ATDTx.x.x.x:pppp	Makes a connection to an IP address (x.x.x.x) and a remote port number (pppp).
ATDTx.x.x.x	Makes a connection to an IP address (x.x.x.x) and the remote port number defined within the unit.

Modem Mode Command	Function
ATD0.0.0.0	Forces the unit into Monitor Mode. Uses remote IP address and port settings to initiate a connection.
ATD or ATDT	Forces the unit into Monitor Mode. Uses remote IP address and port settings to initiate a connection.
ATDx.x.x.x	Makes a connection to an IP address (x.x.x.x) and the remote port number defined within the unit.
ATH	Hangs up the connection (Entered as +++ ATH).
ATS0=n	Enables or disables connections from the network going to the serial port. n=0 disables the ability to make a connection from the network to the serial port. n=1-9 enables the ability to make a connection from the network to the serial port. n>9 is invalid.
ATEn	Enables or disables character echo and responses. n=0 disables character echo and responses. n=1 enables character echo and responses.
ATVn	Enables numeric response or full verbose. n=0 enables numeric response. n=1 enables full verbose.

Note: The unit recognizes these AT commands as single commands such as ATE0 or ATV1; it does not recognize compound commands such as ATE0V.

Send the Escape Sequence (+++) in Modem Mode

Send '+++' in Modem Mode (Y) ? _

Disable or enable the MatchPort's ability to send the escape sequence. The default is Y (Yes) (send the escape sequence).

Show IP addr after 'RING'

Show IP addr after 'RING' (Y) ? _

Disable or enable the MatchPort's ability to show the IP address after RING in Modem Mode. The default is Y (Yes), to show the IP address.

Auto Increment Source Port

Auto increment source port (N) ? _

Y (Yes) auto increment the source port. The MatchPort increments the port number used with each new connection.

Remote IP Address

This is the destination IP address used with an outgoing connection.

Remote IP Address : (0) (0) (0) (0) _

Note: This option is not displayed when Hostlist is enabled from the ConnectMode prompt (see page 49 for more information).

Remote Port

Set the remote TCP port number for the unit to make outgoing connections. This parameter defines the port number on the target host to which a connection is attempted.

Remote Port (0) ? _

To connect an ASCII terminal to a host using the unit for login purposes, use the remote port number 23 (Internet standard port number for Telnet services).

Note: This option does not display when Hostlist is enabled from the ConnectMode prompt (see page 49 for more information).

DisConnMode

Disconnect Mode (DisConnMode) determines the conditions under which the unit will cause a network connection to terminate. The current value displays in parentheses.

DisConnMode (0) ? _

Note: All bit positions in the table that are blank represent "don't care" bits for that particular option, which can be set to either a 0 or a 1 value.

The following table displays the available input options:

Disconnect Mode Option	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Disconnect when Modem Control In is not asserted ⁽⁶⁾	1							
Ignore Modem Control In	0							
Telnet Com Port Cntrl and terminal type setup ⁽¹⁾		1						
Channel (port) password ⁽²⁾			1					
Hard disconnect ⁽³⁾				0				
Disable hard disconnect				1				
State LED off with connection ⁽⁴⁾								1

Disconnect Mode Option	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Disconnect with EOT (^D) ⁽⁵⁾				1				

- (1) The MatchPort sends the "Terminal Type" upon an outgoing connection.
 (2) A password is required for a connection to the serial port from the network.
 (3) The TCP connection closes even if the remote site does not acknowledge the disconnection.
 (4) When there is a network connection to or from the serial port, the state LED turns off instead of blinking.
 (5) When **Ctrl+D** or **Hex 04** is detected, the connection is dropped. Both **Telnet Com Port Cntrl** and **Disconnect with EOT** must be enabled for **Disconnect with EOT** to function properly. **Ctrl+D** is only detected going from the serial port to the network.
 (6) When **Modem Control In** transitions from a high state to a low state, the network connection to or from the serial port drops.

Flush Mode

The FlushMode (buffer flushing) parameter controls line handling and network buffers with connection startup and disconnect.

FlushMode (0) ? _

Select between two different packing algorithms (the current configuration displays within the parentheses).

Note: All bit positions in the table that are blank represent "don't care" bits for that particular option, which can be set to either a 0 or 1 value.

Available Flush Mode options are:

Table 5-11. Flush Mode Options

Function	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Input Buffer (Serial to Network)								
Clear with a connection that is initiated from the device to the network				1				
Clear with a connection initiated from the network to the device			1					
Clear when the network connection to or from the device is disconnected		1						
Output Buffer (Network to Serial)								
Clear with a connection that is initiated from the device to the network								1
Clear with a connection initiated from the network to the device							1	
Clear when the network connection to or from the device is disconnected						1		
Alternate Packing Algorithm (Pack Control)								
Enable	1							

Pack Control

The packing algorithm defines how and when packets are sent to the network. The standard algorithm is optimized for applications in which the unit is used in a local environment. The alternate packing algorithm minimizes the packet count on the network and is especially useful in applications in a routed Wide Area Network (WAN). Adjusting parameters in this mode can economize the network data stream.

Pack control settings are enabled in Flush Mode. Set this value to **00** if specific functions are not needed.

Note: All bit positions in the table that are blank represent "don't care" bits for that particular option, which can be set to either a 0 or 1 value.

Table 5-12. Pack Control Options

Option	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Packing Interval								
Interval: 12ms							0	0
Interval: 52ms							0	1
Interval: 250ms							1	0
Interval: 5sec							1	1
Trailing Characters								
None					0	0		
One					0	1		
Two					1	0		
Send Characters								
2-Byte Send Character Sequence				1				
Send Immediately After Send chars			1					

Packing Interval: Packing Interval defines how long the unit should wait before sending accumulated characters. This wait period is between successive network segments containing data. For alternate packing, the default interval is 12 ms.

Trailing Characters: In some applications, CRC, Checksum, or other trailing characters follow the end-of-sequence character; this option helps to adapt frame transmission to the frame boundary.

Send Characters:

- ◆ If **2-Byte Send Character Sequence** is enabled, the unit interprets the sendchars as a 2-byte sequence; if this option is not enabled, the unit interprets them independently.
- ◆ If **Send Immediately After Characters** is not set, any characters already in the serial buffer are included in the transmission after a "transmit" condition is found. If this option is set, the unit sends immediately after recognizing the transmit condition (sendchar or timeout).

Note: A transmission might occur if status information needs to be exchanged or an acknowledgment needs to be sent.

DisConnTime (Inactivity Timeout)

Use this parameter to set an inactivity timeout. The unit drops the connection if there is no activity on the serial line before the set time expires. Enter time in the format **mm:ss**, where **m** is the number of minutes and **s** is the number of seconds.

```
DisConnTime (0: 0) ?:
```

To disable the inactivity timeout, enter **00:00**. Range is 0 (disabled) to 5999 seconds (99 minutes, 59 seconds). The default is **0**.

SendChar 1 and SendChar 2

Enter up to two characters in hexadecimal representation.

```
SendChar 1 ( 0) ? _
SendChar 2 ( 0) ? _
```

If the unit receives a character on the serial line that matches one of these characters, it sends the character immediately, along with any awaiting characters, to the TCP connection. This action minimizes the response time for specific protocol characters on the serial line (for example, ETX, EOT). Setting the first SendChar to **00** disables the recognition of the characters. Alternatively, the unit can interpret two characters as a sequence (see [Pack Control](#)).

Telnet Terminal Type

This parameter displays only if the terminal type option is enabled in Disconnect Mode. If this option is enabled, use the terminal name for the Telnet terminal type. Enter only one name.

If the terminal type option is enabled, the unit also reacts to the EOR (end of record) and binary options, which can be used for applications such as terminal emulation to UNIX hosts.

Channel (Port) Password

This parameter appears only if the channel (port) password option is enabled in Disconnect Mode. If the option is enabled, set a password on the serial port.

Email Configuration

The unit sends an email to multiple recipients when a specific trigger event occurs. There are three separate triggers, based on any combination of the configurable pins (PIO) when selected as user I/O functions. Optionally, use a two-byte serial string to initiate a trigger. To configure email configuration settings, select option **3 Email** from the Change Setup menu.

Figure 5-7. Email Settings

```
Mail server (0.0.0.0) ? (000) .(000) .(000) .(000)
Unit name () ?
Domain name () ?
Recipient 1 () ?
Recipient 2 () ?

- Trigger 1
Enable serial trigger input (N) ?
Trigger input1 [A/I/X] (X) ?
Trigger input2 [A/I/X] (X) ?
Trigger input3 [A/I/X] (X) ?
Message () ?
Priority (L) ?
Min. notification interval (1 s) ?
Re-notification interval (0 s) ?

- Trigger 2
Enable serial trigger input (N) ?
Trigger input1 [A/I/X] (X) ?
Trigger input2 [A/I/X] (X) ?
Trigger input3 [A/I/X] (X) ?
Message () ?
Priority (L) ?
Min. notification interval (1 s) ?
Re-notification interval (0 s) ?

- Trigger 3
Enable serial trigger input (N) ?
Trigger input1 [A/I/X] (X) ?
Trigger input2 [A/I/X] (X) ?
Trigger input3 [A/I/X] (X) ?
Message () ?
Priority (L) ?
Min. notification interval (1 s) ?
Re-notification interval (0 s)
```

Mail Server

Enter the IP address of the mail server. Enter each 3-digit section and press **Enter** between sections. The current value displays in parentheses.

```
Mail Server (0.0.0.0) ? (000) .(000) .(000) .(000)
```

Unit Name

Enter the username used by the MatchPort to send email messages. The current value displays in parentheses.

Note: Do not use spaces in the name.

```
Unit name () ? _
```

Domain Name

Enter the email server's domain name. The current value displays in parentheses.

```
Domain name () ? _
```

Recipients

Enter the full email address of up to two trigger email recipients. The current value displays in parentheses.

```
Recipient 1 () ? _
Recipient 2 () ? _
```

Triggers

A trigger event occurs when the unit receives the specified trigger input because of a specified combination of conditions on the configurable pins.

```
Enable serial trigger input (N) ?
Trigger input1 [A/I/X] (X) ?
Trigger input2 [A/I/X] (X) ?
Trigger input3 [A/I/X] (X) ?
Message () ?
Priority (L) ?
Minimum notification interval (1 s) ?
Re-notification interval (0 s) ?
```

To change the configurable pins' settings, send setup records to Port 77FE.

Enable serial trigger input	Select (Y) Yes to enable serial trigger inputs.
-----------------------------	---

Trigger inputs 1-3	Set the configurable pins to A = Active, I = Inactive, or X = Don't Care. Active can mean Active Low or Active High. If the configurable pins are all set to X (Don't Care), then they are disabled. If both the serial sequence and the configurable pins are disabled, the trigger is disabled. Note: Each trigger is independent of the others. Each condition within an individual trigger must be met before the unit will send the email.
Message	Subject line of the trigger event email to the specified recipient(s).
Priority	Priority level for the trigger event email. Enter L for normal priority or H for high priority.
Minimum notification interval	Minimum time allowed between individual triggers. If a trigger event occurs within the minimum interval since the last trigger, it is ignored.
Re-notification interval	Time interval in which a new email message is sent to the recipient(s) when a single trigger event remains active.

WLAN Settings (MatchPort b/g Only)

Without adequate protection, a wireless LAN is susceptible to access by unauthorized users. As such, MatchPort features the WPA security standard, based on IEEE802.11i and IEEE802.1X. WEP provides for backwards compatibility and interaction with older devices.

When in WPA and WPA2-PERSONAL modes, the encryption setting denotes the lowest acceptable encryption method. CCMP is higher than TKIP and TKIP is higher than WEP. For example, if the MatchPort is configured for WEP and the access point supports TKIP, the negotiation results the use of TKIP. If the MatchPort is configured for TKIP and the access point supports only WEP, the association will fail since the access point does not meet the MatchPort's requirements.

Unicast communication occurs between the access point and a single wireless device. It uses the pairwise encryption method. Multicast communication occurs between the access point and multiple wireless devices. It uses the group encryption method. The group encryption for all wireless devices communicating with the same access point must be equal to receive broadcast and multicast messages. If any device is WEP-only (no support for WPA), set the encryption to **TKIP+WEP**. To use higher security with the MatchPort than other devices connecting to the same access point, use a group encryption lower than the pairwise encryption.

Note: Due to regulations, the country-specific setting has been removed from the setup menu and Web-Manager. However, we provide a separate utility for changing the **Country/Zone** setting. The utility is called *SetZone* and is included in the MatchPort package. It is also available for download from the Lantronix Web site.

The syntax is **SetZone <IP address> [<zone abbreviation>]**

Leaving the zone blank causes the utility to report the current setting only. Following are valid zone abbreviations. These settings are consistent with IEEE802.11b/g zones:

US=United States	JP=Japan
CA=Canada	OT=Others, such as Europe (excluding France), Asia, Africa, and Australia
FR=France	
SP=Spain	

To modify WLAN settings, select **4 WLAN** from the Change Setup menu.

Topology

Select **Infrastructure** (ESS) mode or **Adhoc** (IBSS) mode. Infrastructure mode communicates with Access Points. Adhoc mode communicates only with other clients.

```
Topology 0=Infrastructure, 1=Adhoc (0) ? _
```

Network Name (SSID)

Enter the name of the network to which the MatchPort will connect.

```
Network name (LTRX_IBSS) ? _
```

Adhoc Network Channel

When **Adhoc** is selected in the **Topology** parameter, and the MatchPort cannot find the specified network, it creates one with that name by transmitting a beacon on the selected channel.

```
Channel (11) ? _
```

You can only select channels allowed in the country for which the MatchPort is designated. The country displays in the settings overview.

Security Suite

The MatchPort features WEP, WPA, and 802.11i/WPA2-Personal to secure all wireless communication. WPA and 802.11i/WPA2-Personal are not available when **Adhoc** is selected as the topology.

The 802.11i/WPA2-Personal mode is compliant with the Robust Secure Network that is specified in the IEEE standard 802.11i. It enables the AES-based strong CCMP encryption.

```
Security suite 0=none, 1=WEP, 2=WPA, 3=WPA2/802.11i (0) ? _
```

WEP

```

Topology: 0=Infrastructure, 1=Ad-Hoc (0) ?
Network name (SSID) (wpa2_ruckus) ?
Security suite: 0=none, 1=WEP, 2=WPA, 3=WPA2/802.11i (3) ? 1
Authentication: 0=open/none, 1=shared (1) ?
Encryption: 1=WEP64, 2=WEP128 (2) ?
Change Key (N) ?
TX Key index (1) ?
TX Data rate: 0=fixed, 1=auto fallback (1) ?
TX Data rate: 0=1, 1=2, 2=5.5, 3=11, 4=18, 5=24, 6=36, 7=54
Mbps (7) ?
Minimum TX Data rate: 0=1, 1=2, 2=5.5, 3=11, 4=18, 5=24, 6=36,
7=54 Mbps (0) ?
Enable power management (N) ?
Enable Soft AP Roaming (N) ?
Max failed packets (6 - 64; 255=disable): (6) ?

```

Authentication	Select whether the encryption keys are matched (1 = shared) with those of the communication partner before passing through messages or not (2 = open/none).
Encryption	Length of the encryption key and the security strength. WEP64 uses a 40 bits/5 bytes key (option 1). WEP128 uses a 104 bits/13 bytes key (option 2).
Change key	Select (Y) Yes to modify the currently configured key.
Display Key	Select (Y) Yes to show the currently configured key/passphrase
Key type	Indicate whether the new key is in hexadecimal or passphrase format.
Enter key	<p>Enter the new encryption key. The passphrase input is not the same as ASCII input (as used on some products). ASCII is translated directly into hexadecimal bytes according to the ASCII table. The MatchPort passphrase is hashed using the Neesus Datacom algorithm (for WEP64) or MD5 (for WEP128).</p> <p>The passphrase input is safer because it is up to 63 chars long. ASCII input is a maximum of 5 (WEP64) or 13 (WEP128) characters long and limits the number of key combinations.</p> <p>Please refer to the other equipment's manual to determine the passphrase input style recommended.</p> <p>Note: <i>Lantronix recommends using a passphrase of 20 characters or more for maximum security.</i></p>
TX Key index	Select the WEP key used for transmissions. Enter a value from 1 to 4.
TX Data rate	Select the Data Transmit rate. The value are 1 MB, 2 MB, 5.5 MB, 11 MB, 18 MB, 24 MB, 36 MB, and 54 MB.

WPA

This firmware version allows only Pre-Shared Keys (PSK) for authentication.

```
Security suite: 0=none, 1=WEP, 2=WPA, 3=WPA2/802.11i (0) ? 2
Change key (N) ? Y
Display key (N) ?
Key type 0=hex, 1=passphrase (1) ? 1
Enter key: *****
Encryption: 0=TKIP, 1=TKIP+WEP (0) ?
```

Change key	Select (Y) (Yes) to modify the currently configured key.
Display key	Select (Y) Yes at the prompt to show the currently configured key/passphrase
Key type	Indicate whether the new key is in hexadecimal or passphrase format.
Enter key	Enter the passphrase. The maximum length is 63 characters. <i>Note:</i> Lantronix recommends using a passphrase of 20 characters or more for maximum security.
Encryption	Set the type to the minimum required security level. The "+" sign indicates that the group (broadcast) encryption method is different from the pairwise (unicast) encryption (WEP and TKIP).

802.11i/WPA2-Personal

```
Security suite: 0=none, 1=WEP, 2=WPA, 3=WPA2/802.11i (0) ? 3
Change key (N) ? Y
Display key (N) ?
Key type 0=hex, 1=passphrase (1) ?
Enter key: *****
Encryption: 0=CCMP, 1=CCMP+TKIP, 2=CCMP+WEP, 3=TKIP, 4=TKIP+WEP
(3) ?
```

Change key	Select (Y) Yes to modify the currently configured key.
Display key	Select (Y) Yes to show the currently configured key/passphrase.
Key type	Indicate whether the new key is in hexadecimal or passphrase format.
Enter key	Enter the passphrase. The maximum length is 63 characters. Lantronix recommends using a passphrase of 20 characters or more for maximum security.
Encryption	Set the type to the minimum required security level. The "+" sign indicates that the group (broadcast) encryption method is different from the pairwise (unicast) encryption. For example, for CCMP+TKIP, CCMP is the pairwise encryption and TKIP is the group encryption. CCMP is the default for WPA2.

Fixed or Automatic Data Rate

MatchPort permits the control of the transmission rate. Select **0** to set a fixed data rate or select **1** to set an automatic data rate. The default is **1** (auto fallback).

```
TX Data rate: 0=fixed, 1=auto fallback (1) ?
```

Transmission Data Rate

If the above **TX Data rate** is set to **fixed**, the selected data rate is the MatchPort's fixed transmission rate. If the above **TX Data rate** is set to **auto fallback**, the selected data rate is the MatchPort's maximum data rate. Lower data rates allow for larger distances. It may also be required when communicating with older devices. The default is **54 Mbps**.

```
TX Data rate 0=1, 1=2, 2=5.5, 3=11  
4=18, 5=24, 6=36, 7=54 Mbps (0) ? _
```

Minimum TX Data Rate

Selects the minimum data rate the device will use when auto-fallback is enabled. The default is **1 Mbps**.

```
Minimum TX Data Rate 0=1, 1=2, 2=5.5, 3=11, 4=18, 5=24, 6=36,  
7=54 Mbps <0> ? _
```

Note: If Auto Rate Fallback is enabled and a minimum TX data rate other than 1Mbps is configured, the radio will operate in Single Rate Drop mode. This means that if a rate drop becomes necessary, the radio will drop from the maximum rate to the lowest rate, ignoring all rates in between. This reduces the potential number of packet retransmission attempts, because the radio attempts to transmit a packet three times before transitioning to the next lowest TX rate.

Note: If the Minimum TX Data Rate is set for 54 Mbps for the minimum and maximum, the auto fallback capability is eliminated.

Max TX Failures

Determines the maximum number of consecutive transmit packet failures before the device will drop its association with the AP and attempt to establish a new one. The range of attempts is 6 to 64; 255 equals disabled. The default is **6** failed attempts.

```
Max failed packets <6 - 64; 255=disable>: <6> ? _
```

Enable Power Management

This allows the software to turn off the radio when expecting not to receive or transmit soon. This feature reduces the power consumption by up to 140 mA. Enabling power management increases the response time, because the radio needs

to start up again. The radio is enabled to synchronize and check for incoming messages (every 100 ms).

Note: This option is not available when the **Topology** is set to **Adhoc**.

```
Enable power management (N) ? _
```

Enable Soft AP Roaming

If enabled, SmartRoam manages the dynamic list of APs belonging to the same network as the AP to which the MatchPort is currently associated and stores relevant selection criteria for this list. The MatchPort uses these criteria to identify a candidate AP. If the candidate AP is not the current one, the MatchPort dissociates from the current AP and associates to the candidate.

The roaming technology also triggers candidate selection if the MatchPort reaches the boundaries of good signal coverage for the current AP instead of waiting until signal quality degrades substantially.

Choose to enable **Y** (Yes) or disable **N** (No) Lantronix's Smart Roam technology. The default value is **N**.

```
Enable Soft AP Roaming (Y) ?
```

Expert Settings

Note: Change these settings using Telnet or a serial connection only.

Caution: Only an expert should change these parameters. These changes hold serious consequences.

Note: The Config Server Port Number option and Automatic Host MAC Detection option display only in Bridging mode as shown in the next window. For more information, see [Configurable Server Port Number \(MatchPort b/g Only\)](#).

```
TCP Keepalive time in s (1s - 65s; 0s=disable): (45) ?
ARP Cache timeout in s (1s - 600s) : (600) ?
CPU performance (0=Regular, 1=Low, 2=High): (0) ?
Disable Monitor Mode @ bootup (N) ?
HTTP Port Number : (80) ?
SMTP Port Number : (25) ?
MTU Size (512 - 1400): (1400) ?
TCP Re-transmission Timeout (500 - 4000) (ms): (500) ?
Enable alternate MAC (N) ?
Ethernet connection type: (0) ?
```

TCP Keepalive Time

Defines how many seconds the unit waits during a silent connection before checking whether the currently connected network device is still on the network. If the unit does not receive a response, it drops that connection.

```
TCP Keepalive time in s (1s - 65s; 0s=disable): (45)? _
```

ARP Cache Timeout

When the unit communicates with another device on the network, it adds an entry into its ARP table. ARP Cache timeout defines the number of seconds (1-600) the unit waits before timing out this table.

```
ARP Cache timeout in s (1s - 65s; 0s=disable): (600)? _
```

CPU Performance

Select the MatchPort's performance mode. Higher performance settings require more energy. **Low** is 26 Mhz; **Regular** is 48 Mhz; **High** is 88 Mhz. The default is **Regular**.

```
CPU performance (0=Regular, 1=Low, 2=High): (0)
```

Disable Monitor Mode

Disables entry into Monitor Mode via the **yyy** or **xx1** key sequence at startup. This command prevents the unit from entering Monitor Mode by interpreting the stream of characters that are received during the device server's initialization at startup. The default is **N** (No).

```
Disable Monitor Mode @ bootup (N) ? _
```

HTTP Port Number

This option allows the configuration of the Web server port number. The valid range is 1-65535. The default HTTP server port number is **80**.

```
HTTP Port Number : (80) ? _
```

SMTP Port Number

This option allows the configuration of the SMTP port number. The valid range is 1-65535. The default HTTP server port number is **25**.

```
SMTP Port Number : (25) ? _
```

MTU Size

The Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) is the largest physical packet size a network can transmit for TCP and UDP. Enter between 512 and 1400 bytes. The default is **1400** bytes.

MTU Size: (1400) ? _

TCP Re-transmission Timeout

This feature allows the configuration of the desired TCP re-transmission timeout value. If the ACK is not received for a packet sent from the UDS1100 device, then the unit will retransmit the data. The valid range is 500-4000 msec.

TCP Re-transmission Timeout (500 - 4000) (ms): (500) ?
--

Enable Alternate MAC

If necessary, enable the alternate MAC address (if specified in the OEM setup record). The default setting is N (No).

Enable alternate MAC (N) ? _

Ethernet Connection Type

The MatchPort allows you to configure the Ethernet speed manually. Enter **0** for automatic negotiation (default). To select the speed and duplex, enter one of the following: **2** (10Mbit/half duplex), **3** (10Mbit/full duplex), **4** (100Mbit/half duplex), or **5** (100Mbit/full duplex).

Note: Manually configured speed/duplex settings only work correctly if the peer or switch also uses a static setting. If the peer is set for auto negotiation, it will not necessarily result in the correct mode. This is a common Ethernet problem and is not MatchPort-specific.

Ethernet connection type: (0) ? _

Configurable Server Port Number (MatchPort b/g Only)

The host attached to the MatchPort b/g may communicate with other CoBos devices on the wireless network using the Lantronix Configuration Access Protocol (LCAP). This service is available on server port number 0x77FE (30718) and is fixed. When the MatchPort is in bridging mode, the LCAP port number is modifiable so that the LCAP service is available on the wired interface for MatchPort configuration.

For more information on bridging, see [9: Wireless Bridging](#).

Config Server Port Number: (30718) ? _
--

Automatic Host MAC Detection (MatchPort b/g Only)

When Automatic Host MAC Detection is disabled (set to "N") for bridging mode, the MAC address of the bridged host can be set. When enabled (set to "Y"), the MAC address of the bridged host is detected automatically.

```
Automatic Host MAC Detection <Y> ? _  
Wired Host MAC <00:00:00:00:00:00> <00> _ _
```

Security Settings

Security settings can only be changed using the setup menu (Telnet or serial).

Caution: We recommend setting security over a dedicated network or over the serial setup, to prevent eavesdropping.

Note: To prevent unauthorized access from the network, disable the Telnet setup, port 77FE, and the Web setup features.

Disable SNMP

For security purposes, disable SNMP (if required) on the MatchPort unit. The current setting displays in parentheses.

```
Disable SNMP (N) ? _
```

SNMP Community Name

The SNMP Community Name is a required field for NMS to read or write to a device. Enter a string of 1 to 13 characters.

```
SNMP Community Name (public): _
```

The default entry is **public**. The current value displays in parentheses.

Disable Telnet Setup

This setting defaults to the **N** (No) option. The **Y** (Yes) option disables access to the setup menu via Telnet to port 9999.

```
Disable Telnet Setup (N) ? _
```

Disable TFTP Firmware Update

This setting defaults to the **N** (No) option. The **Y** (Yes) option disables TFTP for network firmware upgrades.

```
Disable TFTP Firmware Update (N) : _
```

Disable Port 77FE (Hex)

Custom programs use Port 77FE to configure the unit remotely. If required, disable this capability for security purposes.

```
Disable Port 77FEh (N) ? _
```

The default setting is the **N** (No) option, which enables remote configuration.

Disable Web Server

The **Y** (Yes) option disables the Web server. This setting defaults to the **N** (option).

```
Disable Web Server (N) ? _
```

Disable Web Setup

The **Y** (Yes) option disables configuration using the Web-Manager. This setting defaults to the **N** (No) option.

```
Disable Web Setup (N) ? _
```

Disable ECHO Ports

This setting controls whether port 7 echoes characters it receives.

```
Disable ECHO ports (Y) ? _
```

Enable Encryption

```
Enable Encryption (Y) ? _
Key length in bits (256): _
Change Key (N) ? _
Enter Key: _
```

Enable Encryption	This option displays only if the MatchPort model features AES encryption. It enables AES encryption for tunneling only.
Key length in bits	Valid options are 128, 192 and 256 bits.
Change Key	Select to modify the current AES encryption key. The default is (N) No.
Enter Key	If you selected Change Key , enter the key (at the Enter Key prompt) in hexadecimal numbers. Enter 32 characters for 128 bits key length, 48 characters for 192 bits key length, or 64 characters for 256 bits key length.

Enable Enhanced Password

This setting defaults to the **N** (No) option, which allows you to set a 4-character password that protects Setup Mode by means of Telnet and web pages. The **Y** (Yes) option allows you to set an extended security password of 16-characters for protecting Telnet and Web Page access.

```
Enable Enhanced Password (Y) ? _
```

Disable Port 77F0 (Hex)

Port 77F0 allows a custom application to query or set the eight MatchPort configurable pins when they are functioning as general purpose I/O (GPIO). Disable this capability, if desired, for security purposes.

```
Disable Port 77F0h ? _
```

The default setting, the **N** (No) option, enables GPIO control. The **Y** (Yes) option disables the GPIO control interface.

Default Settings

Select **7 Defaults** from the Change Setup menu to reset the unit's Channel 1 configuration, Channel 2 configuration, Email settings, and Expert settings to the factory default settings. The server configuration settings for IP address, gateway IP address, and netmask remain unchanged. The configurable pins' settings also remain unchanged.

Additionally, for the MatchPort b/g, wireless enable, infrastructure or ad hoc settings, and wireless security settings remain unchanged.

The specific configurations and settings that are reset by selecting the **7 Defaults** option are listed below.

Note: To reset network settings to factory defaults, use one of the "Reset to Defaults" Configurable Pin Settings. For more information on Configurable Pins, see [Configurable Pins](#) page 76.

Channel 1 and Channel 2 Configuration

Baudrate	9600
I/F Mode	4C (1 stop bit, no parity, 8 bit, RS-232C, no flow control)
Port No	10001 on Channel 1 10002 on Channel 2
Connect Mode	C0 (always accept incoming connection; no active connection startup)
Hostlist Retry Counter	3

Hostlist Retry Timeout	250 (msec)
Send Character	0x0D (CR)
All other parameters	0

WLAN Settings (MatchPort b/g Only)

Topology	1 (AdHoc)
Network Name	LTRX_IBSS
Channel	11
Security	0 (none)
TX Data Rate Auto Fallback¹	1 (auto)
TX Data Rate¹	54 Mbps
Minimum TX Data Rate¹	1 Mbps
Max Failures¹	6 (failed attempts)
Enable Power Management¹	N (No)
Enable Soft AP Roaming	N (No)

Expert Settings

TCP Keepalive	45 (seconds)
ARP Cache Timeout	600 (seconds)
CPU Performance	Regular
Disable Monitor Mode	(N) No
HTTP Port Number	80
SMTP Port Number	25
MTU Size	1400
TCP Re-transmission Timeout (500-4000)	500 (msec)
Enable Alternate MAC	N (No) (for OEM use only)
Ethernet Connection Type	0 (auto negotiate)

¹ This is included in the **7 Defaults** menu reset on the MatchPort b/g. To reset the other WLAN settings, use one of the “Reset to Defaults” Configurable Pin settings. For more information on Configurable Pins, see [Configurable Pins](#).

Automatic Host MAC Detection	Y (Yes)
------------------------------	---------

Security Settings

Disable SNMP	(N) No
SNMP Community Name	public
Disable Telnet Setup	(N) No
Disable TFTP Firmware Update	(N) No
Disable Port 77FEh	(N) No
Disable Web Server	(N) No
Disable Web Setup	(N) No
Disable ECHO ports	(Y) Yes
Enable Encryption	(N) No
Enable Enhanced password	(N) No
Disable Port 77F0h	(N) No

Email Settings

Trigger Priority	L
Min. notification interval	1 second
All other parameters	0 (e.g. email notification and triggers are disabled)

Exit Configuration Mode

To exit setup mode:

- ◆ Select option **9 Save and exit** from the Change Setup menu to save all changes and reboot the device. All values are stored in nonvolatile memory.
or
- ◆ Select option **8 Exit without save** from the Change Setup menu to exit the configuration mode without saving any changes or rebooting.

6: Configurable Pins

The MatchPort has eight pins configurable for General Purpose I/O (GPIO).

Use these GPIO pins to control devices such as relays, servers, lights, monitor switches, sensors, and even processes such as data transfer.

Defaults Settings

- ◆ Function: general purpose input/output
- ◆ Direction: input
- ◆ Active Level: low

Set the functions for the eight pins independently and in any combination. The initial directions (input/output) and active levels (low or high active) at boot up can also be configured through 77FE.

This chapter describes how the directions, active levels, and states can be dynamically controlled and probed through special port 77F0.

Features

- ◆ TCP and UDP can be used.
- ◆ The protocol supports up to 32 GPIO for future products.
- ◆ Function configuration can be retrieved.
- ◆ Input or output selection can be retrieved and controlled.
- ◆ Active low or high selection can be retrieved and controlled.
- ◆ Active or inactive selection can be retrieved and controlled.
- ◆ 77F0 can be disabled.

Every change of state (active/inactive) requires a command over TCP or UDP, and thus is not very fast. If you use this port for data transfer, the throughput is low, usually up to 1 Kbps.

Control Protocol

The GPIO control protocol, a simple, proprietary protocol, is described below.

Guidelines

The GPIO control protocol is described from the PC side. *Send* means from PC to MatchPort. *Response* comes from MatchPort to PC.

The protocol allows for control of up to 8 GPIOs.

The parameters are four bytes long and represent GPIOs 0-31, with GPIO0 in bit 0 of the first byte (Little Endian). Parameter bits for configurable pins not configured as GPIOs are undefined for **Get** commands and ignored on **Set** commands.

Every command consists of nine bytes: one command type of one byte and two parameters of four bytes each.

Byte Pin Number	Command	Parameter 1								Parameter 2															
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	15	16	23	24	31	0	7	8	15	16	23	24	31			

On some commands, one or all parameters are ignored.

For UDP, command type and parameters need to be in the same datagram.

Responses to valid commands are always five bytes long, consisting of the returned command byte and as parameters in the current or updated values. In case of an invalid command, only one byte with value OFFh is returned.

Byte Pin Number	Command	Parameter 1							
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	

When sending a command (TCP and UDP), wait for the response before sending the next command.

Commands

Byte 0 Command Types

10h	Get functions
11h	Get directions (input or output)
12h	Get active levels (high active or low active)
13h	Get current states (active or not active)
19h	Set directions
1Ah	Set active levels
1Bh	Set current states

There is no **Set functions** command. Since the pin's function depends on the hardware in which the MatchPort is embedded, that configuration is only allowed via 77FE. Settings changed by any of the **Set** commands are not stored and are lost when the unit is powered down or rebooted.

Command 10h, Get Functions

Send:

	No parameters
--	---------------

Response:

	1 parameter
	Bytes 1-4: Functions
	Bit X 1 means general purpose IO available to the user.

		0 means dedicated function (e.g., serial flow control, diagnostics) for configurable pin X.
--	--	---

Command 11h, Get Directions**Send:**

	No parameters
--	---------------

Response:

	1 parameter
	Bytes 1-4: Directions
	Bit X 1 means GPIO X is an output.
	0 means it is an input.

Command 12h, Get Active Levels**Send:**

	No parameters
--	---------------

Response:

	1 parameter
	Bytes 1-4: Active levels
	Bit X 1 means GPIO X is active low (0V when active, 3.3V when inactive).
	0 means it is active high (3.3V when active, 0V when inactive).

Command 13h, Get Current States**Send:**

	No parameters
--	---------------

Response:

	1 parameter
	Bytes 1-4: States
	Bit X 1 means GPIO X is active
	0 means it is inactive.

Command 19h, Set Directions**Send:**

	2 parameters
	Bytes 1-4: Mask
	Bit X 1 means the direction for GPIO X will be updated with the value in the second parameter.
	0 means the direction for that GPIO will not change.
	Bytes 5-8: New Directions
	Bit X 1 means GPIO X will become an output.
	0 means it will become an input.

Response:

	1 parameter
	Bytes 1-4: The updated directions

Command 1Ah, Set Active Levels**Send:**

	2 parameters
	Bytes 1-4: Mask
	Bit X 1 means the direction for GPIO X will be updated with the value in the second parameter. 0 means the active type for that GPIO will not change.
	Bytes 5-8: New Active Levels
	Bit X 1 means GPIO X will become active low. 0 means it will become active high.

Response:

	1 parameter
	Bytes 1-4: Updated active levels

Command 1Bh, Set States**Send:**

	2 parameters
	Bytes 1-4: Mask
	Bit X 1 means the state for GPIO X will be updated with the value in the second parameter. 0 means the state for that GPIO will not change.
	Bytes 5-8: New States
	Bit X 1 means GPIO X will become active. 0 means it will become inactive.

Response:

	1 parameter
	Bytes 1-4: Updated states

Examples

Example 1: PC sends command 10h to find out which configurable pins are available as GPIO.

PC -> MatchPort: 10h, 00h, 00h, 00h, 00h, 00h, 00h, 00h, 00h
 MatchPort -> PC: 10h, 03h, 00h, 00h, 00h

Command details:

10h = command 10h
 00h, 00h, 00h, 00h = ignored
 00h, 00h, 00h, 00h = ignored

Response details:

10h = response to command 10h
 03h, 00h, 00h, 00h =

bits 0 and 1 are 1 → CP0 and CP1 are configured as GPIOs (GPIO0, GPIO1).
 bits 2 to 7 are 0 → configured for a special function and are unavailable for control or monitoring by the user.

Example 2: PC sends command 1Bh to change the current states of GPIO 0 and 1 (assuming they are configured as outputs).

PC -> MatchPort: 1Bh, 03h, 00h, 00h, 00h, 01h, 00h, 00h, 00h
MatchPort -> PC: 1Bh, 01h, 00h, 00h, 00h

Command details:

1Bh = command 1Bh

03h, 00h, 00h, 00h = the mask that determines which GPIOs will be changed

bit 0 and 1 are 1 → GPIO0 and GPIO1 will be changed

01h, 00h, 00h, 00h = the new states

bit 0 is 1 → GPIO0 will become 1

bit 1 is 0 → GPIO1 will become 0

Response details:

1Bh = response to command 1Bh

01h, 00h, 00h, 00h =

bit 0 is 1 → GPIO0 = 1

bit 1 is 0 → GPIO1 = 0

7: Monitor Mode

Monitor Mode is a command-line interface used for diagnostic purposes.

There are two ways to enter Monitor Mode: locally using the serial port or remotely via the network.

Entering Monitor Mode via the Serial Port

To enter Monitor Mode locally:

1. Follow the same steps used for setting the serial configuration parameters (see [Serial Port Access](#)).
2. Instead of typing three **x** keys, however:
 - a) Type **zzz** to enter Monitor Mode with network connections.
 - b) Type **yyy** to enter Monitor Mode without network connections.

A **0>** prompt indicates that you have successfully entered Monitor Mode.

Entering Monitor Mode via the Network Port

To enter Monitor Mode using a Telnet connection:

1. Establish a Telnet session to the configuration port (9999).
2. When the **Press Enter to go into Setup Mode** prompt displays, type **M** (upper case).

A **0>** prompt indicates that you have successfully entered Monitor Mode.

Monitor Mode Commands

The following commands are available in Monitor Mode.

Note: All commands must be in capital letters. Responses to some of the commands are given in Intel Hex format.

Table 7-1. Monitor Mode Commands

Command	Command Name	Function
VS	Version	Queries software header record (16 bytes) of unit.
GC	Get Configuration	Gets configuration of unit as hex records (120 bytes).

Command	Command Name	Function
SC	Send Configuration	Sets configuration of unit from hex records.
PI x.x.x.x	Ping	Pings unit with IP address x.x.x.x to check device status.
AT	ARP Table	Shows the unit's ARP table entries.
TT	TCP Connection Table	Shows all incoming and outgoing TCP connections.
NC	Network Connection	Shows the unit's current IP address, gateway, subnet mask, and DNS server.
RS	Reset	Resets the unit.
QU	Quit	Exits diagnostics mode.
G0, G1,, Ge, Gf	Get configuration from memory page	Gets a memory page of configuration information from the device.
S0, S1,...,Se, Sf	Set configuration to memory page	Sets a memory page of configuration information on the device.
GM	Get MAC address	Shows the unit's 6-byte MAC.
SS	Set Security record	Sets the Security record without the encryption key and length parameters. The entire record must still be written, but the encryption-specific bytes do not need to be provided (they can be null since they are not overwritten).
SA*	Scan	Initiates a wireless scan if the wireless interface is enabled. Reports any stations found, including BSSID, SSID, and RSSI. If SA is followed by a string, the string is used to filter SSIDs before reporting. If the BSS does not broadcast its SSID, only the BSSID and RSSI are returned.
NS	Network Status	Reports the network interfaces' statuses. Includes potentially negotiated parameters like speed/duplex for Ethernet or BSSID, encryption, authentication for wireless interfaces, where applicable.
WS*	Wireless Status	Displays wireless module status that includes packets received, transmitted, and dropped.
co	Set IP address, host bits, gateway, and DNS server IP	<p>Example:</p> <pre>co 192.168.0.10 8 192.168.0.1 10001 192.168.1.10 with 192.168.0.10 = IP address of the MatchPort 8 = number of host bits 192.168.0.1 = gateway IP address 10001 = port number of the MatchPort 192.168.1.10 = IP address of the DNS Server The MatchPort stores the setup and performs a reset. It sends an X before the reset if the command was OK.</pre>

*MatchPort b/g only

Note: Entering any of the commands listed above generates one of the following command response codes:

Table 7-2. Command Response Codes

Response	Meaning
0>	OK; no error
1>	No answer from remote device
2>	Cannot reach remote device or no answer
8>	Wrong parameter(s)
9>	Invalid command

8: Updating Firmware

This chapter explains how to obtain and update the unit's firmware.

Obtaining Firmware

Obtain the most up-to-date firmware and release notes for the unit from the Lantronix Web site (www.lantronix.com/support/downloads) or by using anonymous FTP (ftp.lantronix.com/pub).

Reloading Firmware

There are several ways to update the unit's internal operational code (*.ROM): using DeviceInstaller (the preferred way), TFTP, or serial port 1. You can also update the unit's internal Web interface (*.cob) via TFTP or DeviceInstaller.

Here are typical names for those files. Check the Lantronix Web site for the latest versions and release notes.

Table 8-1. Firmware Files

ROM File	COB (Web-Manager)
mpt_6502.rom	gen_mpt_webm_1602.cob

Please refer to the DeviceInstaller online Help for information about reloading firmware using DeviceInstaller. The other methods are discussed below.

Using TFTP: Graphical User Interface

To download new firmware from a computer:

1. Use a TFTP client to put a binary file to the unit (*.ROM to upgrade the unit's internal operational code and *.COB to upgrade its internal Web interface).

Note: TFTP requires the **.rom** (binary) version of the unit's internal operational code.

2. In the **TFTP server** field, enter the IP address of the unit being upgraded.
3. Select **Upload** operation and **Binary** format.
4. Enter the full path of the firmware file in the **Local file name** field.
5. In the **Remote file name** field, enter the **current** internal operational code or **WEB1** to **WEB19** for the internal Web interface.

6. Click the **Upload Now** button to transfer the file to the unit. The unit performs a power reset after the firmware has been loaded and stored.

Using TFTP: Command Line Interface

To download new firmware from a computer, enter the following from a TFTP command line interface:

```
tftp -i <ip address> put <local filename> <destination  
file name>
```

The following examples demonstrate the TFTP command sequence to download the .rom file, the .fwx file, and the .cob file:

```
tftp -i 192.168.1.111 put mpt_6502.rom W8  
tftp -i 192.168.1.111 put gen_mpt_webm_1602.cob WEB1
```

Recovering the Firmware Using the Serial Port

If for some reason the firmware is damaged, you can recover the firmware file by using serial port 1 to download the *.ROM file.

Note: See also *Recovering Firmware in the DeviceInstaller User Guide*.

1. Start DeviceInstaller.
2. From the **Tools** menu, select **Advanced/Recover Firmware**. The Recover Firmware window displays.
3. Enter the com port on your PC and the location of the firmware file. Make sure **Device Model** indicates either **MatchPort b/g** or MatchPort NR.
4. Click **OK** to download the file.

9: Wireless Bridging (MatchPort b/g Only)

Bridging allows a host, connected on the MatchPort's wired Ethernet interface, to be accessible over the wireless network (via the MatchPort).

To initialize the bridging feature:

1. Configure the MatchPort's wireless settings. See [WLAN Settings](#).
2. Enable bridging in Setup Mode. See [Network Mode](#).
3. Set up the wired host connected to the MatchPort's Ethernet port.

Once in bridging mode, the services on the MatchPort are available only through the wired interface.

To configure the MatchPort using the wired Ethernet interface when in bridging mode:

1. If a device is connected to the MatchPort's Ethernet port, disconnect it and connect a PC for configuring the MatchPort.
2. Use a utility such as DeviceInstaller to locate the MatchPort's MAC address and IP address. This utility must use the Lantronix access protocol to query the MatchPort. (See [3: Using DeviceInstaller](#).)
3. Set up the PC's Ethernet port for AutoIP or assign a static IP address in the same range as the MatchPort.
4. Use the MatchPort's Web-Manager (see [4: Configuration Using Web-Manager](#)) or Telnet to port 9999 to configure the MatchPort.

Note: *Telneting to the MatchPort accesses Setup Mode. The procedure for using Setup Mode from the Ethernet port is the same as for using the setup port.*

5. Disconnect the PC and reconnect the original device to the MatchPort's Ethernet port.

10: Troubleshooting

This chapter discusses how you can diagnose and fix errors quickly without having to contact a dealer or Lantronix. The MatchPort's diagnostic LEDs indicate the unit's status. It helps to connect a terminal to the serial port while diagnosing an error to view summary messages that may display. When troubleshooting, always ensure that the physical connections (power cable, network cable, and serial cable) are secure.

Note: Some unexplained errors might be caused by duplicate IP addresses on the network. Make sure that your unit's IP address is unique.

When troubleshooting the following problems, make sure that the MatchPort is powered up. Confirm that you are using a good network connection.

Diagnostic LED States

Condition	Diagnostic LED	Channel 1 Status LED
No Errors	OFF	N/A
Firmware storage checksum error	ON	Blink 1x/4 seconds
RAM error	ON	Blink 2x/4 seconds
Network controller error	ON	Blink 3x/4 seconds
Serial number storage checksum error	ON	Blink 4x/4 seconds
Duplicate IP address present	ON	Blink 5x/4 seconds
Firmware and hardware mismatch	ON	Blink 6x/4 seconds
Radio command failure	ON	Blink 7x/4 seconds
Faulty network connection	Blink 2x/second	Blink 4x/4 seconds
No DHCP response	Blink 2x/second	Blink 5x/4 seconds
Setup menu active	Blink 2x/second	Follow Diagnostic LED for 2 seconds, off for 2 seconds

Problems and Error Messages

Problem/Message	Reason	Solution
When you issue the ARP -S command in Windows, <i>The ARP entry addition failed: 5</i> message displays.	Your currently logged-in user does not have the right to use this command on this PC.	Have someone from your IT department log you in with sufficient rights.
When you attempt to assign an IP address to the unit by the ARP method and Telnet to the device server through port 1, the connection fails.	When you Telnet to port 1 on the device server, you are only assigning a temporary IP address. When you Telnet into port 9999 and do not press Enter quickly, the device server reboots, causing it to lose the IP address.	Telnet back to Port 1. Wait for it to fail, then Telnet to port 9999 again. Make sure you press Enter within 5 seconds.
Cannot establish an Infrastructure network connection to the MatchPort.	Network Name (SSID) in the MatchPort is not set or does not match the Access Point (AP).	Verify Network Name (SSID) for the MatchPort and AP are the same. These are case-sensitive.
	The AP has WEP encryption enabled and the MatchPort does not or WEP authentication type does not match the AP.	Enable WEP encryption in MatchPort. Set encryption key and authentication type to match the AP. Ensure the key is in HEX notation in both the AP and the MatchPort.
When you Telnet to port 9999, the <i>Press Enter to go into Setup Mode</i> message displays. However, nothing happens when you press Enter , or your connection is closed.	You did not press Enter quickly enough. You only have 5 seconds to press Enter before the connection is closed.	Telnet to port 9999 again, but press Enter as soon as you see the <i>Press Enter to go into Setup Mode</i> message.
When you Telnet to port 1 to assign an IP address to the device server, the Telnet window does not respond for a long time.	You may have entered the Ethernet address incorrectly with the ARP command.	Confirm that the Ethernet address that you entered with the ARP command is correct. The Ethernet address may only include numbers 0-9 and letters A-F. In Windows and usually in Unix, the segments of the Ethernet address are separated by dashes. In some forms of Unix, the Ethernet address is segmented with colons.
	The IP address you are trying to assign is not on your logical subnet.	Confirm that your PC has an IP address and that it is in the same logical subnet that you are trying to assign to the device server.

Problem/Message	Reason	Solution
	The device server may not be plugged into the network properly.	Make sure that the Link LED is lit. If the Link LED is not lit, then the device server is not properly plugged into the network.
When you try to assign an IP with DeviceInstaller, you get the following message: <i>No response from device! Verify the IP, Hardware Address and Network Class. Please try again.</i>	The cause is most likely one of the following: The Hardware address you specified is incorrect. The IP address you are trying to assign is not a valid IP for your logical subnet. You did not choose the correct subnet mask.	Double-check the parameters that you specified. Note: You cannot assign an IP address to a device server through a router.
The device server is not communicating with the serial device to which it is attached.	The most likely reason is the wrong serial settings were chosen.	The serial settings for the serial device and the device server must match. The default serial settings for the device server are RS-232, 9600 baud, 8 character bits, no parity, 1 stop bit, no flow control.
When you try to enter the setup mode on the device server through the serial port, you get no response.	The issue is most likely something covered in the previous problem, or possibly, you have Caps Lock on.	Double-check everything in the problem above. Confirm that Caps Lock is not on.
You can ping the device server, but not Telnet to the device server on port 9999.	There may be an IP address conflict on your network You are not Telnetting to port 9999. The Telnet configuration port (9999) is disabled within the device server security settings.	Turn the device server off and then issue the following commands at the DOS prompt of your computer: ARP -D X.X.X.X (X.X.X.X is the IP of the device server). PING X.X.X.X (X.X.X.X is the IP of the device server). If you get a response, then there is a duplicate IP address on the network. If you do not get a response, use the serial port to verify that Telnet is not disabled.

Problem/Message	Reason	Solution
The device server appears to be set up correctly, but you are not communicating with your device attached to the device server across the network.	If you are sure that the serial port setting is correct, then you may not be connecting to the correct socket of the device server. Another possibility is that the device server is not set up correctly to make a good socket connection to the network.	You can check to see whether there is a socket connection to or from the device server by checking the state of CP1, if it has been configured for LED1 functionality. If the state of CP1 is blinking consistently, or is completely off, then there is a good socket connection. If the state of CP1 is low, use the Connect Mode option C0 for making a connection to the device server from the network. Use Connect Mode option C1 or C5 for a connection to the network from the device server. See the full list of Connect Mode options in Connect Mode .
When connecting to the Web-Manager within the device server, the <i>No Connection With The Device Server</i> message displays.	Your computer is not able to connect to port 30718 (77FEh) on the device server.	Make sure that port 30718 (77FEh) is not blocked with any router that you are using on the network. Also, make sure that port 77FEh is not disabled within the Security settings of the device server.

Technical Support

Technical Support US

Check our online knowledge base or send a question to Technical Support at
<http://www.lantronix.com/support>.

Phone: (800) 422-7044 (US Only)
(949) 453-7198

Technical Support Europe, Middle East, and Africa

Phone: +33 (0)1 39 30 41 72
+49 (0) 180 500 13 53 (Germany Only)

Email: eu_techsupp@lantronix.com or eu_support@lantronix.com

Firmware downloads, FAQs, and the most up-to-date documentation are available at
www.lantronix.com/support.

When you report a problem, please provide the following information:

- ◆ Your name, and your company name, address, and phone number
- ◆ Lantronix model number
- ◆ Lantronix MAC number
- ◆ Software version (on the first screen shown when you Telnet to port 9999)
- ◆ Description of the problem
- ◆ Status of the unit when the problem occurred (please try to include information on user and network activity at the time of the problem).