

ETS Installation Guide

For ETS8PS, ETS16PS, ETS16PR, and ETS32PR

Multiport Device Servers

Part Number 900-401 Revision A April 2005

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1: Introduction

The Lantronix ETS (ETS8PS, ETS16PS, ETS16PR, and ETS32PR) is a multi-port device server providing shared network access to terminals, devices, console ports, and printers for a variety of network protocols and operating systems. The ETS supports the TCP/IP, IPX (NetWare), Local Area Transport (LAT), AppleTalk (EtherTalk), and Microsoft LAN Manager protocols.

Note: In this manual, all ETS servers will be referred to as "the ETS" unless a distinction needs to be made between models.

The ETS stores its executable software in Flash (rewritable) ROM, meaning that it does not have to download software from a host each time it boots. Software must only be downloaded when a new software version becomes available. See *D:Updating Software* for more information.

Supported Serial Protocols

All ETS models support the RS-232/423 serial protocol.

RS-232

The RS-232 line interface standard is a single-ended peer-to-peer interface. Today's personal computers typically have at least one RS-232 serial port. It is the most common serial protocol used today.

RS-232 is used for connecting devices across short distances at speeds up to 230.4 kb/s. Faster speeds require shorter cabling to ensure error-free communication. The maximum cable length at a given speed is determined by many factors, including the immediate electrical environment and the quality of cable used, but is usually less than 15 meters at high speeds.

RS-423

All of the ETS models support the RS-423 line interface standard. RS-423 devices are interoperable with RS-232 devices. That is, RS-232 ports can receive data reliably from RS-423 ports and vice-versa.

The main difference between RS-423 and RS-232 is that RS-423 employs lower voltage signaling and differential receivers. RS-423 still uses single-ended transmitters for compatibility with RS-232 receivers.

RS-423 is generally rated at higher speeds over longer cabling runs than RS-232. Maximum data rates of 230.4 kb/s are possible on ETS-PR models, and 115.2 kb/s is the maximum on ETS-P models.

How to Use This Manual

2:Installation

3:Getting Started

4:Using the ETS

5:Printing on the ETS 6:NetWare Configuration 7:LAT Configuration 8:AppleTalk Configuration 9:DLC Configuration for LAN Manager

A:Contact Information B:Troubleshooting C: Pinouts D:Updating Software E:Specifications F:Frequently-Used Commands G:Compliance and Warranty Information Explains how to physically install the ETS.

Explains the minimum configuration needed.

Explains some of the ways that you can use your ETS.

Chapters 5 through 9 cover protocol-specific setup needed to install print queues and otherwise use the ETS.

Appendices A through F provide supplementary information.

Read chapters 2 through 4 in order, then proceed to the protocol-specific chapter that relates to your network. Refer to *F:Frequently-Used Commands* as needed. The *Device Server Reference Manual*, located on the CD-ROM and web site, provides additional information about configuring and using your ETS.

2: Installation

This chapter describes the various ETS models and shows how to install them into a basic network configuration. The ETSPS models will be explained first. For ETSPR descriptions and installation instructions, skip to *ETSPR Product Descriptions*.

ETSP Product Descriptions

ETSPS Front Panels

The front panel of all ETSP models has a Test/Reset button (called Reset on the ETS8PS and ETS16PS), seven LEDs, and a power switch. Pressing the Reset button for 5 seconds while the unit powers up will flush the NVR (factory reset).

ETS8PS/ETS16PS LEDs

The seven LEDs are explained in the following table.

LED	Function
PWR	Lights to indicate the ETS has power
LNK	Lights to indicate a functional 10BASE-T network link
POL	Lights to indicate a swapped 10BASE-T cable
ОК	Blinks to indicate that the ETS is functioning properly
NET	Blinks to indicate Ethernet activity
RCV	Blinks periodically to indicate serial characters entering the ETS
XMT	Blinks periodically to indicate serial characters exiting the ETS

Table 2-1. ETS8PS/ETS16PS LED Functionality

ETS8PS Back Panel

The back panel of the ETS8PS has a power plug, an AUI Ethernet port, an RJ45 10BASE-T Ethernet port, and eight RJ45 serial ports.





Power Plug

ETS16PS Back Panel

The back panel of the ETS16PS has a power plug, an AUI Ethernet port, a 10BASE-T Ethernet port, and 16 RJ45 serial ports.



Figure 2-2. ETS16PS Back Panel

Installing the ETSP

The following two diagrams show properly-installed ETSP servers.





To install the ETS, complete the following steps in order. Refer to the numbers in the previous figure.

1. Select a location for the ETS.

When choosing a location, keep in mind the environmental restrictions discussed in *E:Specifications*.

2. Connect one or more serial devices to the ETS.

Note: The default serial port settings are 9600 baud, 8 bit characters, no parity, 1 stop bit, and Xon-Xoff flow control. See C:Pinouts for information on what kinds of device attachments the ETS supports.

- 3. It is recommended to connect a terminal to the ETS console port (port 1). This will enable you to receive diagnostic and initial configuration messages.
- 4. Connect an Ethernet cable to **either** the 10BASE-T port (shown) **or** a transceiver connected to the AUI port.

Note: The ETS will boot without a valid Ethernet connection, but it will pause to print a message (seen on the console port) asking if you want to stop at the Boot> prompt. If you do not respond to this message, it will wait for 10 seconds and then finish booting.

- 5. Attach one end of the power cable to the ETS and plug the other end into an electrical outlet.
- 6. Flip the power switch to turn the unit ON. The ETS will go through two steps to begin normal operation:
 - *a)* It runs through a set of power-up diagnostics for approximately 12 seconds. The LEDs show varying patterns corresponding to the tests being run.
 - b) It tries to obtain TCP/IP configuration information via DHCP, BOOTP, and RARP. This may take as long as 15 seconds if no hosts answer the requests. During this step, the OK LED blinks approximately 3 times per second and the NET LED blinks occasionally.
- Install EZWebCon on your 32-bit Windows PC computer. The EZWebCon software is located on the distribution CD-ROM. Alternatively, download it from <u>ftp://ftp.lantronix.com</u>.

ETSPR Product Descriptions

ETS16PR Front Panel

The ETS16PR has 16 RJ45 serial ports, a Reset button, an AUI Ethernet port, an RJ45 Ethernet port for 10/100BASE-T, several LEDs, and a power switch.

Figure 2-4. ETS16PR Front Panel



Note: The first RJ45 port is also the serial console port. Use it as a method for the initial setup or troubleshooting.

ETS32PR Front Panel

The ETS32PR has 32 RJ45 serial ports, a Reset button, an AUI Ethernet port, an RJ45 Ethernet port for 10/100BASE-T, several status LEDs, and a power switch.

Figure 2-5. ETS32PR Front Panel



Note: The first RJ45 port is also the serial console port. Use it as a method for the initial setup or troubleshooting.

ETSPR LEDs

Each ETSPR has a total of 37 LEDs. Each serial port has one (ETS32PR) or two (ETS16PR) corresponding LEDs that indicate receive and transmit activity, and there are five status LEDs on the right side of the case.

LED	Function
activity	Blinks to indicate Ethernet activity
ok	Blinks to indicate that the ETS is functioning properly
100	Lights to indicate a 100BASE-T rather than 10BASE-T Ethernet link
link	Lights to indicate a functional Ethernet network link
power	Lights to indicate the ETS has power

Table 2-2. ETSPR Port LED Functionality

Installing the ETSPR

The following diagram shows a properly-installed ETS16PR. Installation will generally be the same for all ETSPR models, the only difference being the number of serial ports available. See *ETSPR Product Descriptions* on page 11 for more information.



Figure 2-6. Sample ETSPR Network Layout (ETS16PR shown)

To install the ETS, complete the following steps in order:

1. Attach the two rack mount brackets to your ETS and attach your bracketed ETS to your rack. The brackets should go on both front corners or both rear corners. (This is only necessary if you would like to mount the unit on a rack.)





2. Connect one or more serial devices to the ETS.

Note: The default serial port settings are 9600 baud, 8 bit characters, no parity, 1 stop bit, and Xon-Xoff flow control. See C:Pinouts for information on what kinds of device attachments the ETS supports.

- 3. It is recommended to connect a terminal to the ETS console port (port 1). This will enable you to receive diagnostic and initial configuration messages.
- 4. Connect an Ethernet cable to **either** the 10BASE-T port (shown) **or** a transceiver connected to the AUI port.

Note: The ETS will boot without a valid Ethernet connection, but it will pause to print a message (seen on the console port) asking if you want to stop at the Boot> prompt. If you do not respond to this message, it will wait for 10 seconds and then finish booting.

- 5. Attach one end of the power cable to the ETS and plug the other end into an electrical outlet.
- 6. Flip the power switch to turn the unit ON. The ETS will go through two steps to begin normal operation:

- *a)* It runs through a set of power-up diagnostics for approximately 12 seconds. The LEDs show varying patterns corresponding to the tests being run.
- b) It tries to obtain TCP/IP configuration information via DHCP, BOOTP, and RARP. This may take as long as 15 seconds if no hosts answer the requests. During this step, the OK LED blinks approximately 3 times per second and the NET LED blinks occasionally.
- Install EZWebCon on your 32-bit Windows PC computer. The EZWebCon software is located on the distribution CD-ROM. Alternatively, download it from <u>ftp://ftp.lantronix.com</u>.

3: Getting Started

It is important to consider the following points before logging into and configuring the ETS:

- You must configure the ETS IP address before any TCP/IP functionality is available. You cannot use the ThinWeb Manager until you have configured an IP address.
- Changing any server, service, or port setting requires privileged user status. The default privileged password is system.
- The login password is required for remote console logins. The default login username is access. The login password is not required by default.

Note: If you would like to change either the privileged or login password, either use *EZWebCon or refer to the Device Server Reference Manual located on the CD-ROM.*

Configuration Methods

EZWebCon

The EZWebCon configuration software is the recommended way to configure the ETS. EZWebCon's graphical user interface guides first time users through the initial configuration process and allows experienced users to update any configurable parameters.

EZWebCon requires a Java Virtual Machine (JVM) on the client. Lantronix provides JVM installers for Solaris and 32-bit Windows users, as well as source code and instructions for compiling it for other systems.

The EZWebCon software is located on the distribution CD-ROM. All instructions for installing EZWebCon are provided in the README file. For assistance once EZWebCon is running, refer to the EZWebCon on-line help.

Note: EZWebCon is also available from the Lantronix website and FTP server. See D:Updating Software for more information.

Using a Web Browser (ETSPR models)

The ThinWeb Manager web browser interface allows you to log into and configure your ETS using a standard web browser with JavaScript enabled. Simply type the ETS IP address or resolvable text name into the browser's URL/Location field (for example, http://111.222.333.444).





Once you have connected to the ETS, you will see the Lantronix ThinWeb Manager interface. Use the left-hand menu to navigate to subpages where you can configure important settings as well as view statistics and other server information.

Note: Do not use the ThinWeb Manager until the IP is configured. See TCP/IP Configuration.



Figure 3-2. ThinWeb Manager Interface

Incoming Logins

Incoming logins made via EZWebCon can be used to configure the ETS. Incoming LAT and TCP/IP logins can also be used.

Incoming Telnet is only possible if your ETS has an IP address configured. Incoming Telnet is enabled by default to allow TCP/IP connections. To change this setting, use the **Define Server Incoming** command described in the Command Reference chapter of the Device Server Reference Manual located on the CD-ROM.

Incoming logins do not prompt for a login password, so you may wish to disable them for security reasons. If it is undesirable to disable incoming logins, the ETS can be configured to prompt for a password with the **Define Server Incoming Password Enabled** command.

Console Terminal

To configure the ETS via a console terminal, attach a terminal to the serial console port (port 1) and press the **Return** key. You will see a **Local>** prompt at which you can enter configuration commands.

TCP/IP Configuration

The EZWebCon configuration software is the easiest way to configure the ETS. The following sections cover IP address configuration methods for TCP/IP hosts.

The ETS IP address must be configured before any TCP/IP functionality is available. Use one of the following methods to set the IP address: EZWebCon; a directed Ping packet; a BOOTP, DHCP, or RARP reply; or commands entered via the command line interface on a terminal console.

Using EZWebCon

Use the following steps to assign an IP address using the EZWebCon Expert Shell.

- 1. From the Action menu, select Assign IP Address.
- 2. Enter or change the IP-related settings:
 - a) For Ethernet Address, enter the number that appears on the bottom label of your ETS.

- b) For IP Address, enter the desired IP address to use for this ETS. The IP address should be on the same subnet as the PC running EZWebCon.
- c) For Subnet Mask, change the values provided only if you wish to use a mask other than the default. The default value should be correct in most cases.
- d) For Loadhost, enter the IP address of the loadhost where you intend to store your operating code.
- 3. Click OK.
- Reboot the ETS. EZWebCon will let you know whether the configuration was successful.

Note: If you have an older version of EZWebCon, refer to the ReadMe that was included with it.

Using a Directed Ping Packet

The ARP/ping method is available under UNIX and Windows-based systems. If the ETS has no IP address, it will set its address from the first directed IP packet it receives.

On a UNIX host, create an entry in the host's ARP table and substitute the intended IP address and the hardware address of the ETS, then ping the ETS. This process typically requires superuser privileges. The IP address should be on the same subnet as the PC running EZWebCon.

Figure 3-3. ARP and Ping on UNIX

#	arp -s	3 192.0.1.228	00:80:a3:xx:xx:xx
%	ping 1	L92.0.1.228	

In order for the ARP command to work on Windows 95, the ARP table on the PC must have at least one IP address defined other than its own. If the ARP table is empty, the command will return an error message. Type **ARP -A** at the DOS command prompt to verify that there is at least one entry in the ARP table.

Figure 3-4. /	ARP and	Ping on	Windows
---------------	---------	---------	---------

C:\	ARP -S 192	.0.1.228	00-80-A3-XX-XX-XX
C:\	PING 192.0	.1.228	

Note: There should be replies from the IP address if the ARP command worked.

When the ETS receives the ping packet, it will notice that its IP address is not set and will send out broadcasts to see if another node is using the specified address. If no duplicate is found, the ETS will use the IP address and will respond to the ping packet.

The ETS will not save the learned IP address permanently; this procedure is intended as a temporary measure to enable EZWebCon to establish communication and allow an administrator to Telnet into the ETS. Once logged in, the administrator can enter the **Define Server IPaddress** command to make the address permanent.

Figure 3-5. Configuring Permanent IP Address

% telnet 192.0.1.228	
Trying 192.0.1.228	
Lantronix ETSx Version n.n/n (yymmdd)	

```
Type Help at the 'Local_>' prompt for assistance.
Enter Username> gopher
Local> SET PRIVILEGED
Password> system (not echoed)
Local>> DEFINE SERVER IPADDRESS 192.0.1.228
Local>> DEFINE SERVER SUBNET MASK 255.255.255.0
```

Any host wishing to access the ETS will have to be told the ETS' IP address. This is typically configured in the UNIX file /etc/hosts or via a nameserver. Refer to the host's documentation for additional information.

Using a BOOTP, DHCP, or RARP Reply

At boot time a host-based DHCP, BOOTP, or RARP server can respond to an ETS request for an available IP address. For information about configuring the DHCP, BOOTP, or RARP server, see your host documentation.

Using the Command Line Interface

- Connect to the serial port (Port_1) using a console terminal or a terminal emulation program, and press Enter. The serial port settings are 9600 baud, 8 bits, 1 stop bit, no parity.
- 2. Become the privileged user.

Figure 3-6. Becoming the Privileged User

Local> SET PRIVII	LEGED	
Password> system	(not	echoed)
Local>>		

3. Enter the new IP address.

Figure 3-7. Configuring the IP Address

```
Local>> define server ipaddress 192.0.1.201
Local>> DEFINE SERVER SUBNET MASK 255.255.255.0
```

For additional command line reference (for use with Telnet or a terminal console), see the ETS Reference Manual available for download from www.lantronix.com/support/docs/index.html.

Was the Installation Successful?

If the ETS appears to be working and the unit is connected to the network, there are a couple of ways to confirm that the unit is visible to network hosts:

- If the ETS has an IP address, ping it from a TCP/IP host.
- If the ETS has an IP address, use EZWebCon to log into it.

When you are satisfied that the ETS is working properly, proceed to 3:Getting Started. If the ETS does not boot properly, see B:Troubleshooting.

4: Using the ETS

The sections in this chapter show how to use the ETS in a variety of applications.

For detailed instructions on how to set up the ETS as a console server, see Console Server Example.

For instructions on how to use the ETS in serial tunnel mode, see *Serial Tunnel Example* on page 23.

For information about using the ETS with the Lantronix Comm Port Redirector, see *Comm Port Redirector* on page 24.

Keep in mind that you must reboot the ETS after issuing a Define command. The command will take effect when the ETS reboots. The one exception is that Define Port commands take effect when a port is logged out.

Console Server Example

When you use the ETS as a console server, you can remotely manage devices and equipment from anywhere on the network.





To use the ETS as a console server, you must connect the ETS serial ports to the serial console/management ports of other equipment such as UNIX servers, PBX switches, routers, network switches, or other similar devices.

Once you have completed the connections, you can establish a Telnet connection to the ETS IP address and socket number of the desired port. The ETS serial ports allow two types of socket connections: Telnet IAC interpretation at socket 200x, and raw TCP connections at socket 300x, where x is the port number. For example, to open a Telnet connection to port 4 of an ETS at IP address 192.0.1.168, you would issue the command "Telnet 192.0.1.168 2004" from your system prompt. In a Windows environment, use a space instead of a colon in the command syntax.

In addition to direct Telnet connections, you can use the ETS' built-in menu feature. The ETS menu allows you to connect to the IP address of the ETS and be greeted with a menu with which to connect to each attached serial device. Menu choices are an easy way to let users access often-used hosts and services without needing to know any ETS command syntax, the IP addresses of the non-local devices, or the socket numbers involved.

Figure 4-2. Sample Menu

Lantronix Console Server			
1) Cisco Router	5) PBX Switch		
2) Sun Server	6) ETS Prompt		
HPUX Server	7) Logout		
4) Linux Server	8)		
Enter Selection:			

Define the Menus

To give your menu a name, use a Define Menu Title command.

```
Figure 4-3. Menu Title
```

```
Local>> DEFINE MENU TITLE "Lantronix Console Server:"
```

Create menus entries with the **Define Menu** command. (To temporarily test menu entries without making them permanent, you may choose to use the **Set Menu** command.) Users type the number of the command they wish to execute and press **Enter**.

The basic syntax of the Define Menu command includes:

- a menu item number
- a menu item name
- a command that is executed when the user chooses that menu item.

Figure 4-4. Generic Menu Command

```
Local>> DEFINE MENU n "Name" "command"
```

NOTE: You must enclose both the menu item and the command in their own sets of quotation marks.

There are three types of menu entries.

- Those that connect users to devices on the network (see Figure 4-5)
- Those that connect users to devices attached to the ETS (see Figure 4-6)
- Those that function locally on the ETS (see Figure 4-7)

To allow users to connect to a device on the network from a terminal connected to the ETS, use a **Telnet** command.

Figure 4-5. Menu Entries for network Connections

```
Local>> DEFINE MENU 1 "Cisco Router" "telnet 192.0.1.250;kill"
Local>> DEFINE MENU 2 "Sun Server" "telnet 192.0.1.251;kill"
```

To allow users to connect from the network to a device connected to the ETS (or from one ETS port to another) add a **Connect Local** command.

Figure 4-6. Menu Entries for manipulating the ETS

Local>>	DEFINE	MENU	3	"HPUX Server" "connect local port_3"
Local>>	DEFINE	MENU	4	"Linux Server" "connect local port_4"
Local>>	DEFINE	MENU	5	"PBX Switch" "connect local port 5"

To allow users to access a local service on the ETS, add a general ETS command.

Figure 4-7. Menu Entries for manipulating the ETS

Local>>	DEFINE	MENU	6	"ETS Prompt" "exit"
Local>>	DEFINE	MENU	7	"Logout" "logout"

NOTE: The Exit command only works in menu mode. It allows users to return to the **Local>** prompt on the ETS on which the menu was configured. It is helpful to include this command in your menus until you have full tested them – otherwise there is no way for users on menu mode ports to return to the **Local>** prompt.

To review the menu that you have just created, type **List Menu** at the **Local>** prompt. The menu created by the previous commands would look like this:

Figure 4-8. New Menu

```
Local_1>> show menu

Title for the menu is "Lantronix Console Server"

1: Cisco Router --> "telnet 192.0.1.250;kill"

2: Sun Server --> "telnet 192.0.1.251;kill"

3: HPUX Server --> "connect local port_3"

4: Linux Server --> "connect local port_4"

5: PBX Switch --> "connect local port_5"

6: ETS Prompt --> "exit"

7: Logout --> "logout"
```

Enable Menu Mode

You must enable menu mode for all ports on which you wish the menu system to work. Ports 2-4 will be used for the examples in this section.

Figure 4-9. Enabling Menu Mode

Local>>	DEFINE	PORT	2-4	MENU	ENABLED
Local>>	LOGOUT	PORT	2-4		

Note: If you want incoming logins from the network to be able to use the menu, you must enable menu mode on port 0.

Users who Telnet into the ETS would see the menu rather than the Local> prompt.

Note: Administrators can bypass the menu and get to the ETS command line by forming a Telnet connection to port 7000.

Configure Switches

Switches allow users to move around within open sessions and return to the ETS **Local>** prompt if needed. Configure a local switch to return to the local prompt. Also, configure backward and forward switches if you intend to allow serial port users to hold multiple sessions to remote servers. You must set switches for all of the ports for which menu mode is enabled (see *Define the Menus* on page 20).

Any key may be used for a switch, provided that the chosen keys do not interfere with the sessions. To use a control key, type a carat (^).

Figure 4-10. Configuring Switches

Local>>	DEFINE	PORT	2-4	LOCAL SWITCH X
Local>>	DEFINE	PORT	2-4	FORWARD SWITCH [^] F
Local>>	DEFINE	PORT	2-4	BACKWARD SWITCH ^B
Local>>	DEFINE	PORT	2-4	BREAK LOCAL

Note: Define Port Break Local allows the ETS to recognize the switches you just configured.

To check switch configurations, enter the Show/List Port command and specify the ports that are used for menu mode.

Figure 4-11. Show Port Screen

```
Local 1>> show po 2
Port 2 : Username:
                                       Physical Port 2 (Idle)
   Char Size/Stop Bits: 8/1 Input Speed:
Flow Ctrl: Xon/Xoff Output Speed:
Parity: None Modem Control:
                                                               9600
                                                               9600
                                                               None
                          Dynamic Local Switch:
^B Port Name:
   Backward:
                                                                 ^X
                                                             Port_2
   Break Ctrl:
                             Local Session Limit:
                                                                   4
                                 ^F Terminal Type:
   Forward:
                                                             Soft()
   Characteristics: Menu
```

Using Menus

When you log into a port with menu mode enabled, you will be presented with an initial login screen.

Figure 4-12. Login Screen

```
Lantronix ETSxx Version B3.6/3 (000410)
Type HELP at the 'Local_10> ' prompt for
assistance.
Username>
```

1. Enter your user name (in this case, Bob) and press Enter.

Figure 4-13. Login Screen, part 2

Username> Bob

Press <CR> to continue...

2. As instructed, press the Return key once more to see the actual menu.

Figure 4-14. Login Menu

) PBX Switch
) ETS Prompt
) Logout
)

3. Type the number of the desired option and press **Enter**. For example, to connect to the Linux server, press 4 and then press **Enter**.

4. To return to the menu from your Linux session, press the configured Local Switch key. In this case, the Local Switch is Ctrl-X (see Figure 4-10).

Note: Switch keys only work within sessions. They do not work from the menu screen - you must enter a menu number to go to a session from the menu screen.

Serial Tunnel Example

Two ETS device servers can be connected to emulate a direct serial connection across a LAN or WAN. Servers connected in this way can pass data only—they will not be able to pass status signals (DSR/DTR, CTS/RTS, etc.) or preserve timing between characters. The basic network configuration for this virtual serial line is shown in Figure 4-15.



ĨAN/

WAN

TCP Configuration

Assuming the ETS serial port parameters have been configured properly, the ETS device servers in Figure 4-15 are configured as follows:

Ethernet

ETS B

Serial Device

000000

•==

ETS_A

Local>> DEFINE PORT 2 DEDICATED TELNET 192.168.5.10:3001T
Local>> DEFINE PORT 2 AUTOSTART ENABLED

ETS_B

Local>> DEFINE PORT 3 ACCESS REMOTE
Local>> DEFINE PORT 3 DEDICATED NONE
Local>> DEFINE PORT 3 AUTOSTART DISABLED

Note: If the ETS device servers are on different IP subnets, configure the default gateway on each unit with the Change Gateway command.

The above commands create a raw (8-bit clean) TCP connection between ETS_A port 2 and ETS_B port 3 once the units have been power-cycled. The commands for ETS_A ensure that it will automatically connect to ETS_B each time it is booted. The commands for ETS_B ensure that it is always available to accept connections from ETS_A. Once this connection is made, data is able to travel in both directions.

Note: You must log out the ETS ports after configuring them so that the commands can take effect.

UDP Configuration

When the UDP protocol is used, there is no connection; each ETS must be told explicitly which hosts it is allowed to accept packets from. Each ETS would have to be configured to both send packets to and accept packets from the other ETS.

ETS_A

```
Local>> DEFINE PORT 2 DEDICATED TELNET 192.168.5.10:4096U
Local>> DEFINE PORT 2 AUTOSTART ENABLED
Local>> DEFINE PORT 2 ACCESS DYNAMIC
ETS_B
Local>> DEFINE PORT 3 DEDICATED TELNET 192.168.5.2:4096U
Local>> DEFINE PORT 3 AUTOSTART ENABLED
Local>> DEFINE PORT 3 ACCESS DYNAMIC
```

Note: For further information on applicable environment strings, refer to the ETS Reference Manual.

Setting up dedicated hosts ensures that the units will always talk to each other. Enabling Autostart for both units enables one ETS to send data to the other ETS without having to wait for a serial carriage return to start the session. ETS_B knows exactly which other ETS to accept connections from. Finally, when Autostart is enabled, the access mode must be either Local or Dynamic (Dynamic is more flexible).

Multi-port Serial Tunnel Configuration

You can create serial tunnels for any available ports on the ETS. Each serial tunnel must point from one ETS port to one different serial device port (such as a serial port on an ETS, MSS, or UDS server).

Comm Port Redirector

The Lantronix Comm Port Redirector application allows PCs to share modems and other serial devices connected to an ETS using Microsoft Windows or DOS communication applications. The Redirector intercepts communications to specified Comm ports and sends them over an IP network connection to the ETS serial port. This enables the PC to use the ETS serial port as if it were one of the PC Comm ports. Using their existing communications software, PC users dial out to a remote host through a modem connected to the ETS.

The Comm Port Redirector software and installation instructions are included on the distribution CD-ROM and are available for download from <u>ftp://ftp.lantronix.com</u>.

5: Printing on the ETS

The EZWebCon configuration software is the easiest method for ETS configuration. The following sections cover print configuration methods for TCP/IP hosts.

Note: Printing directly to a port is the easiest method for printing to the ETS. If you would like instructions for printing to a service, see the Device Server Reference Manual located on the CD-ROM.

LPR Printing

The ETS provides several major methods of printing via TCP/IP such as TCP/IP socket printing and Berkeley remote LPR and RTEL host software.

Two parameters must be configured for LPR printing:

- 1. The IP address or host name of the ETS.
- 2. The remote output queue (the name of the service on the ETS).

In addition, there are a few important things to note about LPR printing:

- Windows for Workgroups, Windows 95, and Windows 98 do not support LPR directly; however, Lantronix has provided a peer-to-peer printing solution on the distribution CD-ROM.
- Because of the way the LPR protocol is typically implemented on the host, the processing options and banner page are sent after the job data itself. The ETS will print a banner page at the end of a job, and cannot support most of the LPR options. If it is necessary to have the banner page at the beginning of the printout, install and use the RTEL software. If banners are not needed, they can be disabled.
- The ETS cannot print multiple copies of the print job when using the "-#n" lpr option.
- If two print queues on the host refer to two services on the same ETS, they
 must use separate spooling directories.
- No special purpose input or output filters can be used when printing via LPR. If this functionality is necessary, use the named pipe interface program in the RTEL print queue configuration software.

Services

With few exceptions, you must create a service before you can configure print queues on the ETS. A service is a resource accessible to network hosts. A Lantronix service is also known as a remote printer name or remote queue name on many operating systems.

LPR on Windows 2000, XP, and 2003

Two methods of printing to the Lantronix ETS devices are supported by Windows 2000, XP and 2003.

- Creating a Standard TCP/IP port allows communication through a RAW Telnet port. This is supported by default.
- Creating a LPR port allowing jobs to be submitted to a "Service" offered by the ETS. Services are the basic method allowing the ETS to provide a queuing mechanism to a network host. (See the ETS Reference Manual for in-depth instructions on creating queues.)

To enable LPR support, install Print Services for UNIX:

- 1. From the Windows' Start Menu, select Settings → Control Panel.
- 2. Select Add/Remove Programs.
- 3. Select Add/Remove Windows Components.
- 4. Select Other Network File and Print Services.

To initiate either of the print methods, follow these steps:

- From the Windows' Start Menu, select Settings → Printers and Faxes (or Printers).
- 2. Select Add Printer.
- 3. Select Local Printer attached to this computer. De-select Automatically detect and install my Plug and Play printer. Click Next.

Add Printer Wizard
Local or Network Printer The wizard needs to know which type of printer to set up.
Select the option that describes the printer you want to use:
To set up a network printer that is not attached to a print server,
use the "Local printer" option.
< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel

4. In the Select a Printer Port dialog box, select **Standard TCP/IP Port** from the **Create a new port** drop-down menu. Click **Next**.

Add Printer Wizard
Select a Printer Port Computers communicate with printers through ports.
Select the port you want your printer to use. If the port is not listed, you can create a new port.
C Les the following port: LPT1: (Recommended Printer Port)
Note: Most computers use the LPT1: port to communicate with a local printer. The connector for this port should look something like this:
<u>C</u> reate a new port:
Type of port: Local Port 🔹
Local Port
Standard TCP/IP Port
< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel

 In the Add Port dialog box, enter the IP address of the ETS in the Printer Name or IP Address field. Enter a user-friendly name in the Port Name field. (Windows uses this as the display name for this printer configuration).

Add Standard TCP/IP Printer Po	ort Wizard			×
Add Port For which device do you wan				
Enter the Printer Name or IP a	iddress, and a	port name for t	he desired device	9.
Printer Name or IP <u>A</u> ddress:	172.19.17.	200		_
Port Name:	HP Laserje	t		_
		< <u>B</u> ack	<u>N</u> ext >	Cancel

6. In the Additional Information required dialog box, select **Custom** as the Device Type. Click **Settings**.

dd Standard TC	P/IP Printer Port Wizard
Additional Por The device	rt Information Required could not be identified.
The device is no	ot found on the network. Be sure that:
 The device i The network The device i The device i The address 	s turned on. ; is connected. ; on the previous page is correct.
If you think the a the address and select the device	address is not correct, click Back to return to the previous page. Then correct perform another search on the network. If you are sure the address is correct, e type below.
Device Type=	
C <u>S</u> tandard	Generic Network Card
	Settings
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel

7. If configuring the printer to use a Standard TCP/IP port, select **RAW**. Identify the appropriate ETS port to use in the **Port Number** field.

nfigure Standard TCP/IP P	Port Monitor
ort Settings	
Port Name:	HP Laserjet
Printer Name or IP <u>A</u> ddress:	172.19.17.200
Protocol <u>R</u> aw	C LPR
Raw Settings Port <u>N</u> umber: 300	1
LPR Settings	
LPR Byte Counting Enabl	led
- SNMP Status Enabled -	
Community Name: pub	lic
SNMP <u>D</u> evice Index: 1	

Note: Lantronix uses the following convention to identify the TCP ports on the ETS: 3000 + port number. For example: Port 1 = 3001, Port 2 = 3002, Port 3 = 3003 etc.

8. If configuring the printer to use a LPR port, select LPR. Identify the appropriate ETS service to use in the **Queue Name** field.

To determine the services running on the ETS do the following:

Access the ETS Local> prompt (via telnet or a terminal console).

Type SET PRIV and enter the privileged user password (default password is SYSTEM).

Type show services local.

To configure a service, use the following commands from the privileged user prompt on the ETS:

```
Local>> DEFINE SERVICE (ETS_HPLaserjet) port
(x) enable
(substitute your own values for the entries in parentheses)
Local>> INITIALIZE DELAY 0
```

After the reboot use the following command to display the status of the newly defined service:

Local>> SHOW SERVICE (ETS_HPLaserjet) CHAR

Configure Standard TCP/IP Port	t Monitor 🔗 🗙
Port Settings	
Port Name:	HP Laserjet
Printer Name or IP <u>A</u> ddress:	172.19.17.200
Protocol C <u>B</u> aw	€ <u>L</u> PR
Raw Settings Port Number: 9100	
LPR Settings	IPLaserjet
LPR Byte Counting Enabled	
SNMP Status Enabled	
Community Name: public	
SNMP <u>D</u> evice Index: 1	
	OK Cancel

- 9. Click OK. Click Next.
- 10. Identify the Manufacturer and Model of the print device used. Provide the appropriate driver if prompted.

Add Printer Wizard
Install Printer Software The manufacturer and model determine which printer software to use.
Select the manufacturer and model of your printer. If your printer came with an installation disk, click Have Disk. If your printer is not listed, consult your printer documentation for compatible printer software.
Manufacturer Printers Epson Generic / Text Only Fuji Xerox Generic / Text Only Fujisu Generic IBM Graphics 9pin GCC MS Publisher Color Printer Generic MS Publisher Lineaceutter
This driver is digitally signed. Windows Update Have Disk Tell me why driver signing is important Important Important
< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel

11. Click Next. Click Finish.

LPR on Windows NT 3.5.1 (and later)

This section assumes that TCP/IP, Simple TCP/IP, and Microsoft TCP/IP printing have been installed on the Windows NT host.

- 1. In the Control Panel, double-click the **Printers** icon.
- 2. Double-click the Add Printer icon.
- 3. In the window that appears, choose My computer and click Next.



4. Select the Add Port button and click Next.

Add Printer Wizard				
E	Click the check Documents will <u>Available ports</u> :	box next to the po print to the first ava	rt(s) you want to use. allable checked port.	_
	Port	Description	Printer 4	•
	LPT1:	Local Port		
\sim (LPT2:	Local Port		
	LPT3:	Local Port		
	COM1:	Local Port		1
	COM2:	Local Port		
	COM3:	Local Port		
	COM4:	Local Port		"
	Add Por	ter pooling	<u>C</u> onfigure Port	
	< [Back <u>N</u> ext	> Cancel	

5. Select LPR Port.

Printer Ports	? ×
Available Printer Ports:	
Digital Network Port	
Lexmark DLC Network Port	
Lexmark I CP/IP Network Port	
Local Port	
	New Monitor
	<u></u>
No. P	
New <u>F</u>	

Note: If LPR Port is not an option, open the Network Control Panel and add "Microsoft TCP/IP Printing" to the List of services.

- 6. Enter the name or IP address of your ETS on the first line, and enter the name of your ETS print service on the second line.
- 7. Select the manufacturer and printer type.



8. Enter the queue name.



9. If applicable, choose **Shared** and select the type of operating system that the printer will be working with. (First confirm that the print queue is working).

Add Printer Wizard	
	Indicate whether this printer will be shared with other network users. If you choose sharing give this printer a share name. Share Name: EPS_sook Select the operating systems of all computers that will be printing to this printer.
	Windows 35 Windows NT 4.0 MIPS Windows NT 4.0 Apha Windows NT 4.0 Apha Windows NT 3.5 or 3.51 x86 Windows NT 3.5 or 3.51 MIPS
	< <u>B</u> ack Next> Cancel

10. Test the printer by choosing **Yes** and clicking **Finish**.

Add Printer Wizard	After your printer is installed, you can print a test page so you can confirm that the printer is set up properly. Would you like to print a test page? Ng
	< Back Finish Cancel

LPR on Windows 95/98

Lantronix provides a utility to enable LPR printing on Windows 95/98. To request this utility, contact Lantronix Technical Support and ask for "Itxlpr.exe".

- 1. Install the file ltxlpr.exe. Once installation is complete, a ReadMe file will open automatically.
- 2. Follow the directions in the ReadMe file to configure LPR on your PC.

LPR on UNIX Hosts

The Berkeley remote printing system is supported on many machines, and is simple to configure. This section describes how to configure LPR print queues on generic UNIX hosts such as SUN hosts. There are slight variations in LPR configuration for AIX, HP, and SCO hosts, as will be explained in the following sections.

1. Install a print queue on your host by adding the ETS name and IP address to the /etc/hosts file:

Figure 5-1. Adding /etc/hosts Entry

xxx.xxx.xxx ETS xxxxxx

2. Add the host print queue to the /etc/printcap file. The punctuation shown in Figure 5-7 is required, and no extra spaces should be added.

Figure 5-2. Adding /etc/printcap Entry

```
ets_prt|Printer on LAB ETS:\
:rm=ETS_xxxxxx:\
:rp=ETS_xxxxxx_TEXT:\
:sd=/usr/spool/lpd/ets_prt:
```

This will create a host queue named ets_prt. The rm parameter is the name of the ETS in the host's address file, the rp parameter is the name of the service as it exists on the ETS, and the sd parameter specifies the name of a directory used to hold temporary spooling files.

3. Create a world-writable spooling directory using the mkdir command.

Figure 5-3. Creating Spooling Directory

```
# mkdir /usr/spool/lpd/ets_prt
# chmod 777 /usr/spool/lpd/ets_prt
```

- 4. If desired, use the mx option to allow unlimited size files to be printed and the sh option to prevent header pages from being generated. See the host's documentation or man pages for more information on the format of the printcap file and how to create the spool directory.
- 5. Print to the queue using normal lpr commands:

Figure 5-4. Printing to Queue



LPR on AIX Hosts

The System Management Interface Tool (SMIT) allows you to enable LPD printing and create print queues. LPR has only been tested on AIX versions 3.2 and higher.

To create a print queue:

- 1. At the host prompt, type smit.
- 2. Choose Print Spooling.
- 3. Choose Manage Print Server and Start the Print Server Subsystem (lpd daemon).
- 4. In the Start the Print Server Subsystem dialog box, type both in the first field.
- 5. The message "The lpd subsystem has been started" will appear. Click **Done**.

To add a print queue:

- 1. From the main window, choose **Print Spooling**.
- 2. Choose Manage Print Server and Manage Print Queues.
- 3. Choose Add a print queue.

- 4. From the dialog box that appears, choose remote.
- 5. From the next dialog box, choose Remote Printing.
- 6. The Add a Standard Remote Print Queue dialog box will appear. Enter the following information.
 - The name of the print queue,
 - The name of the ETS unit,
 - The name of the ETS service,
 - The type of print spooler on the remote server, and
 - A description of the printer on the remote server.
- 7. A dialog box will appear: "Added print queue ets_prt". Click **Done**.

Note: If you are unable to use SMIT, see the Device Server Reference Manual on the CD-ROM for UNIX commands used to set up print queues.

8. Print to the queue using normal lp syntax.

Figure 5-5. Printing to Queue

% lp -dets_prt filename

LPR on HP Hosts

The System Administration Manager (SAM) allows you to create print queues.

Note: If you are unable to use SAM, the Device Server Reference Manual located on the CD-ROM describes UNIX commands that can be used to set up print queues.

To create a print queue:

- 1. At the HP prompt, type sam.
- 2. From the main application window, choose Printers and Plotters.
- 3. In the Printers and Plotters window, choose Printers/Plotters.
- 4. In the pull-down menu, select Remote Printer/Plotter from the Actions menu.
- 5. The Add Remote Printer window will appear. SAM will prompt you for:
 - The printer name (the name of the print queue),
 - The remote system name (the ETS name),
 - The remote printer name (the ETS service),
 - The remote cancel model, and
 - The remote status model.

LPR on SCO UNIX Hosts

LPR is supported in SCO V3.2 release 4 with TCP/IP Version 1.2 and greater.

To configure a print queue using LPR, issue the mkdev rlp command. This will install the Berkeley remote printing files and executable programs.

Note: The mkdev rlp command should only be issued once, or serious problems will occur. If this happens, contact SCO technical support.

You can print to this queue using normal lp syntax once the remote printer is set up. To create a remote printer:

1. Issue the **rlpconf** command.

2. Answer the questions that follow.

Figure 5-6. Configuring Remote Printer

```
Remote Printing Configuration
Enter information for remote printers or local
printers accepting remote printing requests
Please enter the printer name (q to quit):
backupprinter
Is printer backupprinter a remote printer or a
local printer? (r/l) r
Please enter the name of the remote host that
backupprinter is attached to: ETS xxxxxx
The backupprinter is connected to host ETS xxxxxx.
Is this correct? (y/n) y
Would you like this to be the sys.default printer?
(y/n) y
Make sure your hostname appears in ETS_PRT's
/etc/hosts.equivor or /etc/hosts:lpd file.
Make sure backupprinter appears in /etc/printcap
(in BSD format).
Make sure backupprinter has a spool directory on
ETS PRT.
Putting the printer in printer description file and
creating spool directory... done
Updating LP information... done
```

In the example, the printer name is your ETS service name, and the remote host name is the name of your ETS as it is listed in your hosts file.

During initial configuration, the queue name must be the same as the remote printer name. However, you may change the queue name later by manually editing the printcap file.

RTEL Functionality

If the LPR method of printing is not adequate for an application (for example, if you need banners before jobs, or more flexibility), configure the Lantronix-supplied RTEL software on the host. After installing the software configuring the connections to the ETS, you can use normal UNIX print commands and queue utilities such as lpc and lpstat.

Note: RTEL binaries are provided for many systems. Source code is also provided for use on non-supported systems. Download it from <u>ftp://ftp.lantronix.com/pub/rtel</u>.

To print to the ETS using special formatting or using third-party software packages, you may have to create print pipes on the host. The RTEL software provides this functionality by providing a UNIX named-pipe interface.

To recreate the RTEL source files:

- 1. Copy the file RTEL_SRC.TAR in binary mode from the distribution CD-ROM to the UNIX host.
- 2. Untar the archive.
- 3. See the README files in the created directories that describe the contents of the RTEL distribution and man pages that describe the actual software functionality.

Unix Host Troubleshooting

Area to Check	Explanation
The ETS IP address and name are entered in the host file.	Telnet to the ETS using the name in the host file and verify that the ETS name is resolvable and that the ETS is reachable via the network.
Jobs that appear in the host queue reach the ETS	From within the LPC administrative utility, enter these commands to clear and reset the host queue: abort <i>queue</i> clear <i>queue</i>
	enable queue
	start queue

Table 5-1. TCP Troubleshooting

6: NetWare Configuration

The EZWebCon configuration software is the easiest way to configure the ETS. The following sections cover print configuration methods for NetWare hosts.

Note: The ETS needs an IP address before you can use EZWebCon. See TCP/IP Configuration on page 16 for instructions.

This chapter explains creating NDS print queues with NetWare Administrator and with the PCONSOLE Quick Setup option. To create NDS print queues, you must be running NetWare version 4.x with NDS capabilities.

If you are running NetWare versions 2.x, 3.x, or version 4.x with bindery emulation, you may configure bindery print queues using QINST (bindery only) or PCONSOLE. For more information, see the NetWare chapter of the Device Server Reference Manual located on the CD-ROM.

NDPS Printing

Lantronix Terminal and Print Servers support Novell's NDPS for printing using the Novell NDPS Gateway. For instruction on setting up NDPS, refer to your Novell documentation. Lantronix also provides information on setting up NDPS in our FAQs on our support web site (http://www.lantronix.com/support).

NDS Print Queues

Obtain an NDS License

If you wish to create NDS print queues, you must read and complete an NDS registration form via one of the following methods:

- Using a forms-capable Internet browser, navigate to the Lantronix World Wide Web site (www.lantronix.com), go to the Technical Support section, and find the Novell NDS Registration link.
- Send email to <u>support@lantronix.com</u>. You will receive a blank registration form that can be completed and returned to Lantronix.
- If you don't have Internet access, contact a Lantronix technical support representative for assistance. Contact information is provided in A:Contact Information.

Configure your ETS

1. License NDS on your ETS using the string obtained from Lantronix.

Figure 6-1. Licensing NDS

Local>> DEFINE PROTOCOL NETWARE DSLICENSE licensestring

2. Define the directory service tree in which the ETS is located.

Figure 6-2. Defining Directory Service Tree

Local>> DEFINE PROTOCOL NETWARE DSTREE foodco

Note: For an explanation of the structure of the NetWare Directory Service tree, see your host documentation.

3. Define the directory service context in which the ETS is located.

Figure 6-3. Defining Directory Service Context

Local>> DEFINE PROTOCOL NETWARE DSCONTEXT ou=kiwi.ou=exotic.o=fruit

- 4. Enter the List Protocol NetWare Access command to ensure that at least one of the file servers in the directory service tree is in the access list.
- 5. If desired file server is not in the access list, add it.

Figure 6-4. Defining Access List

Local>> DEFINE PROTOCOL NETWARE ACCESS fileserver

6. Reboot the ETS.

Figure 6-5. Rebooting

Local>> INITIALIZE DELAY 0

NetWare Administrator Quick Setup Print Queues

The NetWare Administrator management utility allows you to manage network resources, such as queue-based print services, in a tree structure. You can either use the Quick Setup option or individually create printing-related objects.

Note: NetWare Administrator can be used for both NDS and bindery print queues.

To create a print queue with the Quick Setup option:

- 1. Start the NetWare Administrator.
- 2. In the Directory Tree windows, select the context in which to install the printer.
- 3. From the Menu Bar, select Tools: Print Services Quick Setup.
- 4. In the Print Server Name field, enter the name of your ETS (viewable by entering the Show Server command at the **Local> prompt**).
- 5. In the Printer Name field, enter the name of the desired print service configured on your ETS. For example, **ETS_xxxxxx**.
- 6. In the Print Queue Name field, enter the name of the print queue to create. The name should be meaningful to you; it will not affect ETS configuration.
- 7. Click Create.
- 8. Reboot the ETS.

PCONSOLE Print Queues

- 1. Log in as Admin on the file server you will be changing.
- 2. At the prompt, type **PCONSOLE** to start the utility.

For example, if your file server is mapped to the F: drive, you would use the F: prompt.

- 3. From the main menu, choose Quick Set-Up.
- 4. When prompted by PCONSOLE, enter the information with which to configure the print queue.
 - The print server name (ETS_xxxxx),
 - The new printer name (service name, such as ETS_xxxxx),
 - The new print queue name, and
 - The print queue volume (the name of the file server from which the printer receives print requests).
 - The remaining fields can be left in their default settings.
- 5. Press the **F10** key to save the print queue information.
- 6. Reboot the ETS.

NetWare Host Troubleshooting

Table 6-1. NetWare Host Troubleshooting (Bindery Mode)

Area to Check	Explanation
The print server names in PCONSOLE match the ETS name and its service name	Use PCONSOLE to check.
The ETS NetWare access table	Use the Show Protocols NetWare Access command. Scanning too many file servers can cause a delay between jobs. Configure the access list to only scan for jobs on the file servers of interest.

Table 6-2. NetWare Host Troubleshooting (NDS)

Area to Check	Explanation
The ETS NetWare access table	Use the Show Protocols NetWare Access command. By default, only local file servers are scanned for queues.
The ETS login password and the queue password on the file server	The passwords must match or the ETS will not be able to log into the file servers to scan for jobs.
The ETS has successfully attached to the queue	Type NETSTAT at the Local> prompt. This will display information about fileservers, printers, and queues that the ETS has found. If a queue is in JobPoll, the ETS has successfully attached to the queue.

Area to Check	Explanation
The DSTree, DSContext, and DSLicense	Type Show Protocol NetWare NDS . This command shows the tree and the context that you have configured, a failure code, and an NDS error code for each server.
	DSTree is the directory service tree on which the ETS is located. DSContext is the context where the ETS is located; it must match the context on the file server (The DSContext must be of the following form: ou=fruit.o=exotic). DSLicensed should be yes.
Printer and queue changes have propagated through the NDS tree	It may take a few minutes for the changes to propagate. If the ETS doesn't attach, reboot the ETS.

Code	Meaning	Remedy
0xfffffda7	Object could not be found in the given context	Check the ETS server name, DScontext, and DStree to ensure the printer server is set up correctly with PCONSOLE.
0xfffffda5	Requested attribute could not be found	Use PCONSOLE to ensure that the ETS has associated printers and the printers have associated queues.
0xfffffd69	DS Database is locked	An administrator is probably updating the database. Wait a few minutes and issue the Set Protocol NetWare Reset command.
0xfffffd63	Invalid password	The password for the print server object under PCONSOLE must match the ETS login password. If the login password on the ETS is left as the default (access), there should be no password for the print server object.
0xfffffd54	Secure NCP violation	Turn down the NCP packet signature level so that it is not required.

Table 6-4. NDS Errors from the File Server

Bit	Meaning	Remedy
1	Server out of memory	Turn the ETS off, wait a few seconds, and turn it back on. Disable unused protocols and/or remove fileservers without print queues from the NetWare access list.
2, 3	Unexpected response from file server	Report the problem to Lantronix Technical Support.
4	No printers found for the ETS	Ensure that there are printers for the ETS, and the printer names match the service names on the ETS.
5	No printer queue found	Ensure that the printers have associated queues.
6	Login failed	Ensure there is a print server object configured with the same name as the ETS.

Bit	Meaning	Remedy
7	Authentication failed	Ensure the ETS login password is the same as the print server object password. If the ETS is using the default password (access), there should be no print server object password.

7: LAT Configuration

The EZWebCon configuration software is the easiest way to configure the ETS. The following sections cover print configuration methods for LAT hosts.

Note: The ETS needs an IP address before you can use EZWebCon. .

To use LAT you must obtain a LAT license from your dealer or Lantronix and use the Set/Define Protocol LAT License command on your ETS. LAT print queues can be created by printing to a port or printing to a service. Printing directly to a port requires no ETS configuration.

Printing Directly to a Port

1. Create a LAT application port that references the ETS port.

Figure 7-1. Creating LAT Application Port

```
$ RUN SYS$SYSTEM:LATCP
LATCP> CREATE PORT LTAnnn/APPLICATION
LATCP> SET PORT LTAnnn/NODE=ETS_xxxxxx/PORT=Port_n
LATCP> EXIT
```

2. Create and start a print queue that uses the LAT application port.

Figure 7-2. Creating and Starting Print Queue



3. Add the commands to the SYS\$MANAGER:LAT\$STARTUP.COM file so the required LAT devices will be recreated after each host reboot.

Note: LAT terminal device characteristics may have to be changed to correctly print certain files. See your VMS documentation for more information.

4. Print to the queue.

Figure 7-3. Printing to Queue

```
$ PRINT/QUEUE=queue_name filename.txt
```

LAT Host Troubleshooting

By default, the LAT error message codes on the host are not translated into text error messages. If a LAT job fails and appears in the queue with an eight-digit hex result code, the code can be translated by issuing the following commands:

Figure 7-4. Translating LAT Error Codes

\$ SHOW	QUEUE/	'FULL/ALL	queue	name
	-	_		

- (note the error code nnnnnnnn) \$ SET MESSAGE SYS\$MESSAGE:NETWRKMSG.EXE \$ EXIT %Xnnnnnnn

Table 7-1. Troubleshooting LAT Configurations Using a Port

Area to Check	Explanation
The specified node name matches the ETS node name	Use the Show Server command to verify.
The specified port name matches the port's name	Use the List Port 1 command to verify.

Table 7-2.	Troubleshooting	LAT	configurations	Using a	Service
			ooning an action o	eeinig a	00.1100

Area to Check	Explanation
The unit is licensed for LAT	To use LAT you must obtain a LAT license from your dealer or from Lantronix. Then enter the Define Protocol LAT License string command on your ETS.
The specified node name matches the ETS node name	Use the Show Server command.
The service name used matches the configured service name	Use the Show Service Local Characteristics command.
The service is available	Use the Show Service Local Characteristics command from a network login. If the service rating is zero, the serial port is in use.
The LAT characteristic has been enabled on the service	Use the Show Service Local Characteristics command from a network login.
The LAT symbiont is specified as the queue process on the VMS host	Use the VMS command Show Queue/Full queue_name to see the queue characteristics.
For DCPS: there is a bidirectional path to the printer and the printer is locked into PostScript mode	Lock the printer in PostScript mode and issue the Test Service PostScript Count n command. This command sends a job to the printer and waits for the response.

8: AppleTalk Configuration

The EZWebCon configuration software is the easiest way to configure the ETS. The following sections cover print configuration methods for AppleTalk hosts.

Note: The ETS needs an IP address before you can use EZWebCon.

Note: Macintoshes that do not support EtherTalk will need either an Ethernet card or a LocalTalk-to-EtherTalk router to use the ETS.

Bitronics

Printing from a Macintosh is only possible with a PostScript printer and bi-directional communication between the ETS and that printer. The ETS supports the Bitronics interface, an extension to the standard Centronics interface. Printers that support Bitronics allow bi-directional communication. To enable Bitronics on an ETS port, use the **Define Port 2 Bitronics Enabled** command.

Note: MacOS 8.1 can also print via LPD. See the Device Server Reference Manual located on the CD-ROM and web site for configuration instructions.

Macintosh Services

Before attempting to print from a Macintosh, ensure that AppleTalk and PostScript are both enabled on at least one service. Once a PostScript AppleTalk service is configured, the service will appear in the Chooser as a LaserWriter in the same zone as the ETS. Select the service in the Chooser and complete the appropriate setup options. Then close the Chooser window and print a test page of text to the Macintosh service.

AppleTalk Zones

If there is a router on the network, the ETS will appear in the default zone specified by the router. To change the default zone use the **Define Protocol AppleTalk Zone** command.

If the ETS is attached to a network without an AppleTalk router, all AppleTalk devices (including the ETS) will appear in the default zone in the Chooser.

Note: If no router is present on the network, the ETS will not accept AppleTalk print jobs for 60 seconds after booting.

AppleTalk Host Troubleshooting

Area to Check	Explanation
The printer is available to be selected in the Chooser	Make sure the printer is in the right zone.
Bidirectional communication	Lock the printer in PostScript mode and issue the Test Service PostScript Count n command. This sends a job to the printer and waits for the response.

Table 8-1. AppleTalk Host Troubleshooting

9: DLC Configuration for LAN Manager

The EZWebCon configuration software is the easiest way to configure the ETS. This chapter explains DLC/Digital Network Port configuration for Windows NT 4.x hosts.

Note: The Server needs an IP address before you can use EZWebCon.

Printing using an LPD client is the preferred method for sending print jobs to the ETS. Windows 95 does not support DLC printing (see *5:Printing on the ETS* for more information).

DLC Configuration

ETS Configuration

To use the DLC protocol, you must have one service with the DLC characteristic enabled.

Note: The DLC characteristic may be associated with only one service on a given ETS.

Figure 9-1. Enabling DLC

Local>> DEFINE SERVICE ETS_XXXXXX DLC ENABLED

Host Configuration

To send print jobs from a Windows NT host to the ETS, add the ETS as a Windows NT printer.

- 1. Double-click the Printers icon in the Control Panel.
- 2. Double-click the Add Printer icon.
- 3. In the window that appears, select My Computer and click Next.
- 4. Select the Add Port button.
- 5. Select Hewlett-Packard Network Port and click New Port.
- 6. If Hewlett-Packard port is not one of the available options, you must install DLC printing from your Windows NT system disks. DLC is not installed by default.
- 7. Enter the ETS hardware address. It is printed on the ETS bottom label.
- 8. Select Job-based.
- 9. Select the manufacturer and printer type.
- 10. Enter the queue name.
- 11. If applicable, choose Shared and select the operating system the printer will be working with. (First confirm that the print queue is working.)
- 12. Test the printer.

A: Contact Information

If you are experiencing an error that is not described in this book, or if you are unable to fix the error, you may:

- To check our online knowledge base or send a question to Technical Support, go to <u>http://www.lantronix.com/support</u>.
- Email us at <u>support@lantronix.com.</u>
- Call us at: (800) 422-7044 Domestic (949) 453-7198 International (949) 450-7226 Fax

Our phone lines are open from 6:00AM - 5:30 PM Pacific Time Monday through Friday excluding holidays.

Technical Support Europe, Middle East, and Africa Phone: +49 (0) 89 31787 817

Email: eu techsupp@lantronix.com or eu support@lantronix.com

Firmware downloads, FAQs, and the most up-to-date documentation are available at: <u>www.lantronix.com/support</u>

When you report a problem, please provide the following information:

- Your name, and your company name, address, and phone number
- Lantronix ETS model number
- Lantronix ETS serial number
- Software version (use the **Show Server** command to display)
- Network configuration, including the information from a Netstat command
- Description of the problem
- Debug report (stack dump), if applicable
- Status of the unit when the problem occurred (please try to include information on user and network activity at the time of the problem).

B: Troubleshooting

This appendix discusses how to diagnose and fix errors quickly yourself without having to contact a dealer or Lantronix. It will help to connect a terminal to the serial port while diagnosing an error to view any summary messages that are displayed.

When troubleshooting, always ensure that the physical connections (power cable, network cable, and serial cable) are secure.

Note: Some unexplained errors may be caused by duplicate IP addresses on the network. Make sure that your ETS IP address is unique.

Power-up Troubleshooting

Message	Diagnosis/Remedy
Power-up diagnostic failure (hardware failure)	Note which LED is blinking and its color, then contact your dealer or Lantronix Technical Support.
Network Error: The ACT LED will blink yellow 2-3	A. Make sure the Ethernet network cable is properly connected and reboot the ETS.
times per second	B. If option A fails to resolve the problem, reload Flash ROM. Refer to <i>D:Updating Software</i> .

Table B-1. Error Messages

Problem situations and error messages are listed in Table B-2. If you cannot find an explanation for your problem, try to match it to one of the other errors.

Problem/Message	Error	Remedy
The ETS is connected to a power source, but there is no LED activity.	The unit or its power supply is damaged.	Contact your dealer or Lantronix Technical Support for a replacement.
The ETS is unable to complete power-up diagnostics.	This generally indicates a hardware fault. One of the LEDs will be solid red for three seconds, followed by one second of another color.	Note the blinking LED and its color, then contact your dealer or Lantronix Technical Support. The ETS will not be operational until the fault is fixed.
The ETS completes its power-up and boot procedures, but there's no noticeable serial activity.	There is a problem with the serial connection or the set- up of the serial device.	Check the terminal setup and the physical connections, including the cable pinouts (see C:Pinouts). Try another serial device or cable, or cycle power on the ETS.

Table B-2. Error Messages

Problem/Message	Error	Remedy
	A rapidly-blinking OK LED may signal boot failure.	Reboot the unit. When the ETS is running normally, the OK LED blinks every two seconds.
The terminal shows a Boot> prompt rather than a Local> prompt.	The ETS is not connected properly to the Ethernet.	Ensure that the ETS is firmly connected to a functional and properly-terminated network node.
	The ETS Ethernet address is invalid.	The ETS Ethernet address is located on the bottom of the unit. Use the Set Hardware command to set the correct address, then reboot. See <i>Entering Commands at</i> <i>the Boot Prompt</i> on page 50.
	Init Noboot command was entered.	See Entering Commands at the Boot Prompt on page 50.
The ETS passes power- up diagnostics, but attempts to download new Flash ROM code from a network host.	If the OK LED blinks rapidly, the Flash ROM code may be corrupt.	Reboot the unit. If you get the same message, you will need to reload Flash ROM. Refer to <i>D:Updating Software</i> .
	If you did not request a TFTP boot, the flash ROM code is corrupt. The unit will remain in boot mode.	

DHCP Troubleshooting

Table B-3. DHCP Troubleshooting

Area to Check	Diagnosis/Remedy
DHCP is enabled on the ETS	Use the Set Server DHCP Enabled command. If you manually enter an IP address, DHCP is automatically disabled.
Make sure the DHCP server is operational.	Check to see that the DHCP server is on and is functioning correctly.
The ETS gets its IP address from the DHCP server	Refer to the DHCP Manager on your DHCP server for information about addresses in use. If the DHCP server doesn't list your ETS IP address, there may be a problem.

BOOTP Troubleshooting

If the BOOTP request is failing and you have configured your host to respond to the request, check these areas:

Area to Check	Explanation
BOOTP is in your system's /etc/services file	BOOTP must be an uncommented line in /etc/services.

Table B-4. BOOTP Troubleshooting

Area to Check	Explanation
The ETS is in the loadhost's /etc/hosts file	The ETS must be in this file for the host to answer a BOOTP or TFTP request.
The download file is in the correct directory and is world-readable	The download file must be in the correct directory and world-readable. Specify the complete pathname for the download file in the BOOTP configuration file, or add a default pathname to the download filename.
The ETS and host are in the same IP network	Some hosts will not allow BOOTP replies across IP networks. Either use a host running a different operating system or put the ETS in the same IP network as the host.

RARP Troubleshooting

Area to Check	Explanation
The ETS name and hardware address in the host's /etc/ethers file	The ETS name and hardware address must be in this file for the host to answer a RARP request.
The ETS name and IP address in the /etc/hosts file	The ETS name and IP address must be in this file for the host to answer a RARP request.
The operating system	Many operating systems do not start a RARP server at boot time. Check the host's RARPD documentation for details, or use the ps command to see if there is a RARPD process running.

Table B-5. RARP Troubleshooting

Entering Commands at the Boot Prompt

If the **Boot>** prompt appears on the serial console instead of the **Local>** prompt, one of two things may be wrong. Either the ETS does not have enough information to boot, or the network or flash boot has failed. If pressing the **Return** key does not display a prompt, press any other key. The **Boot>** prompt should appear.

If the ETS does not have enough information to boot, or the network or flash boot has failed, it will print a message to the console and wait ten seconds for serial port activity. If it detects no serial port activity, it will continue booting provided the flash is good. However, if the user presses a key during that time period, the ETS will display the **Boot>** prompt.

Note: If you see the message "Will attempt another download in x minutes," press any key for the **Boot>** prompt.

A series of commands called Boot Configuration Program (BCP) commands can be entered at the **Boot>** prompt to configure the ETS. These commands are a subset of the entire ETS command set. For example, a typical TCP/IP configuration might use the following commands:

Figure B-1. BCP Command Examples

Boot> SET IPADDRESS 192.0.1.229			
Boot> SET SOFTWARE /tftpboot/ETS*.SYS			
Boot> SET LOADHOST 192.0.1.188			
Boot> SET SECONDARY 192.0.1.22			
Boot> FLASH			
<pre>% Initialization begins in 5 seconds</pre>			

These commands set the Server's address, the software loadfile, and the loadhost's IP address (as well as that of a backup loadhost). The server then reboots using the Flash command and will attempt to load the file ETS*.SYS from the host at 192.0.1.188.

Flush NVR	This command is used to restore the ETS' non-volatile RAM to its factory default settings. It will reset everything that is configurable on the server, including the unit's IP address.
Flash	This command will force the ETS to download new operational code and reload it into Flash ROM. This is necessary when a new version of software is released and you wish to upgrade your unit. If the server cannot download the file, the code in Flash ROM will still be usable.
Help	Displays a one-page summary of available commands and what they do.
Init 451	Reboots the ETS after it has been configured. If the ETS can find and load the specified software loadfile, it will restart itself with full functionality. If the loadfile is not found, the server will attempt to reload continuously. If there is an error, or if the console's Return key is pressed, the ETS will re-enter the Boot Configuration Program.
SET BOOTP {Enabled, Disabled}	Enables or disables the sending of BOOTP queries during the boot sequence. It is enabled by default.
SET DHCP {Enabled, Disabled}	Enables or disables the sending of DHCP queries during the boot sequence. It is enabled by default.
SET Hardware xx-xx-xx	Specifies the last three numbers of the server's Ethernet address. The first three numbers will be supplied automatically.
	The Ethernet address should have been set at the factory. Setting an incorrect address could cause serious network problems.
SET IPAddress ip_address	Specifies this server's IP address. Uses the standard numeric format.
SET Loadhost ip_address	Specifies the host to attempt to load the file from. The IP address should be in standard numeric format (no text names are allowed).

SET RARP {Enabled, Disabled}	Enables or disables the sending of RARP queries during the boot sequence. It is enabled by default.
SET Secondary ip_address	Specifies a backup loadhost. The IP address should be in standard numeric format (no text names are allowed). The backup loadhost will be queried if the primary host cannot load the server.
SET Software filename	Specifies the name of the file to load. The ETS will automatically add .SYS to the filename you specify. Note that all protocols must have a filename specified (either the default or set by the user). For more information, see <i>D:Updating Software</i> .
	TCP/IP users must use the Software option to specify the loadhost, the loadfile, and their own network address.
	TFTP users can specify a complete path name (up to 31 characters) if the file is located in a directory other than the default. The case of the filename must match that of the filename loaded onto the host computer.
Show Server	Use this command when issuing other commands to view the current ETS setup.

C: Pinouts

Ethernet Connector

Figure C-1. RJ45 Ethernet Connector



RJ45 Serial Connectors

ETS servers are RS-423 compliant, and are thus limited by the equipment at the remote end of the serial line. If the port is connected to an RS-232 device, it is subject to RS-232 limits: 15m (50 ft.) in length at 9600 baud, and to 2m (6 ft.) at 115.2K baud, although longer lengths will generally work.





RJ45 to DB25

If you are connecting an RJ45 port to a DTE device (such as a terminal) that has a DB25 connector, you will need to use an RJ45-DTE DB25 adapter. To connect an RJ45 port to a DB25 connector on a DCE device, you will need an RJ45-DCE DB25 adapter. The pinout information for both connections is shown in Figure C-3.

Note: For a full list of adapters, see <u>http://pscprod.lantronix.com/paal/paalInterfaceLookup.jsp</u> .



Figure C-3. Pinouts of RJ45-DB25 Connections

The arrows in Figure C-3 represent the direction of the signal. The pinouts assume that the 8-conductor cable connecting the ETS and the adapter block is a swapped/ rolled serial cable. Both the transmit and receive ground signals on the ETS connector are wired to the signal ground on a DB25 adapter.



Figure C-4. RJ45 to DCE DB25 Adapter

You can use a crimper block to connect both transmit and receive grounds from the RJ45 cable to the single signal ground on the DB25. The connector internally "splices" the two wires together and provides one wire into the DB25 connector as shown below.

Figure C-5. Wire Splicer



To splice the wires, cut off the end of the wire that does not extend through the connector and insert both wires into the connector. Make sure that the wire that does not extend through the connector is in as far as possible to ensure a solid connection. Make sure that the wire that does extend through the connector extends far enough on the other side to be inserted in to the DB25 connector. Carefully squeeze the connector using a pair of pliers to make sure it is fully latched.





Figure C-6. RJ45-DTE DB9 Adapter

The arrows in Figure C-6 represent the direction of the signal. The pinouts assume that the 8-conductor cable connecting the ETS and the adapter block is a swapped\rolled serial cable. Both the transmit and receive ground signals on the ETS connector are wired to the signal ground on a DB9 adapter.

The information about crimping the RJ45 ground wires in *RJ45 to DB25* applies to the DB9 connector as well.

D: Updating Software

Choosing the Right Software File

Lantronix intends to provide multiple software files for the ETS models. Each software file will contain the core ETS operating code for that particular model.

Software File Name	Models Supported
ETS.SYS	Old, do not use this file
ETSP.SYS	ETS8P, ETS16PS
ETS16PR.SYS	ETS16PR
ETS32PR.SYS	ETS32PR

Table D-1. Available ETS Software

Obtaining Software

Current software files (ETS*.SYS) are available on the distribution CD. You can obtain software updates and release notes for the ETS from the Lantronix World Wide Web site (www.lantronix.com), or by using anonymous FTP through the Internet (ftp.lantronix.com).

Via the Web

The latest version of ETS*.SYS can be downloaded from the Lantronix Web site: <u>http://lantronix.com/support/download/index.html</u>.

Note: As a result of Netscape Navigator's configuration, it may try to open the file as an ASCII text file. To avoid this, hold down the shift key when choosing the software file.

Via FTP

The ETS software resides on the Lantronix FTP server (ftp.lantronix.com). Most of these files are binary data, so the binary option must be used to transfer the files. All released files are in the pub directory. Always download the README file in the pub directory before downloading anything else; it contains a list of available software files.

To log into the FTP server, enter a username of anonymous and enter your full email address as the password. The following text will be displayed:

Figure D-1. Sample FTP Login

```
230-Welcome to the Lantronix FTP Server.

230-

230-IMPORTANT: Please get the README file before

proceeding.

230-IMPORTANT: Set BINARY mode before

transferring executables.

220-

230-Direct questions to support@lantronix.com or

800-422-7044 (US)

230-

230 Guest login ok, access restrictions apply.

Remote system type is [your type will be

displayed here].

ftp>
```

Reloading Software

The ETS stores software in Flash ROM to control the initialization process, operation, and command processing. The contents of Flash ROM can be updated by downloading a new version of the operational software via NetWare, TCP/IP, or MOP. Regardless of which protocol is used to update Flash ROM, the following points are important:

- The Flash ROM software file name, **ETS*.SYS**, should not be changed.
- The download file should be world-readable on the host.
- There is a sixteen character length limit for the path name.
- There is a twelve character limit for the filename.
- Define commands must be used because Set configurations are cleared when the ETS boots. Use the List Server Boot command to check settings before rebooting.

Note: It is important to check ETS settings before using the **Initialize Reload** command to ensure that you are reloading the correct software file.

Reloading Sequence

If DHCP, BOOTP, or RARP is enabled on the ETS, the ETS will request assistance from a DHCP, BOOTP, or RARP server before starting the download attempts. The ETS will then try TFTP, NetWare, and MOP booting (in that order) provided that it has enough information to try each download method.

Downloading and rewriting the Flash ROM will take approximately two minutes from the time the **Initialize** command is issued. If the download file cannot be found or accessed, the ETS can be rebooted with the code still in Flash ROM. The OK/ACT LED will blink quickly while the ETS is booting (and reloading code) and then slowly when it returns to normal operation.

Note: If you experience problems reloading Flash ROM, refer to *Troubleshooting Flash ROM Updates on page 59.*

TCP/IP

Before the ETS downloads the new software, it will send DHCP, BOOTP, and/or RARP queries (all are enabled by default). Next, the ETS will attempt to download the ETS*.SYS file using TFTP (Trivial File Transfer Protocol).

Note: EZWebCon can also be used to reload software.

If a host provides DHCP, BOOTP, or RARP support, it can be used to set the ETS IP address (all methods) and loadhost information (BOOTP and RARP only).

Some BOOTP and TFTP implementations require a specific directory for the ETS*.SYS file. See your host's documentation for instructions.

To manually configure the ETS IP parameters for software reload, use the following commands.

Figure D-2. Configuring TCP/IP Reload

```
Local> SET PRIVILEGED
Password> SYSTEM (not echoed)
Local>> DEFINE SERVER IPADDRESS nnn.nnn.nnn
Local>> DEFINE SERVER SOFTWARE
"/tftpboot/ETS*.SYS"
Local>> DEFINE SERVER LOADHOST nnn.nnn.nnn
Local>> LIST SERVER BOOT
Local>> INITIALIZE RELOAD
```

Note: For instructions on how to log into the ETS to enter these commands, see the Getting Started chapter.

The path and filename are case-sensitive and must be enclosed in quotation marks. When attempting to boot across an IP router, you must configure the router to proxy-ARP for the ETS, or use the bootgateway feature. For more information, see **Set/Define Bootgateway** in the Commands chapter of the Device Server Reference Manual located on the CD-ROM.

NetWare

The ETS*.SYS file should be placed in the login directory on the NetWare file server. The ETS cannot actually log into the file server (since it knows no username/password); it can only access files in the login directory itself. On the ETS, specify the file server name, filename, and path.

Figure D-3. Configuring NetWare Reload

```
Local> SET PRIVILEGED
Password> SYSTEM (not echoed)
Local>> DEFINE SERVER NETWARE LOADHOST
fileserver
Local>> DEFINE SERVER SOFTWARE
SYS:\LOGIN\ETS*.SYS
Local>> INITIALIZE RELOAD
```

MOP

The ETS*.SYS filename is the only parameter that the ETS needs to reload via MOP. Make sure the service characteristic is enabled on the host's Ethernet circuit, copy the ETS*.SYS file to the MOM\$LOAD directory, and reload the ETS using the Initialize Reload command. Be sure to use binary mode for the file transfer.

Troubleshooting Flash ROM Updates

Many of the problems that occur when updating the Flash ROM can be solved by completing the following steps:

Area to Check	Explanation
NetWare	Ensure the file is in the login directory. Since the ETS cannot actually log into the file server, it has very limited access to the server directories.
TFTP	Check the file and directory permissions.
	Ensure the loadhost name and address are specified correctly and that their case matches that of the filenames on the host system.
	Ensure the file and pathnames are enclosed in quotes to preserve case.
	Ensure that TFTP is enabled on the host; several major UNIX vendors ship their systems with TFTP disabled by default.
MOP	The Ethernet circuit must have the service characteristic enabled.
	Ensure that the MOM\$LOAD search path includes the directory containing the ETS*.SYS file.

Table D-2. Flash ROM Troubleshooting

E: Specifications

Power Information

Power Requirements	
Voltage:	95 - 250 Volts AC, 3-wire single phase, auto-ranging
Frequency:	47-63 Hz
Operating Current:	300 mA @ 120 V
Power Consumption:	40 Watts (maximum)
Fuse Rating:	1.6A, 250 Volts
Power Supply Cord	
Cord type:	3 conductors, 1.0 mm2 minimum conductor size (approximately 18 AWG)
Rated for:	250 Volts AC, 10 Amps
Length:	3.0 meters

Environmental Limitations

Temperature

Operating range:	5° to 50° C (41° to 122° F)
Storage range:	-40° to 66° C (-40° to 151° F)
Max temp. change/hr:	20° C (36° F)

Rapid temperature changes may affect operation. Therefore, do not operate the ETS near heating or cooling devices, large windows, or doors that open to the outdoors.

Altitude

Operating maximum:	2.4 km (8,000 ft)
Storage maximum:	9.1 km (30,000 ft)

If operating the ETS above 2.4 km (8000 ft.), decrease the operating temperature rating by 1° F for each 1000 ft.

Relative Humidity

Operating range:	10% to 90% noncondensing, 40% to 60% recommended
Storage range:	10% to 90% noncondensing

F: Frequently-Used Commands

This appendix lists some of the most frequently-used commands of the Multiport Device Server command set. More information about the command set, including additional options, can be found in the Device Server Reference Manual located on the CD-ROM and available for download from http://lantronix.com/support/download/index.html.

Conventions

Please note the following before continuing:

- Commands are divided into Server (general), Port, and Protocol sections. Within each section, commands are listed alphabetically.
- Commands may require privileged user status. Enter Set Privileged, then enter the privileged password when prompted.
- When you enter a Define (or Purge) command, you must reboot the ETS for the command to take effect. Alternately, you can issue several Set commands and then a Save command to make the Set commands take effect without rebooting.
- When the abbreviated syntax "{EN/DIS}" is shown, you must choose either Enabled or Disabled to complete the command.
- When 2 is shown as the port number, enter a single port number, a list of port numbers separated by commas, a range of port numbers separated by dashes, or the word all.

Server Commands

Command	Option(s)	Description	
CONNECT option servicename		Makes a connection to a LAT service.	
	LOCAL num	Makes a connection to the specified local port.	
	RLOGIN host	Makes an Rlogin connection to the specified host (text name or numeric IP address).	
	TCP host	Makes a raw TCP connection to the specified host (text name or numeric IP address).	
	TELNET host	Makes a Telnet connection to the specified host (text name or numeric IP address).	
DEFINE SERVER BOOTP {EN/DIS}		Enables or disables querying for a BOOTP host at system boot time.	
DEFINE SERVER DHCP {EN/DIS}		Enables or disables querying for a DHCP host at system boot time.	

Table F-1	Frequent	hazu-v	Server	Commands
Table F-1.	Frequent	y-useu	Server	Commanus

Command	Option(s)	Description	
DEFINE SERVER GATEWAY ipaddr		Specifies the host to be used as a TCP/IP	
		gateway to forward packets between networks. Enter an IP address.	
DEFINE SERVER	BOTH	Enables incoming LAT and Telnet connections.	
INCOMING option	LAT	Enables only incoming LAT connections.	
	NONE	Disables incoming connections.	
	TELNET	Enables only incoming Telnet connections.	
	PASSWORD	Causes the ETS to prompt for a password for all incoming connections.	
	NOPASSWORD	Allows connections to be established without prompting for a password.	
DEFINE SERVER IP	ADDRESS ipaddr	Sets the ETS' network IP address.	
DEFINE SERVER LO	DADHOST ipaddr	Specifies the TCP/IP host from which the ETS requests its run-time code.	
DEFINE SERVER LOGIN PASSWORD		Sets a new password that will be required before incoming logins are accepted. You will be prompted for the new password (up to 6 alphanumeric characters, case-insensitive).	
DEFINE SERVER NAME "newname"		Specifies a new name for the ETS. Names are restricted in length; generally a name of 11 or fewer characters is permissible. Enclose value in quotes to maintain case sensitivity.	
DEFINE SERVER NETWARE LOADHOST server		Specifies the NetWare host from which the ETS requests its run-time code. Enter a file server name of up to 11 characters.	
DEFINE SERVER PRIVILEGED PASSWORD		Sets a new password that will be required for privileged user status. You will be prompted for the new password (up to 6 alphanumeric characters, case-insensitive).	
DEFINE SERVER RARP {EN/DIS}		Enables or disables querying for a RARP host at system boot time.	
DEFINE SERVER SOFTWARE "filename"		Specifies the name or path (TCP) of the software download file. The filename can be up to 11 characters, and the pathname can be up to 26. The ETS will add a ".SYS" extension.	
DEFINE SERVER SUBNET MASK ipmask		Specifies the subnet mask to be used for the ETS. The ipmask must be in n.n.n.n format.	
HELP option	<nothing></nothing>	Displays a list of top-level (general) Help topics.	
	<keyword></keyword>	Displays information about the keyword(s) entered. Multiple keywords must be specified in the order they occur in a command.	
DEFINE SERVICE "name" PORT num		Creates a new service and associates it with the specified port.	
DEFINE SERVICE "name" option	APPLETALK {EN/DIS}	Toggles whether the named service can be used to service networks running the specified	
	LANMAN {EN/DIS}	protocol. RIEL applies to ICP/IP networks.	
	LAT {EN/DIS}		
	NETWARE {EN/DIS}		

Command	Option(s)	Description	
	RTEL {EN/DIS}		
DEFINE SERVICE "name" option	DLC {EN/DIS}	Specifies which service will handle print requests from DLC hosts. DLC can be enabled on one service per ETS.	
	BANNER {EN/DIS}	When Enabled, causes the ETS to print a banner page before jobs.	
	BINARY {EN/DIS}	When Enabled, the ETS will not process data passed through the service. This characteristic should be enabled when printing PCL data.	
	EOJ string	Causes the ETS to send an end-of-job string to the attached device after every job. Enter an end string or the word none.	
	FORMFEED {EN/DIS}	When Enabled, causes the ETS to append a formfeed to the end of LPR print jobs.	
	POSTSCRIPT {EN/DIS}	When Enabled, causes the ETS to assume the attached device is a PostScript device and act accordingly.	
	PSCONVERT {EN/DIS}	When Enabled, causes the ETS to place a PostScript wrapper around each job.	
	SOJ string	Causes the ETS to send a start-of-job string to the attached device before every job. Enter a start string or the word none.	
DEFINE SERVICE "name" option	TCPPORT string	Specifies a raw TCP listener socket for the service. Enter a socket number (4000 to 4999) or the word none.	
	TELNETPORT string	Specifies a TCP listener socket for the service. Unlike TCPport, this option performs Telnet IAC interpretation on the data stream. Enter a socket number (4000 to 4999) or the word none.	
INITIALIZE option	DELAY num	Schedules a reboot after num minutes. Enter a value from 0 to 120.	
	CANCEL	Cancels an impending initialization.	
	FACTORY	Reboots the ETS to its factory default settings.	
	NOBOOT	Forces the ETS to stop in Boot Configuration Mode rather than fully rebooting.	
	RELOAD	Forces the ETS to download new operational code and reprogram its flash-ROM.	
LOGOUT option	<nothing></nothing>	Logs out the current port (the port that issued the command).	
	PORT num	Logs out the specified port.	
PURGE SERVICE	LOCAL	Removes the definitions of all local services.	
option	"service"	Removes the definition of the specified service.	
SET PRIVILEGED		Enters privileged mode, provided the user enters the proper privileged password when prompted.	
{SHOW/MONITOR}	QUEUE	Displays the status of ETS queues once (Show) or continually every three seconds (Monitor).	
{SHOW/MONITOR} SERVER	<nothing></nothing>	Displays ETS information once (Show) or continually every three seconds (Monitor).	

Command	Option(s)	Description
	COUNTERS	Displays characteristics related to the various counters kept by the ETS.
{SHOW/MONITOR} SERVICE option	<nothing></nothing>	Displays characteristics about all configured services once (Show) or continually every three seconds (Monitor).
	"service"	Displays only characteristics related to the named service.
ZERO COUNTERS option	ALL	Zeroes all port, node, and server counters.
	PORT num	Zeroes port counters for the specified port.

Port Commands

In the following commands, "2" can be a single port number, a list of port numbers separated by commas, a range of port numbers separated by dashes, or the word all.

Command	Option(s)	Description	
DEFINE PORT 2 ACCESS option	DYNAMIC	The port can initiate and receive connection requests.	
	LOCAL	The port can initiate connection requests, and local logins are permitted.	
	NONE	The port is unusable.	
	REMOTE	The port can receive host-initiated connection requests.	
DEFINE PORT 2 CHARACTER size		Toggles the port between 7-bit and 8-bit characters (the default). Enter either 7 or 8.	
DEFINE PORT 2 DSRLOGOUT {EN/DIS}		When Enabled, the port will be logged out automatically whenever DSR is de-asserted.	
DEFINE PORT 2 DTRWAIT {EN/DIS}		When Enabled, the ETS will not assert DTR on the port when it is idle (no user logins or connections).	
DEFINE PORT 2	CTS	Specifies CTS/RTS (hardware) flow control.	
FLOW option	{EN/DIS}	Activates or deactivates the currently-configured flow-control method.	
	NONE	Removes the current flow control settings.	
	XON	Specifies XON/XOFF (software) flow control.	
DEFINE PORT 2 NAME "newname"		Enter a name of up to 16 alphanumeric characters for the specified port.	
DEFINE PORT 2 PARITY option	parity	Enter even, odd, mark, or space. Specifying mark or space will change the character size to 7 bits.	
	NONE	Specifies that no parity will be used (the default).	
DEFINE PORT 2 SPEED baudnum		Sets the port's baud rate. Acceptable baudnum values range from 300 to 230000 baud.	

 Table F-2. Frequently-used Port Commands

Command	Option(s)	Description
{SHOW/MONITOR} PORT 2		Displays the port's configuration characteristics once (Show) or continually every three seconds (Monitor). Counters and Status keywords can be added.
TEST PORT 2 option	COUNT rows WIDTH cols	Sends an ASCII data stream to the port for the specified number of rows and/or columns.
	POSTSCRIPT	Sends a PostScript test page to the port.

Protocol Commands

In the following table, PROTO is an abbreviation for the optional keyword PROTOCOL.

Command	Option(s)	Description	
DEFINE PROTO APPLETALK option	{EN/DIS}	Enables or Disables the AppleTalk protocol for the ETS.	
	ZONE newzone	Places the ETS in a zone other than the default.	
DEFINE PROTO IP option	{EN/DIS}	Enables or Disables the TCP/IP protocol for the ETS.	
	GATEWAY ipaddr	See DEFINE SERVER GATEWAY ipaddr.	
	IPADDRESS ipaddr	See DEFINE SERVER IPADDRESS ipaddr.	
	LOADHOST ipaddr	See DEFINE SERVER LOADHOST ipaddr.	
	NAMESERVER ipaddr	Specifies the IP address of the host that will resolve text host names into their numeric equivalents for TCP/IP connection attempts.	
DEFINE PROTO LANMAN option	{EN/DIS}	Enables or Disables the LAN Manager protocol for the ETS.	
DEFINE PROTO LAT option	{EN/DIS}	Enables or Disables the LAT protocol for the ETS.	
	LICENSE string	Enables LAT on multi-port ETS device servers. Enter the license string obtained from Lantronix.	
DEFINE PROTO NETWARE option	{EN/DIS}	Enables or Disables the NetWare (IPX) protocol for the ETS.	
	DSCONTEXT string	Configures the NetWare Directory Services context in which the ETS is located. For more information about NDS contexts, see your NDS documentation.	
	DSLICENSE string	Configures the NetWare Directory Services license needed to enable NDS on your ETS. Enter the license string obtained from Lantronix.	
	DSTREE string	Configures the NetWare Directory Services tree in which the ETS is located. For more information about NDS trees, see your NDS documentation.	
DEFINE PROTO	NATIVE	Configures the ETS to use the "native mode" frame format.	

Table	F-3.	Frequently-used	Protocol	Commands
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Command	Option(s)	Description
NETWARE ENCAPSULATION option {EN/DIS}	ETHER_II	Configures the ETS to use Ethernet v2 frame format.
	802_2	Configures the ETS to use 802.2 frame format with NetWare SAPs.
	SNAP	Configures the ETS to use 802.2 frame format with SNAP SAPs.
DEFINE PROTO NETWARE LOADHOST server		See DEFINE SERVER NETWARE LOADHOST server.
PURGE IPSECURITY option	ALL	Removes the entire IP security table.
	ipaddress	Removes entries from the IP security table that are related to the specified IP address.
PURGE PROTO NETWARE ACCESS option	ALL	Removes all entries from the NetWare access list.
	server	Removes entries from the NetWare access list that are related to the specified file server.
{SHOW/MONITOR} PROTO protocolname		Displays operating characteristics of the specified protocol.

G: Compliance and Warranty Information

Declaration of Conformity

(according to ISO/IEC Guide 22 and EN 45014)		
Manufacturer's Name & Address:	Lantronix 15353 Barranca Parkway, Irvine, CA 92618 USA	
Declares	that the product.	
Product Name:	Terminal Server	
Model Name/Number:	ETS8PS ETS16PS ETS16PR ETS32PR	
Conforms to the following standards or other normative documents:		
Safety:	EN 60950:1988 + A1, A2	
Electromagnetic Emissions:	EN55022: 1998 (CISPR 22, Class A: 1993, A1 1995, A2: 1996) IEC 1000-3-2/A14: 2000 IEC 1000-3-3: 1994	
Electromagnetic Immunity:	EN55024: 1998 Information Technology Equipment Immunity Characteristics IEC 6100-4-2: 1995 Electro-Static Discharge Test IEC 6100-4-3: 1996 Radiated Immunity Field Test IEC 6100-4-4: 1995 Electrical Fast Transient Test IEC 6100-4-5: 1995 Power Supply Surge Test IEC 6100-4-6: 1996 Conducted Immunity Test IEC 6100-4-8: 1993 Magnetic Field Test IEC 6100-4-11: 1994 Voltage Dips & Interrupts Test (L.V.D. Directive 73/23/EEC)	
Supplementary Information:	The product complies with the requirements of the Low Voltage Directive 72/23/EEC and the EMC Directive 89/336/EEC.	
Manufacturer's Contact:	Director of Quality Assurance, Lantronix 15353 Barranca Parkway, Irvine, CA 92618 USA Tel: 949-453-3990 Fax: 949-453-3995	

Warranty

Lantronix warrants each Lantronix product to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of ONE YEAR. During this period, if a customer is unable to resolve a product problem with Lantronix Technical Support, a Return Material Authorization (RMA) will be issued. Following receipt of a RMA number, the customer shall return the product to Lantronix, freight prepaid. Upon verification of warranty, Lantronix will -- at its option -- repair or replace the product and return it to the customer freight prepaid. If the product is not under warranty, the customer may have Lantronix repair the unit on a fee basis or return it. No services are handled at the customer's site under this warranty. This warranty is voided if the customer uses the product in an unauthorized or improper way, or in an environment for which it was not designed.

Lantronix warrants the media containing its software product to be free from defects and warrants that the software will operate substantially according to Lantronix specifications for a period of 60 DAYS after the date of shipment. The customer will ship defective media to Lantronix. Lantronix will ship the replacement media to the customer.

In no event will Lantronix be responsible to the user in contract, in tort (including negligence), strict liability or otherwise for any special, indirect, incidental or consequential damage or loss of equipment, plant or power system, cost of capital, loss of profits or revenues, cost of replacement power, additional expenses in the use of existing software, hardware, equipment or facilities, or claims against the user by its employees or customers resulting from the use of the information, recommendations, descriptions and safety notations supplied by Lantronix. Lantronix liability is limited (at its election) to:

- Refund of buyer's purchase price for such affected products (without interest).
- Repair or replacement of such products, provided that the buyer follows the above procedures.

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